

development of public housing with Federal funds and through other means, including mixed-finance development.

Respondents: Members of Affected Public: State, Local or Local

Governments and Non-profit organizations.

Estimated Number of Respondents: See table below.

Estimated Number of Responses: See table below.

Frequency of Response: See table below.

Average Hours per Response: See table below.

Total Estimated Burdens: See table below.

Form/document	Number of respondents	Frequency	Total responses	Hours per response	Total hours	Cost per hour	Total cost
1 Core Activity	2,800	1	2,800	2	5,600	\$44.10	\$246,960
2 5-Yr Plan	2,000	1	2,000	2	4,000	44.10	176,400
3 Annual Stmt/Budget	2,800	3	8,400	1	8,400	44.10	370,440
4 P&E	2,800	0.5	1,475	1	1,475	44.10	65,048
5 Document Management Center	2,800	2	5,600	0.5	2,800	44.10	123,480
6 Additional Capital Resources	15	1	15	0.5	7.5	44.10	331
7 EPC	30	1	30	120	3,600	44.10	158,760
8 Public Housing Development	60	1	60	120	7,200	44.10	317,520
8 Mixed Finance Early Warning	60	1	60	0.33	20	44.10	882
Totals	2,800	Varies	20,440	Varies	33,102.5	44.10	1,459,820

The follow are the specific revisions to the public burden by instrument:

1. The projected labor burden was decreased for Core Activity due to grantees becoming familiar with navigating that aspect of the EPIC system and because submissions after the first reporting cycle for a grant will be an update to the initial submitted report and will require less labor to complete. This reduced hours from the collection 3,250 hours.

2. P&E Reports are no longer required annually, reducing the number of responses and hours by 7,025.

3. RHF data will no longer be collected as that program is being phased out of CFP, reducing the number of collection hours by 25.

4. The Annual Statement/Budget total number of responses dropped by 100 due to the total number of respondents being lowered.

5. EPIC now collects copies of documents previously submitted on paper covered by CFP, Annual Plan and ACC PRA adding collection hours of 2,800.

6. EPIC has added a way for PHA to request to use additional capital resources via EPIC, increasing collection hours of 7.5.

B. Solicitation of Public Comment

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected parties concerning the collection of information described in Section A on the following:

(1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

(5) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

HUD encourages interested parties to submit comment in response to these questions.

C. Authority

Section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 as amended.

Colette Pollard,

*Department Reports Management Officer,
Office of Policy Development and Research,
Chief Data Officer.*

[FR Doc. 2022-10685 Filed 5-17-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-67-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

**[223A2100DD/AAKC001030/
AOA501010.999900]**

Self-Governance PROGRESS Act Negotiated Rulemaking Committee Establishment

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of establishment.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Interior (DOI) is establishing the Self-Governance PROGRESS Act Negotiated

Rulemaking Committee (Committee).

The Committee will negotiate and advise the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) on a proposed rule to implement the Practical Reforms and Other Goals To Reinforce the Effectiveness of Self-Governance and Self-Determination for Indian Tribes Act of 2019 (PROGRESS Act).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Vickie Hanvey, Designated Federal Officer; telephone: (918) 931-0745; email: Vickie.hanvey@bia.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On October 21, 2020, the PROGRESS Act was signed into law. *See* Public Law 116-180. The PROGRESS Act amends subchapter I of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (ISDEAA), 25 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*, which addresses Indian Self-Determination, and subchapter IV of the ISDEAA, which addresses DOI's Tribal Self-Governance Program. The PROGRESS Act calls for a negotiated rulemaking committee to be established under 5 U.S.C. 565, with membership consisting only of representatives of Federal and Tribal governments, with the Office of Self-Governance serving as the lead agency for the DOI. The PROGRESS Act also authorizes the Secretary to adapt negotiated rulemaking procedures to the unique context of self-governance and the government-to-government relationship between the United States and Indian Tribes.

On February 1, 2021, a notice in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 7656) announced the DOI's intent to form the negotiated rulemaking committee under the PROGRESS Act. On November 23, 2021, a notice in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 66491) announced the proposed membership. The Committee will

negotiate and advise the Secretary on a proposed rule to implement the Practical Reforms and Other Goals To Reinforce the Effectiveness of Self-Governance and Self-Determination for Indian Tribes Act of 2019 (PROGRESS Act). The November 23, 2021, notice discussed the issues to be negotiated and the interest group representatives proposed as members of the Committee. The Secretary received additional proposed nominations in response to the notice and considered the nominations based on the qualifications outlined in the notice for approval. The

nominees were approved to join the Committee and are included in this **Federal Register** notice.

The purpose of the Committee is to serve as an advisory committee under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) (5 U.S.C. App.), and the Negotiated Rulemaking Act of 1996 (NRA) (5 U.S.C. 561 *et seq.*). The Committee will use a negotiated rulemaking process to develop regulations for implementation of the PROGRESS Act to amend, delete, and add provisions to the existing regulations at 25 CFR part 1000 Annual

Funding Agreements Under the Tribal Self-Government Act Amendments to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Act, which addresses Tribal Self-Governance compacts. All open public meetings will be published in future **Federal Register** notice.

