

Dated: August 31, 2004.

**Troy R. Justesen,**

*Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services.*

[FR Doc. E4-2075 Filed 9-3-04; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4000-01-P**

## ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

### Sunshine Act Meeting

**AGENCY:** United States Election Assistance Commission.

**ACTION:** Technical Guidelines Development Committee (TGDC). Announcement of TGDC Subcommittee Public Meetings.

**DATE AND TIME:** The subcommittee meetings will be held September 20th (Transparency and Security), 21st (Core Requirements and Testing) and 22nd (Human Factors and Privacy), 2004 from 9 a.m. until 5 p.m.

**ADDRESS AND REGISTRATION:** The meetings will be held at the National Institute of Standards and Technology North Campus, 820 West Diamond Avenue, Room 152, Gaithersburg, MD 20899. Due to security requirements advance registration is required at <http://vote.nist.gov>. Registration will be available until 5 p.m., E.S.T., on Wednesday, September 15, 2004. There is no fee.

**STATUS:** This meeting will be open to the public.

**SUMMARY:** Public Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (HAVA), establishes a 15-member Technical Guidelines Development Committee (TGDC) to assist the Executive Director of the Election Assistance Commission (EAC) in the development of voluntary voting system guidelines. HAVA names the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to chair the TGDC and requires NIST to provide the TGDC with technical support necessary to carry out its duties. The TGDC met on July 9, 2004, and resolved to establish three five-member subcommittees, each to be chaired by a member. The EAC subsequently approved formation of the subcommittees. The subcommittees are named: (1) Security and Transparency, (2) Human Factors and Privacy, and (3) Core Requirements and Testing.

The duties of the TGDC include the gathering and analysis of data and information related to the security of computers, human factors, voter privacy, and methods to detect and prevent fraud. The purpose of the subcommittee meetings is to provide an opportunity for the election community to offer testimony on technical issues

related to the TGDC's voluntary voting standards development process. Each meeting will be chaired by the respective subcommittee chair, and will consist of the presentation of panels of experts by technical subject matter. One hour will be reserved at the conclusion of each day for members of the public to provide up to five minutes of testimony. Members of the public intending to present testimony are requested to indicate this on the advance registration form. Relevant issues include security, transparency, human factors, privacy, core standards requirements and testing of voting systems. Further information on the hearings, including listings of subcommittee members and panel topics, is available at <http://vote.nist.gov>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Allan Eustis, Project Director, Technical Guidelines Development Committee, 100 Bureau Drive/MS 8900, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8900, phone (301) 975-5099 or e-mail [voting@nist.gov](mailto:voting@nist.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** U.S. Election Assistance Commission, Technical Guidelines Development Subcommittee Meetings, September 20, 21, and 22, 2004. 9 a.m.

### Agenda (Same for All Three Days)

Call to Order  
Pledge of Allegiance  
Roll Call  
Adoption of Agenda  
Introductions  
Remarks by Commissioners  
Panel One  
Panel Two  
Panel Three  
Panel Four  
Public Comment Period  
Adjournment

**Note:** Composition and detailed subject matter for each of the various panels is under development. As information becomes available, these details will be posted at <http://vote.nist.gov>.

**Gracia M. Hillman,**

*Vice-Chair, U.S. Election Assistance Commission.*

[FR Doc. 04-20364 Filed 9-2-04; 3:48 pm]

**BILLING CODE 6820-YN-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Energy Information Administration

#### Policy Statement; Energy Information Administration Policy for Disseminating Revisions to Petroleum Supply Reporting System Data

**AGENCY:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Department of Energy (DOE).

**ACTION:** Policy statement: Energy Information Administration policy for disseminating revisions to Petroleum Supply Reporting System data.

**SUMMARY:** The EIA has formalized its existing policy for disseminating revisions to Petroleum Supply Reporting System (PSRS) data. PSRS information products include data on production, receipts, inputs, movements, and stocks of crude oil, petroleum products, and natural gas liquids in the United States.

**DATES:** This policy becomes effective on September 7, 2004.

**ADDRESS:** Requests for information or questions about this policy should be directed to Ms. Stefanie Palumbo of EIA's Petroleum Division. Ms. Palumbo may be contacted by phone (202-586-6866), FAX (202-586-5846), or e-mail ([stefanie.palumbo@eia.doe.gov](mailto:stefanie.palumbo@eia.doe.gov)). Her mailing address is Petroleum Division, EI-42, Forrestal Building, U.S. Department of Energy, 1000 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20585.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Requests for additional information about this policy should be directed to Ms. Palumbo at the address listed above. Information on EIA's petroleum supply program is available on EIA's Internet site at [http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil\\_gas/petroleum/info\\_glance/petroleum.html](http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glance/petroleum.html).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background  
II. Discussion of Comments  
III. Current Actions

#### I. Background

The Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Pub. L. No. 93-275, 15 U.S.C. 761 *et seq.*) and the DOE Organization Act (Pub. L. No. 95-91, 42 U.S.C. 7101 *et seq.*) require the EIA to carry out a centralized, comprehensive, and unified energy information program. This program collects, evaluates, assembles, analyzes, and disseminates information on energy resource reserves, production, demand, technology, and related economic and statistical information. This information is used to assess the adequacy of energy