withdrawal request must also include a commitment to pay any reregistration fees due and to fulfill any applicable unsatisfied data requirements.

Table 2 of this unit includes the names and addresses of the registrants of the products in Table 1 of this unit:

TABLE 2.—REGISTRANTS REQUESTING VOLUNTARY CANCELLATION

EPA Company Number	Company Name and Address
9779	Agriliance, LLC, 5600 Cenex Drive, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077–1723
62719	Dow AgroSciences, LLC, 9330 Zionsville Road, In- dianapolis, IN 46268– 1054
71085	RiceCo, LLC, 5100 Poplar Avenue, Suite 2428, Memphis, TN 38137– 2428

B. Provisions for Disposition of Existing Stocks

The Agency intends to prohibit the sale and distribution of existing stocks of the affected propanil products (EPA Registration Nos. 9779–338, 62719–386, 62719–403, 62719–404, 62719–413, and 71085–22) 12 months after publication of this Notice on June 28, 2004.

This is in accordance with the Agency's statement of policy as prescribed in the **Federal Register** of June 26, 1991 (56 FR 29362) (FRL–3846–4).

Exceptions will be made if EPA determines that a product poses a risk concern, or is in noncompliance with reregistration requirements, or is subject to a Data Call-In. In all cases, product-specific disposition dates will be given in the cancellation orders.

Existing stocks are those stocks of registered pesticide products which are currently in the United States and which have been packaged, labeled, and released for shipment prior to the effective data of the cancellation action. Unless the provisions of an earlier order apply, existing stocks already in the hands of dealers or users can be distributed, sold, or used legally until they are exhausted, provided that such further sale and use comply with the EPA-approved label and labeling of the affected product. Exception to these general rules will be made in specific cases when more stringent restrictions on sale, distribution, or use of the products or their ingredients have already been imposed, as in a Special Review action, or where the Agency has

identified significant potential risk concerns associated with a particular chemical.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Propanil, Pesticides and pests.

Dated: June 16, 2003.

Richard P. Keigwin, Jr.,

Director, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 03–16331 Filed 6–26–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7518-6]

Casmalia Disposal Site; Notice of Proposed CERCLA Administrative De Minimis Settlement

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 122(i) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9622(i), the EPA is hereby providing notice of a proposed administrative de minimis settlement concerning the Casmalia Disposal Site in Santa Barbara County, California ("the Casmalia Disposal Site"). Section 122(g) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9622(g), provides EPA with the authority to enter into administrative de minimis settlements. This settlement is intended to resolve the liabilities of 25 settling parties for the Casmalia Disposal Site under CERCLA and section 7003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"), 42 U.S.C. 6973. The settlement will also resolve the Casmalia Disposal Site-related liabilities of these parties for response costs incurred or to be incurred by the State of California, and for potential natural resource damage claims by State natural resource trustees. For all but one of the settling parties, the settlement will also resolve their Casmalia Disposal Siterelated liability for response costs incurred or to be incurred, and potential natural resource damage claims, by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The settling parties will pay a total of \$8,189,681 to EPA.

DATES: EPA will receive written comments relating to the settlement until July 28, 2003. The EPA will

consider all comments it receives during this period, and may modify or withdraw its consent to the settlement if any comments disclose facts or considerations indicating that the settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. In accordance with section 7003(d) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. 6973(d), commenters may request an opportunity for a public meeting in the affected area. The deadline for requesting a public meeting is July 7, 2003. Requests for a public meeting may be made by calling Karen Goldberg at (415) 972–3951.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to Casmalia Case Team, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street (mail code SFD–7), San Francisco, California 94105–3901.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Additional information about the Casmalia Disposal Site and about the proposed settlement may be obtained on the Casmalia Web site at: http://yosemite.epa.gov/r9/sfund/overview.nsf or by calling Karen Goldberg at (415) 972–3951.

Dated: June 12, 2003.

Nancy Lindsay,

Acting Director, Superfund Division, Region IX.

[FR Doc. 03–16329 Filed 6–26–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

June 18, 2003.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility;