unlade imported merchandise, baggage, or passengers. It is also used to request overtime services from CBP officers in connection with lading or unlading of merchandise, or the entry or clearance of a vessel, including the boarding of a vessel for preliminary supplies, ship's stores, sea stores, or equipment not to be re-laden. CBP Form 3171 is provided for by 19 CFR 4.10, 4.30, 4.39, 4.91, 10.60, 24.16, 122.38, 123.8, 146.32 and 146.34.

This form is accessible at: http://www.cbp.gov/newsroom/publications/forms?title=3171.

This form is anticipated to be submitted electronically as part of the maritime forms automation project through the Vessel Entrance and Clearance System (VECS), which will eliminate the need for any paper submission of any vessel entrance or clearance requirements under the above referenced statutes and regulations. VECS will still collect and maintain the same data but will automate the capture of data to reduce or eliminate redundancy with other data collected by CBP.

Type of Information Collection: Form 3171.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 2.624.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 72.

Estimated Number of Total Annual Responses: 188,928.

Estimated Time per Response: 8

minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden

Hours: 25,190 hours.

Dated: May 18, 2022.

### Seth D. Renkema,

Branch Chief, Economic Impact Analysis Branch, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

[FR Doc. 2022–10997 Filed 5–20–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

# Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID: FEMA-2022-0015; OMB No. 1660-0117]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request; FEMA's Grants Reporting Tool (GRT)

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice of reinstatement and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public to take this opportunity to comment on a reinstatement, without change, of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning the collection of information necessary for the Grants Reporting Tool (GRT).

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before July 22, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments at *www.regulations.gov* under Docket ID FEMA–2022–0015. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket ID, and will be posted, without change, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal at <a href="http://www.regulations.gov">http://www.regulations.gov</a>, and will include any personal information you provide. Therefore, submitting this information makes it public. You may wish to read the Privacy and Security Notice that is available via a link on the homepage of <a href="https://www.regulations.gov">www.regulations.gov</a>.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jennifer Garza, Acting Senior Advisor, jennifer.garza@fema.dhs.gov or (202) 786–9602. You may contact the Information Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at email address: FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Grants Reporting Tool (GRT) is a web-based reporting system designed to help State Administrative Agencies (SAAs) meet all reporting requirements as identified in the grant guidance of FEMA's portfolio of preparedness grants managed by the FEMA's Grant Programs Directorate (GPD).

Title 2 CFR, part 200 (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards), establishes uniform administrative rules for assistance awards and subawards to State, local and Indian Tribal governments. FEMA determined that it is necessary to automate the grant reporting process to have consistent implementation of FEMA grant administration policies, to reduce duplicative and tedious data entry, to measure preparedness gains more effectively, and to streamline application submission and management for recipients and subrecipients.

Title XX of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 authorizes the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the FEMA Administrator, to provide grants

to assist State, local, and Tribal governments in preventing, preparing for, protecting against, and responding to acts of terrorism. Recipients use the GRT to submit annual investment justifications and biannual progress reports. Further, section 2022 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 612) mandates that FEMA review grants awarded to states and high-risk urban areas at least every two years and requires that recipients submit annual reports on the use of funds awarded under sections 2003 or 2004 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 604, 605, respectively). Section 2022 also provides DHS the authority to have full access to information regarding activities carried out under any grant DHS administers. Additionally, Section 662 of the Post-

Act of 2006 (PKEMRA), as amended, (Pub. L. 109-295) (6 U.S.C. 762); the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Pub. L. 93–288) (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.); the Earthquake Hazards Reduction Act of 1977, as amended (Pub. L. 95-124) (42 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.); and the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (Pub. L. 90448) (42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) authorize FEMA to administer the Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program. The primary purpose of the EMPG program is to provide grants to assist State, local, Tribal and territorial

Katrina Emergency Management Reform

### **Collection of Information**

Title: FEMA's Grants Reporting Tool (GRT).

emergency management agencies to

System (NPS) and to support the

submit biannual progress reports.

implement the National Preparedness

National Preparedness Goal of a secure

and resilient nation. Recipients funding

under this authorization use the GRT to

Type of Information Collection: Reinstatement, without change, of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired.

