manage stocks of living marine resources in the AIDCP Area; making recommendations to the U.S. Government regarding research needs related to the eastern Pacific Ocean tuna purse seine fishery; promoting the regular and timely full exchange of data among the Parties on a variety of matters related to the implementation of the AIDCP; and consulting with other experts as necessary in order to achieve the objectives of the Agreement.

General Provisions

Each appointed member of the Committee and the Subcommittee/ NATSAC is appointed for a term of 3 years and may be reappointed. Logistical and administrative support for the operation of the Subcommittee will be provided by the Department of State, Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs, and by the Department of Commerce, National Marine Fisheries Service. Members receive no compensation for their service on the Subcommittee/NATSAC, nor will members be compensated for travel or other expenses associated with their participation.

Procedures for Submitting Applications/Nominations

Applications/nominations for the Scientific Advisory Subcommittee/NATSAC should be submitted to the Department of State (See ADDRESSES). Such applications/nominations should include the following information:

- (1) Full name/address/phone/fax and e-mail of applicant/nominee;
- (2) Applicant/nominee's organization or professional affiliation serving as the basis for the application/nomination;
- (3) Background statement describing the applicant/nominee's qualifications and experience, especially as related to the tuna purse seine fishery in the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean or other factors relevant to the implementation of the Convention establishing the IATTC or the AIDCP;
- (4) A written statement from the applicant/nominee of intent to participate actively and in good faith in the meetings and activities of the Scientific Advisory Subcommittee/NATSAC. Applicants/nominees who submitted material in response to the Federal Register notices published by the U.S. Department of State on November 12, 2002 and February 5, 2003 need not resubmit their applications pursuant to this notice.

Dated: December 1, 2003.

David A. Balton,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Oceans and Fisheries, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 03–31134 Filed 12–16–03; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4710–09–P**

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Determinations Under the African Growth and Opportunity Act

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Trade Representative (USTR) has determined that Cote d'Ivoire has adopted an effective visa system and related procedures to prevent unlawful transshipment and the use of counterfeit documents in connection with shipment of textile and apparel articles and has implemented and follows, or making substantial progress toward implementing and following, the customs procedures required by the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA). Therefore, imports of eligible products from Cote d'Ivoire qualify for the textile and apparel benefits provided under the AGOA.

DATES: December 17, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patrick Coleman, Director for African Affairs, Office of the United States Trade Representative, (202) 395–9514.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The AGOA (Title I of the Trade and Development Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-200, as amended by section 3108 of the Trade Act of 2002) provides preferential tariff treatment for imports of certain textile and apparel products of beneficiary sub-Saharan African Countries. The textile and apparel trade benefits under the AGOA are available to imports of eligible products from countries that the President designates as "beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries," provided that these countries: (1) Have adopted an effective visa system and related procedures to prevent unlawful transshipment and the use of counterfeit documents; and (2) have implemented and follow, or are making substantial progress toward implementing and following, certain customs procedures that assist the Customs Service in verifying the origin of the products.

In Proclamation 7561 (May 16, 2002), the President designated Cote d'Ivoire as a "beneficiary sub-Saharan African country" and proclaimed that, for

purposes of section 112(b)(3)(B) of the AGOA, Cote d'Ivoire shall be considered a lesser developed beneficiary sub-Saharan African country. In Proclamation 7350 (October 2, 2002), the President delegated to the USTR the authority to determine whether designated countries have met the two requirements described above. The President directed the USTR to announce any such determinations in the Federal Register and to implement them through modifications of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS). Based on actions that Cote d'Ivoire has taken, I have determined that Cote d'Ivoire has satisfied these two requirements.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority vested in the USTR by Proclamation 7350, U.S. note 7(a) to subchapter II of chapter 98 of the HTS, and U.S. notes 1 and 2(d) to subchapter XIX of chapter 98 of the HTS are each modified by inserting "Cote d'Ivoire" in alphabetical sequence in the list of countries. The foregoing modifications to the HTS are effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the effective date of this notice. Importers claiming preferential tariff treatment under the AGOA for entries of textile and apparel articles should ensure that those entries meet the applicable visa requirements. See Visa Requirements Under the African Growth and Opportunity Act, 66 FR 7837 (2001).

Robert B. Zoellick,

United States Trade Representative. [FR Doc. 03–31133 Filed 12–16–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3190–W3–M

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Determinations Under the African Growth and Opportunity Act

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The United States Trade
Representative (USTR) has determined
that Niger has adopted an effective visa
system and related procedures to
prevent unlawful transshipment and the
use of counterfeit documents in
connection with shipments of textile
and apparel articles and has
implemented and follows, or is making
substantial progress toward
implementing and following, the
customs procedures required by the
African Growth and Opportunity Act
(AGOA). Therefore, imports of eligible

products from Niger qualify for the textile and apparel benefits provided under the AGOA.