II. Committee Membership

The Committee will be formed in full compliance with the requirements of the NRA, FACA, and the PROGRESS Act. The Secretary appoints the following seven primary Tribal representatives to the Committee.

Appointed primary tribal representative	Affiliation
W. Ron Allen, Chairman/CEO	Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe.
Melanie Benjamin, Chief Executive	Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe.
Richard Peterson, President	Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska.
Michael Dolson, Councilman	The Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation.
Melanie Fourkiller, Director of Self-Governance	Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma.
Russel (Buster) Attebery, Chairman	Karuk Tribe.
Karen Fierro, Self-Governance Director	Ak-Chin Indian Community.

The Secretary appoints the following seven alternate Tribal representatives:

Appointed alternate tribal representative	Affiliation
Sandra Sampson, Board Treasurer	Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation.
Jennifer Webster, Councilwoman	Oneida Nation.
Gerry Hope, Transportation Director, Former Tribal Leader	Sitka Tribe of Alaska.
Jody LaMere, Councilwoman	Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation.
Lana Butler, Secretary	Sac and Fox Nation.
Will Micklin, Second Vice President	Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska.
Annette Bryan, Council Member	Puyallup Tribes of Indians.

The Secretary appoints the following six primary Federal representatives:

Name	Affiliation
Sharee Freeman, Director	Office of Self-Governance, Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.
Bryan Shade, Attorney-Advisor	Division of Indian Affairs, Office of the Solicitor.
Kelly Titensor, Native American Affairs Advisor	Bureau of Reclamation.
Bryon Loosle, Division Chief	National Conservation Lands, Bureau of Land and Minerals Management.
Scott Aikin, National Native American Programs Coordinator	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Head Quarters.
Rose Petoskey, Senior Counselor to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.	Office of the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

The Secretary appoints the following six alternate Federal representatives:

Name	Affiliation
Matt Kallappa, Northwest Field Office Manager	Office of Self-Governance, Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.
Jody Schwarz, Attorney-Advisor	Division of Indian Affairs, Office of the Solicitor.
Vicki Cook, Native American and International Affairs Office	Bureau of Reclamation.
C. David Johnson, Tribal Liaison	Bureau of Land and Minerals Management.
Dorothy FireCloud, Native American Affairs Liaison	National Park Service.
Samuel Kohn, Senior Counselor to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.	Office of the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

III. Public Disclosure of Comments

Written comments may be sent to the Designated Federal Officer listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section above. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask in your comment that DOI withhold your personal identifying information from public review, DOI cannot guarantee that it will be able to do so.

IV. Authority

This notice is published in accordance with the NRA, FACA, and the PROGRESS Act.

Bryan Newland,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2022–10583 Filed 5–17–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4337–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0033924;
PPWOCRADNO–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office, Anchorage, AK

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office (BLM) has completed an inventory of human remains, in consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and present-day Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request to the BLM. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to

request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the BLM at the address in this notice by June 17, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert E. King, Bureau of Land Management, 222 W 7th Avenue, #13, Anchorage, AK 99513, telephone (907) 271–5510, email r2king@blm.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains under the control of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office, Anchorage, AK. The human remains were removed from King Island, AK.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the BLM with the help of the University of Alaska Museum of the North professional staff and in consultation with representatives of the King Island Native Community.

History and Description of the Remains

At some unknown date between the late 1940s and the late 1970s, human remains representing, at minimum, one individual were removed from an unknown location on King Island by William Laughlin. During those years, Laughlin was associated, variously, with several universities. The human remains listed in this notice were found at the University of Michigan Museum of Anthropological Archaeology in Ann Arbor. They had been deposited there due to Laughlin's collaboration on archeological work in Alaska with Ted P. Bank II of the University of Michigan. Realizing the human remains had been removed from BLM lands on King Island, in 2014, the University of Michigan transferred the human remains to the Bureau of Land Management in Anchorage, AK. In late 2018, BLM transferred the human remains to the University Museum of the North in Fairbanks, AK, for temporary housing pending repatriation. The human remains, comprising one tooth and multiple cranial fragments,

belong to an adult of unknown sex. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

At minimum, the human remains are more than 200 years old. They are determined to be Native American based on their provenience (King Island, AK), condition, and morphology. Archeological and oral traditional information show a relationship of shared group identity between the past and present-day residents on or from King Island. The present-day residents of King Island, AK, are represented by the King Island Native Community of Nome, AK.

Determinations Made by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office

Officials of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and King Island Native Community.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Robert E. King, Bureau of Land Management, 222 W 7th Avenue, #13, Anchorage, AK 99513, telephone (907) 271–5510, email r2king@blm.gov, by June 17, 2022. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the King Island Native Community may proceed.

The U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office is responsible for notifying the King Island Native Community that this notice has been published.

Dated: May 10, 2022.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2022–10649 Filed 5–17–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P