#### Differences From the NPRM

Subsequent to publication of the NPRM the FAA discovered that the geographic coordinates for the Central Wisconsin: RWY 08–LOC were incorrect. "(lat. 44°47′07″ N, long. 89°28′30″ W)" has been corrected to "(lat. 44°47′07″ N, long. 89°38′30″ W)." This correction has been incorporated into this action.

#### The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 amends the Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface at Central Wisconsin Airport, Mosinee, WI, by removing the Wausau VORTAC from the airspace legal description; adds an extension 1 mile each side of the 170° bearing from the Central Wisconsin: RWY 35-LOC extending from the 7-mile radius from the airport to 11.2 miles south of the airport; adds an extension 1 mile each side of the 257° bearing from the Central Wisconsin: RWY 08-LOC extending from the 7-mile radius of the airport to 11.5 miles west of the airport; and removes the extension north of the airport as the amended extension would be contained within the Wausau, WI, Class E airspace so would be redundant.

This action is due to an airspace review conducted as part of the decommissioning of the Wausau VOR, which provided navigation information for the instrument procedures at this airport, as part of the VOR MON Program.

FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

# **Regulatory Notices and Analyses**

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current, is non-controversial and unlikely to result in adverse or negative comments. It, therefore: (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

#### **Environmental Review**

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5–6.5.a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment.

# Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

# PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

# §71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

### AGL WI E5 Mosinee, WI [Amended]

Central Wisconsin Airport, WI (Lat. 44°46′39″ N, long. 89°40′00″ W) Central Wisconsin: RWY 35–LOC (Lat. 44°47′02″ N, long. 89°40′34″ W) Central Wisconsin: RWY 08–LOC (Lat. 44°47′07″ N, long. 89°38′30″ W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 7-mile radius of the Central Wisconsin Airport, and within 1 mile each side of the 170° bearing from the Central Wisconsin: RWY 35–LOC extending from the 7-mile radius of the airport to 11.2 miles south of the airport, and within 1 mile each side of the 257° bearing from the Central Wisconsin: RWY 08–LOC extending from the 7-mile radius of the airport to 11.5 miles west of the airport.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on June 21, 2022.

#### Wayne L. Eckenrode,

Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, ATO Central Service Center. [FR Doc. 2022–13569 Filed 6–27–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2021-1082; Airspace Docket No. 21-ASO-16]

RIN 2120-AA66

# Amendment and Removal of Air Traffic Service (ATS) Routes; Eastern United States

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This action amends jet routes J–22, and J–48; and removing jet routes J–39, J–118, J–145, and J–186 in the eastern United States. This action supports the VHF Omnidirectional Range (VOR) Minimum Operational Network (MON) program to improve the efficiency of the National Airspace System (NAS) and reduce dependency on ground-based navigational systems.

**DATES:** Effective date 0901 UTC, September 8, 2022. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments.

ADDRESSES: FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, and subsequent amendments can be viewed online at https://www.faa.gov/air\_traffic/publications/. For further information, you can contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul Gallant, Rules and Regulations Group, Office of Policy, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Authority for This Rulemaking**

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs,

describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of the airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it would modify the route structure as necessary to preserve the safe and efficient flow of air traffic within the NAS.

#### History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA-2021-1082 in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 70778; December 13, 2021), amending three jet routes and removing four jet routes in the eastern United States. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal. No comments were received.

Jet routes are published in paragraph 2004 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The jet routes listed in this document would be subsequently amended in, or removed from, respectively, FAA Order JO 7400.11.

# Availability and Summary of Documents for Incorporation by Reference

This document amends FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021. FAA Order JO 7400.11F is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document. FAA Order JO 7400.11F lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

#### Difference From the NPRM

In the NPRM, the FAA proposed to amend jet route J–46. Subsequent to the publication of the NPRM, the FAA determined that additional coordination was needed to finalize the design of J–46. Consequently, J–46 is removed from this rule and will remain as currently shown on the IFR En Route chart. Any future modification of J–46 will be addressed in a separate rulemaking action. Routes J–22, J–48, J–39, J–118, J–145, and J–186 will be amended or removed by this rule as proposed in the NPRM.

#### The Rule

This action amends 14 CFR part 71 by amending jet routes J-22, and J-48; and

removing jet routes J–39, J–118, J–145, and J–186 in the eastern United States. This action supports the VOR MON program by amending or removing certain jet route segments due to the planned decommissioning of ground-based navigation aids. Additionally, the jet route changes reduce aeronautical chart clutter by removing unneeded route segments.

The route changes are as follows: *J–22*: J–22 currently extends from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, to Montebello, VA. This action removes the route segments from Vulcan, AL, to Montebello, VA. As amended, the J–22 extends from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico to Meridian, MS. The portion within Mexico is excluded.

*J*–39: J–39 currently extends from Montgomery, AL, to Rosewood, OH. The FAA is removing the entire route.

*J*–48: J–48 currently extends from the intersection of the Solberg, NJ, 264° and the Pottstown, PA, 050° radials, to Foothills, SC. This action removes the segment between Montebello, VA, and Foothills, SC. As amended, J–48 extends from the intersection of the above Solberg and Pottstown radials to Montebello, VA.

*J–118:* J–118 currently extends from Memphis, TN, to Spartanburg, SC. The FAA is removing the entire route.

*J*–145: J–145 currently extends from Foothills, SC, to Charleston, WV. The FAA is removing the entire route.