OMB Number: 1660–0117. FEMA Forms: FEMA Form FF–207– FY–22–121, Biannual Strategy Implementation Report (BSIR).

Abstract: The GRT is a web-based reporting system designed to help State Administrative Agencies (SAAs) and directly eligible tribes meet all reporting requirements as identified in the grant guidance of FEMA's portfolio of preparedness grants sponsored by FEMA's Grant Programs Directorate (GPD). The information enables FEMA to evaluate applications and make award decisions, monitor ongoing performance, and manage the flow of

Federal funds, and to appropriately close out grants. GRT supports the information collection needs of each grant program processed in the system.

Affected Public: State, Local or Tribal government.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 81.

Estimated Number of Responses: 162. Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 2,471.

Estimated Total Annual Respondent Cost: \$111,442.

Estimated Respondents' Operation and Maintenance Costs: \$0.

Estimated Respondents' Capital and Start-Up Costs: \$0.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to the Federal Government: \$1,259,210.

#### Comments

Comments may be submitted as indicated in the ADDRESSES caption above. Comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

### Millicent Brown Wilson,

Records Management Branch Chief, Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Mission Support, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security. [FR Doc. 2022–10975 Filed 5–20–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-78-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

[Docket Number DHS-2022-0032]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Migrant Protection Protocols (MPP) Disenrollment Request System

**AGENCY:** Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Homeland Security, will submit the following Information Collection Request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

**DATES:** Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until July 22, 2022. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.1.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by docket number Docket #DHS-2022-0032, at:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Please follow the instructions for submitting comments.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and docket number Docket #DHS-2022-0032. All comments received will be posted without change to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to http://www.regulations.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Headquarters (HQ) Migrant Protection Protocols (MPP) program is a U.S. Government program, initiated in January 2019 pursuant to Section 235(b)(2)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA). Under MPP, the United States returns to Mexico certain citizens and nationals of countries in the Western Hemisphere other than Mexico while their U.S. removal proceedings are pending.

On June 1, 2021, the Secretary of Homeland Security determined that MPP should be terminated and issued a memorandum to that effect. On August 13, 2021, however, the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas determined in *Texas* v. *Biden* that the June 1, 2021 memo was not issued in compliance with the Administrative Procedure Act and INA and ordered DHS to "enforce and implement MPP in good faith." See *Texas* v. *Biden*, No. 2:21–cv–067, 2021 WL 3603341 (N.D. Tex. Aug. 13, 2021).

On October 29, 2021, after an extensive and comprehensive review, the Secretary of Homeland Security issued a new memorandum terminating MPP, which DHS will implement as soon as practicable after issuance of a

final judicial decision to vacate the Texas injunction. Until that time, the Department continues to comply with the Texas injunction requiring goodfaith implementation and enforcement of MPP. To carry out the court order requiring good-faith implementation and enforcement of MPP, the Department is proposing a new data collection. To achieve efficiencies and ensure consistency with MPP guidance, DHS seeks to create a public-facing MPP Disenrollment Request website.

All information entered by individuals into the MPP Disenrollment Request System will be used by DHS employees and staff to determine whether, consistent with DHS MPP guidance, an individual should be disenrolled from MPP. Decisions whether to enroll or disenroll individuals from MPP are at DHS's discretion, and the disenrollment request process does not create any obligation or private right of action enforceable in administrative or judicial proceedings. Information submitted will be used to ensure that enrollments are consistent with DHS MPP guidance.

DHS anticipates individual review requests will primarily fall into the following categories:

- 1. An MPP enrollee believes they meet one of the criteria that should counsel in favor of their exemption and therefore should not have been placed in the program.
- 2. An MPP enrollee was not given access to a *non-refoulement* interview and wished to have one.
- 3. An MPP enrollee has experienced a materially changed circumstance such that they now may meet one of the criteria that should counsel in favor of their exception from MPP or may now be able to establish a reasonable possibility of persecution or torture if they were to receive a non-refoulement interview.

The purpose of the public facing MPP Disenrollment Request website is to provide an avenue for individuals to initiate a request for disenrollment from MPP should they believe they should not be included in the MPP program. The website will also provide additional information to the users as well. Once an individual has provided information, the government will have the ability to determine whether an individual is incorrectly placed in MPP processing. The information to be collected for self-disclosure is listed below.