DC or by fax to (202) 395–6974. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

Exposure to Aerosolized Brevetoxins during Red Tide Events (OMB No. 0920–0494)—Revision—National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Karenia brevis (formerly Gymnodinium breve) is the marine dinoflagellate responsible for extensive blooms (called red tides) that form in the Gulf of Mexico. K. brevis produces potent toxins, called brevetoxins, which have been responsible for killing millions of fish and other marine organisms. The biochemical activity of brevetoxins is not completely understood and there is very little information regarding human health effects from environmental exposures, such as inhaling brevetoxin that has been aerosolized and swept onto the coast by offshore winds. The National

Center for Environmental Health (NCEH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has recruited people who work along the coast of Florida and who are periodically occupationally exposed to aerosolized red tide toxins.

We have administered a baseline respiratory health questionnaire and conducted pre- and post-shift pulmonary function tests during a time when there is no red tide reported near the area. When a red tide developed, we administered a symptom survey and conducted pulmonary function testing (PFT). We compared (1) symptom reports before and during the red tide and (2) the changes in baseline PFT values during the work shift (differences between pre- and post-shift PFT results) without exposure to red tide with the changes in PFT values during the work shift when individuals are exposed to

The exposures experienced by our study cohort have been minimal, and we plan to conduct another study (using the same symptom questionnaires and spirometry tests) during a more severe red tide event.

In addition, we are now planning to quantify the levels of cytokines in nasal exudates to assess whether they can be used to verify exposure and to demonstrate a biological effect (i.e., allergic response) following inhalation of aerosolized brevetoxins. We plan to include not only the study subjects who have been involved in our earlier studies, but also any new individuals who are hired to work at the relevant beaches. As mentioned above, we have collected part data on occupational exposure to red tides. However, because we are dealing with natural phenomena and are subject literally to the tides, and because the scientific questions are evolving as we learn more, we must extend our data collection time for an additional three years. There are no costs to respondents except for their time. The total estimated total burden hours are 195.

ESTIMATE OF ANNUALIZED BURDEN TABLE

Respondents	Number of re- spondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average bur- den per re- sponse
Pulmonary History Questionnaire	5 25	1 6	20/60 20/60
Nasal exudates collection/Nasal wash	25	6	10/60
Symptom Questionnaire	25	6	5/60
Hearing test	25	6	15/60
Beach Survey	5	160	5/60

Dated: September 9, 2005.

Ioan Karr

Acting Reports Clearance Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 05–18407 Filed 9–15–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Disease, Disability, and Injury Prevention and Control Special Emphasis Panel (SEP): Mind/Body Research and Chronic Disease Conditions, Request for Applications Number DP-05-133

Correction: This notice was published in the **Federal Register** on September 8, 2005, Volume 70, Number 173, pages 53375–53376. The time and date of the meeting has been changed.

Time and Date: 2 p.m.–3:30 p.m., September 22, 2005.

Meeting Location: Teleconference.

Contact Person for More Information: J. Felix Rogers, PhD, Scientific Review Administrator, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 4770 Buford Highway, MS– K92, Atlanta, GA 30341, Telephone 404.639.6101.

The Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both CDC and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Dated: September 9, 2005.

Alvin Hall,

Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 05–18404 Filed 9–15–05; 8:45 am]
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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS-10036]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions;