notice announces the Agricultural Marketing Service's (AMS) intention to request approval, from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), for an extension of and revision to the currently approved information collection of the Federal Seed Act Labeling and Enforcement.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by May 30, 2023 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments concerning this notice by using the electronic process available at https:// www.regulations.gov. Written comments may also be submitted to Ernest L. Allen, Director, Seed Regulatory and Testing Division, Science and Technology Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 801 Summit Crossing Place, Suite C, Gastonia, North Carolina 28054-2193. All comments should reference the document number and the date and page number of this issue of the **Federal Register**. All comments received will be posted without change, including any personal information provided, at https:// www.regulations.gov and will be included in the record and made available to the public.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ernest L. Allen, Seed Regulatory and Testing Division, Science and Technology Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 801 Summit Crossing Place, Suite C, Gastonia, North Carolina 28054–2193; Telephone: (704)810–8870; Email: Ernest.Allen@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Federal Seed Act Program.

OMB Number: 0581–0026.

Expiration Date of Approval: March 31, 2023.

Type of Request: Extension and revision of a currently approved information collection.

Abstract: This information collection and these recordkeeping requirements are necessary to conduct the Federal Seed Act (FSA) (7 U.S.C. 1551 et seq.) program with respect to certain testing, labeling, and recordkeeping requirements for agricultural and vegetable seeds in interstate commerce. Regulations under the FSA are contained in 7 CFR part 201.

The FSA, Title II, is a truth-in-labeling law that regulates agricultural and vegetable planting seed in interstate commerce. Seed subject to the FSA must be labeled with certain quality information and Title II requires that information to be truthful. The FSA prohibits the interstate shipment of

falsely advertised seed and seed containing noxious-weed seeds that are prohibited from sale in the State into which the seed is being shipped.

No unique forms are required for this information collection. The FSA requires seed in interstate commerce to be tested and labeled. Once seed enters a State, it must comply with the testing and labeling requirements of that State's seed law. The testing and labeling required by FSA nearly always satisfies the State's testing and labeling requirements. The receiving sales, cleaning, testing, and labeling records required by FSA are also records that the shipper would normally keep in good business practice.

The information in this collection is the minimum information necessary to effectively carry out the enforcement of FSA. With the exception of the requirements for entering a new variety into a State seed certification program (set forth separately below), the information collection is entirely recordkeeping rather than reporting.

While the number of applicants has slightly increased, the number of requests has significantly increased creating an increase in burden hours over the previous submission.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 2.68 hours per response.

Respondents: Interstate shippers and labelers of seed.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 3.484.

Estimated Total Annual Responses: 35,582.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 10.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 95,361 hours.

Eligibility Requirements for Certification of New Varieties and Recordkeeping

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information (eligibility for certification of new varieties) is estimated to average 2.42 hours per response.

Respondents: Entities seeking to enter new varieties into State seed certification programs.

Estimated Number of Respondents:

Estimated Total Annual Responses: 902.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 11.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 2,183 hours.

Comments are invited on: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance

of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Melissa Bailey,

Associate Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 2023–06309 Filed 3–27–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Information Collection: Special Use Administration

AGENCY: Forest Service, Agriculture (USDA).

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The Forest Service (Forest Service), United States Department of Agriculture, published a notice of an information collection for public comment in the **Federal Register** on February 15, 2023. The Forest Service is correcting the **ADDRESSES** section of that notice.

DATES: Comments must be received in writing by April 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Comments concerning this notice should be addressed to USDA Forest Service, Attention: Lands Special Uses, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Stop 1124, Washington, DC 20250–1124. Comments also may be submitted via facsimile to 202–644–4700 or by email to reply_lands_staff@usda.gov. All comments, including names and addresses when provided, will be placed in the record and will be available for public inspection and copying.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Forest Service is correcting the **ADDRESSES** section of a notice for an information collection that was published for public comment in the **Federal Register** on February 15, 2023 (88 FR 9856) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

(notice). The notice seeks public comment on reapproval (with no revision) of an approved information collection, Standard Form-299 (SF-299), Application for Transportation, Utility Systems, Telecommunications and Facilities on Federal Lands and Property. The **ADDRESSES** section of the notice is corrected by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with the following: "Comments concerning this notice should be addressed to USDA Forest Service, Attention: Lands Special Uses, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Stop 1124, Washington, DC 20250-1124. Comments also may be submitted via facsimile to 202-644-4700 or by email to reply lands staff@usda.gov. All comments, including names and addresses when provided, will be placed in the record and will be available for public inspection and copying.'

Dated: March 22, 2023.

Troy Heithecker,

Associate Deputy Chief, National Forest System.

[FR Doc. 2023–06352 Filed 3–27–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3411-15-P

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals: Qualification Information for Candidates to Advisory Committees

AGENCY: U.S. Commission on Civil

Rights.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Commission on Civil Rights ("Commission" or "USCCR") is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of qualification information for advisory committee candidates by the agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act ("PRA"), Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, and to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before April 24, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_submission@ omb.eop.gov or www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open

for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sheryl Cozart, Senior Attorney-Advisor, Office of the General Counsel, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite 1150, Washington, DC 20425; phone: 202–839–7255; email: sccozart@usccr.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq., Federal agencies must issue two notices seeking public comment on information collection activities before OMB may approve paperwork packages. On January 11, 2023, USCCR published a 60-day notice (88 FR 1557) in the Federal Register for public comment. USCCR received no comments after issuing this 60-day notice. Accordingly, USCCR announces that these information collection activities have been again evaluated and certified under 5 CFR 1320.5(a) and forwarded to OMB for review and approval pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.12(c). Before OMB decides whether to approve these proposed collections of information, it must provide 30 days for public comment. 44 U.S.C. 3507(b); 5 CFR 1320.12(d). Federal law requires OMB to approve or disapprove paperwork packages between 30 and 60 days after the 30-day notice is published. 44 U.S.C. 3507 (b)–(c); 5 CFR 1320.12(d); see also 60 FR 44978, 44983, Aug. 29, 1995. OMB believes that the 30-day notice informs the regulated community to file relevant comments and affords the agency adequate time to digest public comments before it renders a decision. 60 FR 44983, Aug. 29, 1995. Therefore, respondents should submit their respective comments to OMB within 30 days of publication to best ensure having their full effect. 5 CFR 1320.12(c); see also 60 FR 44983, Aug. 29, 1995.

The summaries below describe the nature of the information collection requirements (ICRs) and the expected burden. The requirements are being submitted for clearance by OMB as required by the PRA. This is a request for a new OMB control number.

Title: "Qualification Information for Candidates to Advisory Committees."

Abstract: The Commission studies civil rights issues and subsequently publishes reports with recommendations to inform the President, Congress, and the public. The USCCR's Advisory Committees were created to provide input and make recommendations to the Commission concerning discrimination and denial of equal protection of law, the right to

vote, and related civil rights issues. The Commission was established by the Civil Rights Act of 1957, Public Law 815–315, and subsequently modified in the Civil Rights Commission Amendments Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. 1975a. These laws direct the Commission to establish Advisory Committees for each state, the District of Columbia, and five U.S. territories. These non-discretionary, statutory Advisory Committees are subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), Public Law 92–463 codified as 5 U.S.C. app. 2.

As noted above, the 56 Advisory Committees advise the Commission on civil rights issues that the Committees choose to evaluate. The Commission may also ask Advisory Committees to take up a civil rights topic in support of a Commission investigation. After a Committee's report is submitted, the Commission may invite the Advisory Committee Chair to discuss the report, including the findings and recommendations, at regularly scheduled Commission business meetings. The Commission may notify the U.S. Congressional delegation for the particular locale that the advisory committee within their jurisdiction has published a report. In addition, the Commission may distribute Committee reports to the federal, state, and local bodies that are identified in the Committee report. Lastly, individual Commissioners often attend the Advisory Committee meetings, which are open to the general public.

The USCCR identifies candidates for advisory committee membership through a variety of methods, including, but not limited to, public requests for nominations; recommendations from existing advisory committee members; consultations with knowledgeable persons outside the USSCR (academia, non-profits, other state or federal government agencies, academia, etc.); and Commissioners' and USCCR staff's professional knowledge of those experienced in civil rights. Following the identification process and submission of applications, the USCCR develops a list of proposed members with the relevant points of view needed to ensure membership balance. The USCCR Commissioners then vote to appoint individuals to serve four-year terms as Advisory Committee Members. Advisory Committee Members are generally classified as Representatives. Representatives provide the viewpoints of entities or recognizable groups and are expected to potentially represent a particular and known bias or perspective.