inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File No. SR–CBOE–2017–039, and should be submitted on or before June 9, 2017.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 10

Eduardo A. Aleman,

Assistant Secretary.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-80672; File No. SR-OCC-2017-012]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Options Clearing Corporation; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change Concerning the Options Clearing Corporation's Management Structure

May 15, 2017.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") 1 and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on May 5, 2017, The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below; Items I and II have been prepared primarily by OCC. OCC filed the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act 3 and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) 4 thereunder so that the proposal was effective upon filing with the Commission. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

This proposed rule change by OCC concerns the amendment of OCC's By-Laws to provide that the Board of Directors ("Board") may, in its discretion, designate the Chief Operating Officer ("COO") to act as President of OCC.

II. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, OCC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. OCC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of these statements. All terms with initial capitalization that are not otherwise defined herein have the same meaning as set forth in the OCC By-Laws and Rules.⁵

(A) Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

On April 26, 2017, the Commission approved a proposed rule change by OCC that, among other things, amended OCC's By-Laws and Rules to: (1) Remove all references to OCC's President to reflect the fact that the President would no longer be a recognized officer within OCC's management and (2) reallocate the authority and responsibilities previously granted to the President between the COO and a newly appointed Chief Administrative Officer ("CAO").6 OCC is now proposing to amend Article IV, Section 1 of the By-Laws to provide that the Board may, in its discretion, designate that the COO also serve as President of OCC. The purpose of the proposed rule change is to provide further clarity and transparency around OCC's management structure and the roles and titles of its senior management.

Prior to the approval of SR–OCC–2017–002,7 OCC's By-Laws stipulated that its President would also serve as COO, with the authority and responsibilities of the COO and President primarily being addressed throughout the By-Laws and Rules in terms of this officer's capacity as President. As a result of SR–OCC–2017–002,8 OCC's By-Laws and Rules were amended to eliminate all references to the President; however, the position of COO was retained, and OCC's senior management was reorganized within an

Office of the Executive Chairman comprised of the Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the COO and the CAO. Pursuant to Article IV, Section 8 of the By-Laws, the COO and CAO are responsible for the aspects of OCC's business that do not report directly to the Executive Chairman, with such responsibilities being determined by the Board to promote the efficient and effective management and operation of OCC. The By-Laws and Rules also address various other authorities and responsibilities of the COO and CAO.9

The proposed rule change would provide that the Board may, in its discretion, designate that the COO also serve as President. The two roles would not, however, be tied together by operation of the By-Laws as it was prior to the approval of SR-OCC-2017-002 and would instead provide the Board with the discretionary authority to make this determination as it deems appropriate. The proposed rule change is not intended to modify OCC's current management structure or the allocation of duties and responsibilities currently associated with the roles of COO or CAO as set forth in By-Laws and Rules. If the Board determines to designate that the COO also serve as President, the authority and responsibilities of the COO and President would continue to be governed by the allocation of authority and responsibilities of the COO as currently set forth in OCC's By-Laws and Rules. The proposed rule change would take a similar approach to the previous construction of OCC's By-Laws and Rules regarding the role of COO and President; however, the proposed approach would now describe the authority and responsibilities of the President and COO throughout the By-Laws and Rules in terms of this officer's capacity as COO (as opposed to President).

OCC notes that, under Article IV, Section 1 of the By-Laws, the Board may, but need not, elect such other officers (*i.e.*, officers in addition to the Executive Chairman, Member Vice Chairman, COO, CAO, Secretary, and Treasurer) as it may from time to time

^{10 17} CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

^{3 15} U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

^{4 17} CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

⁵ OCC's By-Laws and Rules can be found on OCC's public Web site: http://optionsclearing.com/about/publications/bylaws.jsp.

⁶ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 80531 (April 26, 2017), 82 FR 20502 (May 2, 2017) (SR–OCC–2017–002).

⁷ Id.

в *Id*.

 $^{^9\,\}mathrm{For}$ example, OCC's Rules provide the Executive Chairman, COO and CAO with the authority to, among other things, impose certain restrictions on a Clearing Member's transactions, positions and activities based on the financial or operational condition of the Clearing Member (Rule 305); extend settlement times in emergency conditions; (Rule 505); waive the required margin deposit of a Clearing Member in the interest of maintaining fair and orderly markets (Rule 609A); and make a determination as to whether the immediate liquidation of some or all of a suspended Clearing Member's margin deposits and/or contributions to the Clearing Fund would not be in the best interests of the OCC, other Clearing Members, or the general public (Rule 1104).

determine are required for the efficient management and operation of OCC. While this provision of Article IV, Section 1 of the By-Laws currently provides the Board with discretionary authority to elect or otherwise designate an officer of OCC to serve as President, OCC believes that the proposed rule change would provide additional clarity and transparency around the Board's authority to elect a President, particularly in light of recent OCC filing SR–OCC–2017–002.

