

# Notices

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Agriculture will submit the following information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13 on or after the date of publication of this notice. Comments are requested regarding: (1) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments regarding these information collections are best assured of having their full effect if received by February 14, 2022. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). You may find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to

the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS)

*Title:* Aquaculture Surveys—Substantive Change.

*OMB Control Number:* 0535–0150.

*Summary of Collection:* General authority for these data collection activities is granted under U.S. Code Title 7, Section 2204 which specifies that “The Secretary of Agriculture shall procure and preserve all information concerning agriculture which he can obtain . . . by the collection of statistics . . .”. The primary objective of the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) is to provide data users with timely and reliable agricultural production and economic statistics, as well as environmental and specialty agricultural related statistics. To accomplish this objective, NASS relies on the use of diverse surveys that show changes within the farming industry over time.

The National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) is seeking approval for this substantive change request to the aquaculture surveys information collection request. NASS seeks approval to conduct a Pennsylvania Aquaculture Census that is funded by a cooperative agreement between the National Agricultural Statistics Service (USDA–NASS) and the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture (PDA). NASS will conduct a census of the Pennsylvania aquaculture producers and provide Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture and the public with a summary report of all sales specifying the amount or weight of each species (except trout) sold and gross receipts. Pennsylvania trout sales data are accounted for in the NASS’ Trout Production report. Additional burden is estimated at 64 hours over 175 respondents. One response per year is needed for Pennsylvania’s aquaculture census.

*Need and Use of the Information:* Act 98 of the 1998 Pennsylvania General Assembly Amended Title 3 (Agriculture) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes mentions the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture cooperates with NASS for a survey of Pennsylvania’s aquacultural industry.

*Description of Respondents:* Farms; Individuals or households.

*Number of Respondents:* 2,450.  
*Frequency of Responses:* Once per year.  
*Total Burden Hours:* 796.

**Ruth Brown,**

*Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2022–00484 Filed 1–12–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3410–20–P**

## COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

### Notice of Public Meeting of the South Carolina Advisory Committee to the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights

**AGENCY:** U.S. Commission on Civil Rights.

**ACTION:** Announcement of web briefing.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights (Commission) and the Federal Advisory Committee Act, that the South Carolina Advisory Committee (Committee) to the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights will hold web briefings to hear testimony on Civil Asset Forfeiture on the following dates: Thursday, February 3, 2022, at 12:00 p.m. ET and Thursday, February 10, 2022, at 12:00 p.m. ET.

**DATES:** The meetings will take place via WebEx on Thursday, February 3, 2022, at 12:00 p.m. ET and Thursday, February 10, 2022, at 12:00 p.m. ET.

#### ADDRESSES:

*Meeting Link (Audio/Visual):* <https://tinyurl.com/3zz3npu5>.

*Telephone (Audio Only):* Dial 800–360–9505 USA Toll Free; Access code: 2761 517 9996.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Barbara de La Viez, DFO, at [bdelaviez@usccr.gov](mailto:bdelaviez@usccr.gov) or (202) 376–8473.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Committee meetings are available to the public through the conference link above. Any interested member of the public may listen to the meeting. An open comment period will be provided to allow members of the public to make a statement as time allows. If joining via phone, callers can expect to incur regular charges for calls they initiate over wireless lines, according to their wireless plan. The Commission will not refund any incurred charges. Individuals who are deaf, deafblind, and

hard of hearing may also follow the proceedings by first calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 and providing the Service with the conference details found through registering at the web link above. To request additional accommodations, please email [ero@usccr.gov](mailto:ero@usccr.gov) at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting.

Members of the public are also entitled to submit written comments; the comments must be received in the regional office within 30 days following the meeting. Written comments may be emailed to Sarah Villanueva at [svillanueva@usccr.gov](mailto:svillanueva@usccr.gov). Persons who desire additional information may contact the Regional Programs Unit at (312) 353-8311.

Records generated from this meeting may be inspected and reproduced at the Regional Programs Coordination Unit Office, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Records of the meeting will be available via [www.facadatabase.gov](http://www.facadatabase.gov) under the Commission on Civil Rights, South Carolina Advisory Committee link. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission's website, <http://www.usccr.gov>, or may contact the Regional Programs Coordination Unit at the above email or street address.