*J–186*: J–186 currently extends from Foothills, SC, to Appleton, OH. The FAA is removing the entire route.

FAA Order 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

# **Regulatory Notices and Analyses**

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

#### **Environmental Review**

The FAA has determined that this action of amending jet routes J-22, and J-48; and removing jet routes J-39, J-118, J–145, and J–186 in the eastern United States qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and its implementing regulations at 40 CFR part 1500, and in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures, paragraph 5-6.5a, which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review rulemaking actions that designate or modify classes of airspace areas, airways, routes, and reporting points (see 14 CFR part 71, Designation of Class A, B, C, D, and E Airspace Areas; Air Traffic Service Routes; and Reporting Points); and paragraph 5-6.5b, which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review "Actions regarding establishment of jet routes and Federal airways (see 14 CFR 71.15, Designation of jet routes and VOR Federal airways) . . . ". As such, this action is not expected to result in any potentially significant environmental impacts. In accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, paragraph 5-2 regarding Extraordinary Circumstances, the FAA has reviewed this action for factors and circumstances in which a normally categorically excluded action may have a significant environmental impact requiring further analysis. The FAA has determined no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment or environmental impact study.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

# The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

# PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 2004 Jet Routes.

#### J-22 [Amended]

From Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, via Laredo, TX; Corpus Christi, TX; Palacios, TX; Lake Charles, LA; McComb, MS; to Meridian, MS. The airspace within Mexico is excluded.

J-39 [Removed]

J-48 [Amended]

# \* \* \* \*

From INT Solberg, NJ, 264° and Pottstown, PA, 050° radials; Pottstown; Westminster, MD; Casanova, VA; to Montebello, VA.

J-118 [Removed]

J-145 [Removed]

J–186 [Removed]

Issued in Washington, DC.

#### Scott M. Rosenbloom,

Manager, Airspace Rules and Regulations. [FR Doc. 2022–13583 Filed 6–27–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2021-0818; Airspace Docket No. 19-AAL-35]

RIN 2120-AA66

# Establishment of United States Area Navigation (RNAV) Route T-366; Point Hope, AK

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This action establishes United States Area Navigation (RNAV) route T—366 in the vicinity of Point Hope, AK in support of a large and comprehensive T-route modernization project for the state of Alaska.

**DATES:** Effective date 0901 UTC, September 8, 2022. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference action under 1 CFR part 51, subject to the annual revision of FAA Order JO 7400.11 and publication of conforming amendments. **ADDRESSES:** FAA Order JO 7400.11F.

Airspace Designations and Reporting

Points, and subsequent amendments can

be viewed online at https://www.faa.gov/air\_traffic/publications/. For further information, you can contact the Rules and Regulations Group, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Jesse Acevedo, Rules and Regulations
Group, Office of Policy, Federal
Aviation Administration, 800
Independence Avenue SW, Washington,
DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Authority for This Rulemaking**

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of the airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it would expand the availability of RNAV in Alaska and improve the efficient flow of air traffic within the National Airspace System by lessening the dependency on ground based navigation.

#### History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA–2021–0818 in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 58230; October 21, 2021), proposing to establish RNAV T-route, T–366 in the vicinity of Point Hope, AK in support of a large and comprehensive T-route modernization project for the state of Alaska. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting comments on the proposal. There were no comments received.

United States Area Navigation Routes are published in paragraph 6011 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F dated August 10, 2021 and effective September 15, 2021, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The RNAV route listed in this document will be published subsequently in FAA Order JO 7400.11F.

# **Differences From the NPRM**

Subsequent to the publication of the NPRM for Docket No. FAA–2021–0818 in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 58230; October 21, 2021), the FAA determined it was necessary to relocate the

following waypoints (WPs): VANTY, CABGI, JOGDU, and JATIL, to address instrument flight procedure concerns related to the WPs being located too close to the Non-Directional Beacon (NDB). As a result, the latitude/long geographic coordinates for the WPs are changed from what was proposed in the NPRM. This change will move each WP by approximately 600-feet from the location as proposed in the NPRM. The regulatory text in this action incorporates these changes.

# Availability and Summary of Documents for Incorporation by Reference

This document amends FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021. FAA Order JO 7400.11F is publicly available as listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document. FAA Order JO 7400.11F lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

#### The Rule

This action amends 14 CFR part 71 by establishing RNAV route T–366 in the vicinity of Point Hope, AK in support of a large and comprehensive T-route modernization project for the state of Alaska.

The route is described below. *T–366:* This action establishes T–366 navigating from the Point Hope, AK, (PHO) NDB to the Cape Lisburne, AK, (LUR) NDB using the VANTY, AK, WP and the CABGI, AK, WP, mirroring Colored airway B-5; from the Cape Lisburne, AK, (LUR) NDB to the Point Lay, AK, (PIZ) NDB, using the CABGI, AK, WP; the SUPGY, AK, WP; and the JODGU, AK, WP, mirroring Colored airway B-2; and from the Point Lay, AK, (PIZ) NDB to the Nuiqsut Village, AK, (UQS) NDB, using the JODGU, AK, WP; the FILEV, AK, WP; the Barrow, AK, VHF Omnidirectional Range/Distance Measuring Equipment (VOR/DME), and the JATIL, AK, WP, mirroring Colored airway G-16.

FAÅ Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

# **Regulatory Notices and Analyses**

The FAA determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under Department of