2. Statutory Basis

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act,¹⁰ requires that the rules of a clearing agency be designed, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. OCC believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because it would provide OCC's users and the general public with further clarity and transparency around OCC's management structure and the roles and titles of its senior management by clarifying in OCC's By-Laws that the Board has the discretion to designate that OCC's COO also serve as President of the corporation. As a result, OCC believes the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.11

In addition, Rule 17Ad-22(e)(2) 12 requires covered clearing agencies to maintain written policies and procedures reasonably designed to, among other things, provide for governance arrangements that are clear and transparent, specify clear and direct lines of responsibility, and fulfill the public interest requirements in Section 17A of the Act.¹³ OCC believes that the proposed amendments to its By-Laws would provide clear and transparent statements of the Board's discretionary authority to designate that the COO also serve as President of OCC. Under the proposed rule change, if the Board would designate that the COO also serve as President, the authority and responsibilities of the COO and President would continue to be governed by the clear allocation of authority and responsibilities provided to the COO as currently set forth in OCC's By-Laws and Rules. As a result, OCC believes the proposed rule change would provide for governance arrangements that are clear and transparent, specify clear and direct lines of responsibility, and fulfill the public interest requirements in Section

17A of the Act 14 in a manner consistent with Rule 17Ad–22(e)(2). 15

The proposed rule change is not inconsistent with the existing rules of OCC, including any other rules proposed to be amended.

(B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

Section 17A(b)(3)(I) of the Act 16 requires that the rules of a clearing agency not impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. OCC does not believe the proposed rule change would have any impact or impose any burden on competition. As discussed in more detail above, OCC believes that the proposed rule change would provide more clarity and transparency to users (and potential users) of OCC regarding OCC's governance and management arrangements. The proposed rule change would not affect Clearing Members' access to OCC's services or disadvantage or favor any particular user in relationship to another user. As such, OCC believes that the proposed changes would not have any impact or impose any burden on competition.

(C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments were not and are not intended to be solicited with respect to the proposed rule change, and none have been received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act,17 and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)18 thereunder, the proposed rule change is filed for immediate effectiveness because it does not do the following: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) by its terms become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate. Additionally, OCC provided the Commission with written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change or such

shorter time as designated by the Commission.

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b-4(f)(6) normally does not become operative for 30 days after the date of filing. However, Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) permits the Commission to designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. OCC has requested that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay contained in Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) so that the proposal may become operative immediately upon filing. OCC believes that a waiver of the 30-day operative delay is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because it will enable OCC to implement the proposed rule change in a more timely manner and thereby reinforce the Board's authority to elect officers, and more specifically, a President, as it deems necessary for the efficient management and operation of OCC.

The Commission agrees that a waiver of the 30-day operative delay is appropriate under the particular facts and circumstances concerning this proposed rule change, as the proposed rule change does not present novel or controversial issues. As OCC stated. Article IV, Section 1 of the By-Laws currently provides the Board with discretionary authority to elect or otherwise designate an officer of OCC to serve as President. OCC stated further that the proposed rule change would provide additional clarity and transparency around the Board's authority to elect a President, particularly in light of recent OCC filing SR-OCC-2017-002. Accordingly, the Commission designates the proposed rule change to be operative upon filing.19

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.²⁰

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and

^{10 15} U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

¹¹ Id

^{12 17} CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(2).

^{13 15} U.S.C. 78q-1.

¹⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1.

¹⁵ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(2).

¹⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(I).

^{17 15} U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

^{18 17} CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

¹⁹ For purposes only of waiving the 30-day operative delay, the Commission has also considered the proposed rule's impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. *See* 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).

²⁰ Notwithstanding its immediate effectiveness, implementation of this rule change will be delayed until this change is deemed certified under CFTC Regulation § 40.6.

arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to *rule-comments@* sec.gov. Please include File Number SR—OCC-2017-012 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-OCC-2017-012. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/ rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of OCC and on OCC's Web site at http://www.theocc.com/components/ docs/legal/rules and bylaws/sr occ 17 012.pdf.

All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–OCC–2017–012 and should be submitted on or before June 9, 2017.

²¹ 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.²¹

Eduardo A. Aleman,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2017–10127 Filed 5–18–17; 8:45 am]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-80677; File No. SR-NYSE-2017-20]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; New York Stock Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change Amending Its Listing Standard for Special Purpose Acquisition Companies To Change Shareholder Vote Requirement for the Approval of a Business Combination

May 15, 2017.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) ¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") ² and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, ³ notice is hereby given that, on May 1, 2017, New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend its listing standard for Acquisition Companies ("ACs") to change its shareholder vote requirement for the approval of a Business Combination. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's Web site at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at

the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend its listing standard for Acquisition Companies (or "ACs") as set forth in Section 102.06 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual (the "Manual") to change its shareholder vote requirement for the approval of a Business Combination.

An AC (typically known in the marketplace as a special purpose acquisition company or "SPAC") is a special purpose company formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more operating businesses or assets with a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the net assets of the AC held in trust (net of amounts disbursed to management for working capital purposes and excluding the amount of any deferred underwriting discount held in trust) (a "Business Combination").

Section 102.06 subjects any AC listed on the NYSE to the following requirements (among others):

- If the AC holds a shareholder vote on a Business Combination, it must be approved by a majority of the votes cast by public shareholders ⁴ at the shareholder meeting at which the Business Combination is being considered;
- if a shareholder vote on a Business Combination is held, each public shareholder voting against the Business Combination will have the right to convert its shares of common stock into a pro rata share of the aggregate amount then on deposit in the trust account (net of taxes payable, and amounts disbursed to management for working capital purposes), provided that the Business Combination is approved and consummated; ⁵

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

^{3 17} CFR 240.19b-4.

⁴ Shares held by directors, officers, or their immediate families and other concentrated holding of 10 percent or more are excluded in calculating the number of publicly-held shares.

⁵ An AC can establish a limit (set no lower than 10% of the shares sold in the AC's IPO) as to the maximum number of shares with respect to which any public shareholder, together with any affiliate of such shareholder or any person with whom such shareholder is acting as a "group" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) may exercise conversion rights;