

regulatory actions that are based on health or safety risks, such that the analysis required under section 5–501 of the Executive Order has the potential to influence the regulation. Today's proposed rule amendments are not subject to Executive Order 13045 because they are based on technology performance, not health or safety risks. Furthermore, the proposed rule amendments have been determined not to be "economically significant" as defined under Executive Order 12866.

H. Executive Order 13211: Actions That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

The proposed rule amendments are not subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001) because they are not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

I. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act

Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (NTTAA), Public Law No. 104–113, 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note), directs the EPA to use voluntary consensus standards in its regulatory activities unless to do so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical. Voluntary consensus standards are technical standards (e.g., materials specifications, test methods, sampling procedures, and business practices) that are developed or adopted by voluntary consensus standards bodies. The NTTAA directs the EPA to provide Congress, through OMB, explanations when the Agency decides not to use available and applicable voluntary consensus standards.

No new standard requirements are cited in the proposed rule amendments. Therefore, the EPA is not proposing or adopting any voluntary consensus standards in the proposed rule amendments.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: December 16, 2004.

Michael O. Leavitt,
Administrator.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 141

[FRL–7854–3]

Notice of a Public Meeting To Discuss Research Related to the Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Proposed rule; notice of a public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is holding a public meeting to discuss recent research related to the proposed Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule (DBPR).

DATES: The public meeting will be held from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., Eastern time, on Tuesday, January 18, 2005.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held on the first floor of the East Building of EPA Headquarters in Room 1153. The address is EPA East, 1201 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general information about this meeting, contact Sarah Bahrman by phone at (202) 564–2335, by e-mail at bahrman.sarah@epa.gov, or by mail at: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 4607M, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. For technical inquiries regarding the Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule, contact Tom Grubbs at (202) 564–5262, or by e-mail: grubbs.thomas@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of the public meeting is to discuss recent research related to the Stage 2 DBPR. EPA proposed the Stage 2 DBPR on August 18, 2003 (68 FR 49547) and is currently working on the final rule. The proposed Stage 2 DBPR was developed based on recommendations from a Federal Advisory Committee, which consisted of a broad range of stakeholders. EPA will build on this collaborative process by way of this public meeting.

Research areas and examples of recent studies that the Agency plans to discuss at the meeting are listed at the end of this notice. This is not a comprehensive list of all recent disinfection byproduct research. A longer list of recent research can be found on the Agency's Web site at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/stage2/index.html>. All copyrighted studies are available only in hard copy form and are accessible at the Water Docket in the EPA Docket Center, EPA/DC, EPA West,

Room B102, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Water Docket is (202) 566–2426.

Attendees will have an opportunity to make oral remarks at specific points during the meeting. EPA also welcomes written remarks received by February 17, 2005, which can be sent to Sarah Bahrman by e-mail or by mail at the address listed in the previous section.

The main entrance to the building on Constitution Avenue is a short distance from the Federal Triangle Metro Station, which is located on 12th Street between Constitution and Pennsylvania Avenues and is served by the Blue and Orange Lines. Please note that attendees will be required to pass through security checks at the front desk and obtain a visitor's badge. All attendees will need to present a photo I.D. The building is accessible to persons using wheelchairs or scooters. Any person needing special accommodations at this meeting, including wheelchair access, should contact Sarah Bahrman (contact information provided in the previous section) at least five business days before the meeting so that the Agency can make appropriate arrangements.

Examples of Recent Research

Reproductive and Developmental Epidemiology

- Cedergren, M.I., A.J. Selbing, O. Lofman, *et al.* 2002. Chlorination byproducts and nitrate in drinking water and risk for congenital cardiac defects. *Environmental Research*. 89(2): 124–130
- Dodds, L., W. King, A.C. Allen, B.A. Armson, D.B. Deshayne and C. Nimrod. 2004. Trihalomethanes in public water supplies and risk of stillbirth. *Epidemiology*. 15(2):179–186
- Fenster L., K. Waller, G. Windham, T. Henneman, M. Anderson, P. Mendola, J.W. Overstreet and S.H. Swan. 2003. Trihalomethane levels in home tap water and semen quality. *Epidemiology*. 14:650–658
- Hwang B.F. and J.J.K. Jaakkola. 2003. Water chlorination and birth defects: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Archives of Environmental Health*. 58(2):83–91
- Infante-Rivard, C. 2004. Drinking water contaminants, gene polymorphisms, and fetal growth. *Environmental Health Perspectives*. 112(11):1213–1216