DATES: Effective December 17, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patrick Coleman, Director for African Affairs, Office of the United States Trade Representative, (202) 395–9514.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The AGOA (Title I of the Trade and Development Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-200) provides preferential tariff treatment for imports of certain textile and apparel products of beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries. The textile and apparel trade benefits under the AGOA are available to imports of eligible products from countries that the President designates as "beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries," provided that these countries: (1) Have adopted an effective visa system and related procedures to prevent unlawful transshipment and the use of counterfeit documents; and (2) have implemented and follow, or are making substantial progress toward implementing and following, certain customs procedures that assist the Customs Service in verifying the origin of the products.

In Proclamation 7350 (Oct. 2, 2000), the President designated Niger as a "beneficiary sub-Saharan African country." Proclamation 7350 delegated to the USTR the authority to determine whether designated countries have met the two requirements described above. The President directed the USTR to announce any such determinations in the Federal Register and to implement them through modifications of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS). Based on actions that Niger has taken, I have determined that Niger has satisfied these two requirements.

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority vested in the USTR by Proclamation 7350, U.S. note 7(a) to subchapter II of chapter 98 of the HTS and U.S. note 1 to subchapter XIX of chapter 98 of the HTS are each modified by inserting "Niger" in alphabetical sequence in the list of countries. The foregoing modifications to the HTS are effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the effective date of this notice. Importers claiming preferential tariff treatment under the AGOA for entries of textile and apparel articles should ensure that those entries meet the applicable visa requirements. See Visa Requirements Under the

African Growth and Opportunity Act, 66 FR 7837 (2001).

Robert B. Zoellick,

United States Trade Representative.
[FR Doc. 03–31132 Filed 12–16–03; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3190–W3–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Aircraft Certification Policy Notice

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (DOT).

ACTION: Notice of availability and requests for public comment; correction.

SUMMARY: This action corrects the Internet address needed to acquire a copy of the proposed Certification Policy Notice for approving Complex Supplemental Type Certificates (STC). This action also includes under the heading ADDRESSES, an Internet address for those persons who desire to submit their comments electronically.

DATES: Identify comments as Certification Policy Complex STC and they must arrive by February 12, 2004. ADDRESSES: Send all comments on the proposed Certification Policy Notice to: Federal Aviation Administration, Aircraft Certification Service, Aircraft Engineering Division, Room 815, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591. Attn: Stephen (Steve) Flanagan, AIR-110. Or, deliver comments to: Federal Aviation Administration, Room 815, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591. You may electronically submit comments on the proposal to the following Internet address: 9-awa-avr-airpolicycomments@faa.gov. Include in the subject line of your e-Mail message the words "Complex STC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Stephen (Steve) Flanagan, Aerospace Engineer, Federal Aviation Administration, Aircraft Certification Service, Aircraft Engineering Division, Certification Procedures Branch, AIR–110, Room 815, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, Telephone (202) 267–3549, FAX (202) 267–5340. E-mail steve.flanagan@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

You may comment on the proposed Certification Policy Notice listed in this notice by sending such written data, views, or arguments to the above listed address. You may also examine comments received on the proposed Certification Policy Notice, before and after the comment closing date, in Room 815, FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, weekdays except Federal holidays, between 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. The Director of the Aircraft Certification Service will consider all communications received by the closing date before issuing the final Certification Policy Notice.

Background

We typically issue STCs that permit installation on any aircraft of a specific type and model designation. Aircraft compatibility is addressed by the following limitation: "The installer is responsible for determining the compatibility of this STC with other previously approved modifications." Nevertheless there have been installations made on inappropriate aircraft. These inappropriate installations could have been prevented if STC approvals were restricted to a specified baseline aircraft configuration that includes details of the STC physical and functional interfaces with the prototype aircraft.

Applicant's installation drawings or other installation instructions have not always been detailed enough for accurate replication of the design. This is especially true when follow-on STC installations occur at facilities other than that used by the STC holder for the prototype installation.

The STC certification process does not adequately address how to evaluate the compatibility of an STC with other previously installed STCs, major alterations or repairs. We need a more rigorous compatibility evaluation for certain STCs. This proposed policy ensures that the modified aircraft will be airworthy.

How To Get Copies

You may get a copy of the proposed Certification Policy Notice via the Internet at, http://www.airweb.faa.gov/rgl, or by contacting the person listed in the section titled FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

Issued in Washington, DC, on December 11, 2003.

Nancy Lane,

Acting Manager, Aircraft Engineering Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 03–31097 Filed 12–16–03; 8:45 am]