DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [NMNM 91985, NMNM 91986]

Notice of Proposed Withdrawal and Opportunity for Public Meeting; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, has filed applications to withdraw approximately 240.00 acres of National Forest System lands to protect the area and future investment of existing microwave electronic sites. This notice closes the National Forest System lands for up to 2 years from location and entry under the United States mining laws. The lands will remain open to mineral leasing and to all other uses which may be made of National Forest System lands.

DATES: Comments must be received by August 21, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Cibola National Forest, 2113 Osuna Road, NE, Suite A, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87113–1001. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sue McHenry, Cibola National Forest, 505-346 - 2650.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 26 and 27, 2001, the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, filed applications to withdraw the following described National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights:

1. NMNM 91985, (Gallinas Peak **Electronic Site)**

New Mexico Principal Meridian

Cibola National Forest T. 1 S., R. 11 E., Sec. 4, S¹/₂SW¹/₄NW¹/₄SE¹/₄, N1/2SW1/4SE1/4, S1/2NE1/4SE1/4SE1/4, and W1/2SE1/4SE1/4; Sec. 9, NW¹/₄NE¹/₄NE¹/₄.

The area described contains 60.00 acres in Lincoln County.

2. NMNM 91986 (West Turkey Cone **Electric Site)**

New Mexico Principal Meridian

and N1/2NW1/4SE1/4SE1/4.

T. 1 S., R. 11 E., Sec. 4, S¹/₂S¹/₂NE¹/₄SW¹/₄, N¹/₂SW¹/₄SW¹/₄, N1/2S1/2SW1/4SW1/4, and W¹/₂NW¹/₄SE¹/₄SW¹/₄; Sec. 5, S¹/₂S¹/₂NE¹/₄SE¹/₄, E¹/₂SE¹/₄SE¹/₄,

The area described contains 80.00 acres in Lincoln County.

For a period of 90 days from the date of publication of this notice, all persons who wish to submit comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the proposed withdrawal may present their views in writing to the Cibola National Forest Supervisor at the above address.

Notice is hereby given that an opportunity for a public meeting is afforded in connection with the proposed withdrawal. All interested persons who desire a public meeting for the purpose of being heard on the proposed withdrawal must submit a written request to the Cibola National Forest Supervisor, at the above address, within 90 days from the date of publication of this notice. Upon determination by the authorized officer that a public meeting will be held, a notice of the time and place will be published in the Federal Register at least 30 days before the scheduled date of the meeting.

The applications will be processed in accordance with the regulations set forth in 43 CFR 2300.

For a period of 2 years from the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register, the lands will be segregated as specified above unless the applications are denied or canceled or the withdrawals are approved prior to that date. The temporary uses which will be permitted during this segregative period are land uses permitted by the Forest Service under existing laws and regulations including, but not limited to, construction and operation of the electronic sites.

Dated: November 16, 2001.

Edwin L. Roberson,

Field Manager.

[FR Doc. 02-12916 Filed 5-22-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410-11-P

UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Inv. No. 337-TA-457]

Certain Polyethylene Terephthalate Yarn and Products Containing Same; **Notice of Commission Determination** to Reverse the Decision of the **Presiding Administrative Law Judge** on the Issue of Indefiniteness; Termination of the Investigation With a **Finding of No Violation**

AGENCY: International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined to reverse the decision of the presiding administrative law judge (ALJ) contained in ALJ Order No. 61, which issued on February 4, 2002, that the patent claims at issue of were not shown to be invalid as indefinite under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, by clear and convincing evidence. The Commission has previously determined not to review an initial determination (ID), contained in Order No. 61, that found that the patent claims at issue were not infringed. 67 FR 14975 (March 26, 2002). The investigation has been terminated with a finding of no violation of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jean Jackson, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202-205-3104. Copies of the public version of Order No. 61 and all other nonconfidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202-205-2000. Hearingimpaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TTD terminal on 202-205-1810. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS-ON-LINE) at http://dockets.usitc.gov/ eol/public. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 17, 2001, the Commission instituted this patent-based investigation, which concerns allegations of unfair acts in violation of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 in the importation and sale of certain polyethylene terephthalate varn and products containing same that allegedly infringed certain claims of U.S. Letters Patent 5,630,976 ("the "976 patent"). 66 FR 27586. The complainant in this investigation is Honeywell International Inc. of Morristown, New Jersey. The respondents are Hyosung Corp. of Seoul, Korea and Hyosung America, Inc., a wholly-owned U.S. subsidiary of Hyosung Corp. (collectively, Hyosung).

On December 13, 2001, respondent Hyosung moved for summary determination of patent invalidity and