- Shaw, G.M., D. Ranatunga, T. Quach, E. Neri, A. Correa and R.R. Neutra. 2003. Trihalomethane exposure from municipal water supplies and selected congenital malformations. *Epidemiology*. 14(2):191–199
- Toledano, M.B., M.J. Nieuwenhuijsen, N. Best, H. Whitaker, P. Hambly, C. de Hoogh, J. Fawell, L. Jarup and P. Elliott. 2004. Relation of trihalomethane concentrations in public water supplies to stillbirth and birth weight in three water regions in England. *Environmental Health Perspectives*. In Press (Online 21 October 2004)
- Wright J.M., J. Schwartz and D.W. Dockery. 2003. Effect of trihalomethane exposure on fetal development. *Occup. Environ. Med.* Mar;60(3):173–80
- Wright, J.M., J. Schwartz and D.W. Dockery. 2004. The effect of disinfection by-products and mutagenic activity on birth weight and gestational duration. *Environmental Health Perspectives*. 112(8):920–925
- Yang, C.-Y. 2004. Drinking water chlorination and adverse birth outcomes in Taiwan. *Toxicology*. 198(2004): 249–254
- Reproductive and Developmental Toxicology**
- Bielmeier, S.R., D.S. Best and M.G. Narotsky. 2004. Serum hormone characterization and exogenous hormone rescue of bromodichloromethane-induced pregnancy loss in the F344 rat. *Toxicol. Sci.* 77(1):101–108
- Bodensteiner K.J., H.R. Sawyer, C.L. Moeller, C.M. Kane, K.-Y.F. Pau, G.R. Klinefelter and D.N.R. Veeramachaneni. 2004. Chronic exposure to dibromoacetic acid, a water disinfection byproduct, diminishes primordial follicle populations in the rabbit. *Toxicological Sciences*. 80(1):83–91
- Goldman, J.M. and A.S. Murr. 2003. Dibromoacetic acid-induced elevations in circulating estradiol: effects in both cycling and ovariectomized/steroid-primed female rats. *Reproductive Toxicology*. 17(5):585–592
- Klinefelter, G.R., L.F. Strader, J.D. Suarez, N.L. Roberts, J.M. Goldman and A.S. Murr. 2004. Continuous exposure to dibromoacetic acid delays pubertal development and compromises sperm quality in the rat. *Toxicological Sciences*. 81(2):419–429
- Klinefelter, G.R., L.F. Strader, J.D. Suarez and N.L. Roberts. 2002. Bromochloroacetic acid exerts qualitative effects on rat sperm: implications for a novel biomarker. *Toxicological Sciences*. 68:164–173
- Tully, D.B., J.C. Luft, J.C. Rockett, H. Ren, J.E. Schmid, C.R. Wood and D.J. Dix. 2004. Reproductive and genomic effects in testes from mice exposed to the water disinfectant byproduct bromochloroacetic acid. *Reproductive Toxicology*. In Press (Online 2 September 2004)
- Health Effects Reviews**
- Graves, C.G., G.M. Matanoski and R.G. Tardiff. 2001. Weight of evidence for an association between adverse reproductive and developmental effects and exposure to disinfection by-products: a critical review. *Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology*. 34:103–124
- Cancer Epidemiology**
- Chevrier, C., B. Junod and S. Cordier. 2004. Does ozonation of drinking water reduce the risk of bladder cancer? *Epidemiology*. 15(5):605–614
- Goebell, P.J., C.M. Villanueva, A.W. Rettenmeier, et al. 2004. Environmental exposure, chlorinated drinking water, and bladder cancer. *World Journal of Urology*. 21(6):424–432
- Ranmuthugala, G., L. Pilotto, W. Smith, T. Vimalasiri, K. Dear and R. Douglas. 2003. Chlorinated drinking water and micronuclei in urinary bladder epithelial cells. *Epidemiology*. 14(5):617–622
- Villanueva, C., M. Kogevinas and J. Grimalt. 2001. Chlorination of drinking water in Spain and bladder cancer. *Gac Sanit.* 15(1):48–53