#### Agenda

- I. Roll Call
- II. Opening Statement
- III. Briefing
- IV. Public Comment
- V. Next Steps
- VI. Adjournment

Dated: January 7, 2022.

**David Mussatt,**

*Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.*

[FR Doc. 2022-00493 Filed 1-12-22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-552-833]

#### Raw Honey From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that critical circumstances exist regarding all imports of raw honey from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam).

**DATES:** Applicable January 13, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jonathan Hill or Paola Aleman Ordaz, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3518 or (202) 482-4031, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On November 23, 2021, Commerce published its preliminary determination in the less-than-fair-value investigation of raw honey from Vietnam.<sup>1</sup> On December 3, 2021, the American Honey Producers Association and the Sioux Honey Association (collectively, the petitioners) filed a timely critical circumstances allegation, pursuant to section 703(e)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, (the Act) and 19 CFR 351.206, alleging that critical circumstances exist with respect to imports of raw honey from Vietnam.<sup>2</sup>

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.206(c)(1), when a critical circumstances allegation is filed 30 days or more before the scheduled date of the final determination, Commerce will issue a preliminary finding whether there is a reasonable basis to believe or suspect that critical circumstances exist. Because the critical circumstances allegation in this case was submitted after the preliminary determination was published, Commerce must issue its preliminary findings of critical circumstances no later than 30 days after the allegation was filed.<sup>3</sup>

##### Legal Framework

Section 733(e)(1) of the Act provides that Commerce, upon receipt of a timely allegation of critical circumstances, will determine whether there is a reasonable basis to believe or suspect that: (A)(i) There is a history of dumping and material injury by reason of dumped imports in the United States or elsewhere of the subject merchandise, or (ii) the person by whom, or for whose account, the merchandise was imported knew or should have known that the exporter was selling the subject merchandise at less than its fair value

and that there was likely to be material injury by reason of such sales; and (B) there have been massive imports of the subject merchandise over a relatively short period.

Further, 19 CFR 351.206(h)(1) provides that, in determining whether imports of the subject merchandise have been “massive,” Commerce normally will examine: (i) The volume and value of the imports; (ii) seasonal trends; and (iii) the share of domestic consumption accounted for by the imports. In addition, 19 CFR 351.206(h)(2) provides that, “[i]n general, unless the imports during the ‘relatively short period’ . . . have increased by at least 15 percent over the imports during an immediately preceding period of comparable duration, the Secretary will not consider the imports massive.” Section 351.206(i) of Commerce’s regulations defines “relatively short period” generally as the period starting on the date the proceeding begins (*i.e.*, the date the petition is filed) and ending at least three months later. This section of the regulations further provides that, if Commerce “finds that importers, or exporters or producers, had reason to believe, at some time prior to the beginning of the proceeding, that a proceeding was likely,” then Commerce may consider a period of not less than three months from that earlier time.

##### Critical Circumstances Allegation

In its allegation, the petitioners claim there is a history of dumping and material injury based on Commerce’s issuance of the antidumping duty orders on honey from the People’s Republic of China (China) and Argentina, the countervailing duty order on honey from Argentina, and the final results of its expedited third sunset review of the antidumping duty order on honey from China (which remains in place today).<sup>4</sup> Additionally, the petitioners claim that although the scope for the previously mentioned orders was broader as each covered processed honey, the scope of the orders did also cover raw honey which is subject to the scope of the instant investigation. Finally, the petitioners contend that although the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on honey from Argentina were

<sup>1</sup> See *Raw Honey From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 86 FR 66526 (November 23, 2021) (*Preliminary Determination*).

<sup>2</sup> See Petitioners’ Letter, “Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Raw Honey from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam—Petitioners’ Allegation of Critical Circumstances,” dated December 3, 2021 (Petitioners’ Allegation).

<sup>3</sup> See 19 CFR 351.206(c)(2)(ii).

<sup>4</sup> See *Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Honey From the People’s Republic of China*, 66 FR 63670 (December 10, 2001); see also *Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Honey from Argentina*, 66 FR 63672 (December 10, 2001); *Notice of Countervailing Duty Order: Honey from Argentina*, 66 FR 63673 (December 10, 2001); and *Honey from the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Third Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 83 FR 10432 (March 9, 2018).