- Villanueva, C.M., K.P. Cantor, S. Cordier, J.J.K. Jaakkola, W.D. King, C.F. Lynch, S. Porru and M. Kogevinas. 2004. Disinfection byproducts and bladder cancer a pooled analysis. *Epidemiology*. 15(3):357–367
- Cancer and Other Toxicology**
- Echigo, S., S. Itoh, T. Natsui, T. Araki and R. Ando. 2004. Contribution of brominated organic disinfection by-products to the mutagenicity of drinking water. *Water Sci Technol.* 50(5):321–8
- George, M.H., G.R. Olson, D. Doerfler, et al. 2002. Carcinogenicity of bromodichloromethane administered in drinking water to male F344/N rats and B6C3F(1) mice. *International Journal of Toxicology*. 21(3):219–230
- Geter, D.R., M.H. George, T.M. Moore, et al. 2004. Vehicle and mode of administration effects on the induction of aberrant crypt foci in the colons of male F344/N rats exposed to bromodichloromethane. *Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health—Part A*. 67(1):23–29
- Hooth, M.J., K.S. McDorman, S.D. Hester, M.H. George, L.R. Brooks, A.E. Swank and D.C. Wolf. 2002. The carcinogenic response of Tsc2 mutant Long-Evans (Eker) rats to a mixture of drinking water disinfection by-products was less than additive. *Toxicol Sci.* 69(2):322–31
- McDorman, K.S., M.J. Hooth, T.B. Starr and D.C. Wolf. 2003. Analysis of preneoplastic and neoplastic renal lesions in Tsc2 mutant Long-Evans (Eker) rats following exposure to a mixture of drinking water disinfection byproducts. *Toxicology*. 187(1):1–12
- McDorman, K.S., S. Chandra, M.J. Hooth, S.D. Hester, R. Schoonhoven and D.C. Wolf. 2003. Induction of transitional cell hyperplasia in the urinary bladder and aberrant crypt foci in the colon of rats treated with individual and a mixture of drinking water disinfection by-products. *Toxicol Pathol.* 31(2):235–242
- Minear, R.A. and M.J. Plewa. 2003. Comparative genotoxicity assessment of DBPs in drinking water. Denver, Colo.: AwwaRF
- Moser, V.C., P.M. Phillips, A.B. Levine, K.L. McDaniel, R.C. Sills, B.S. Jortner and M.T. Butt. 2004. Neurotoxicity produced by dibromoacetic acid in drinking water of rats. *Toxicological Sciences*. 79(1):112–122
- Pereira, M.A., W. Wang, P.M. Kramer and L. Tao. 2004. Prevention by Methionine of Dichloroacetic Acid Induced Liver Cancer and DNA Hypomethylation in Mice. *Toxicological Sciences*. 77(2):243–248
- Pereira, M.A., P.M. Kramer, P.B. Conran and L.H. Tao. 2001. Effect of chloroform on dichloroacetic acid and trichloroacetic acid-induced hypomethylation and expression of the c-myc gene and on their promotion of liver and kidney tumors in mice. *Carcinogenesis*. 22(9):1511–1519
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- Cessation Lag**
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- Exposure Routes**
- Miles, A.M., P.C. Singer, D.L. Ashley, M.C. Lynberg, P. Mendola, P.H. Langlois and J.R. Nuckols. 2002. Comparison of Trihalomethanes in Tap Water and Blood. *Environ. Sci. Technology.* 36(8):1692–1698
- Formation of Disinfection Byproducts and Occurrence Studies**
- Bichsel, Y. and D. von Gunten. 2000. Formation of iodo-trihalomethanes during disinfection and oxidation of iodide-containing waters. *Environ. Sci. Technol.* 34:2784–2791
- Cancho, B., F. Ventura, M. Galceran, A. Diaz and S. Ricart. 2000. Determination, synthesis and survey of iodinated trihalomethanes in water treatment processes. *Wat. Res.* 34(13):3380–3390
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- Dated: December 17, 2004.
- Clare Donaher,**
Acting Director, Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water.
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