renewed and renamed as ACES on March 4, 2024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Committee was first established in May 2002 to advise the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere on matters relating to the U.S. commercial remote sensing industry and NOAA's activities to carry out the responsibilities of the Department of Commerce set forth in the National and Commercial Space Programs Act of 2010 (the Act), title 51 U.S.C. 60101 et seq. (formerly the Land Remote Sensing Policy Act of 1992, 15 U.S.C. 5621–5625).

ACES will have a fairly balanced membership consisting of no more than 25 members serving in a representative or Special Government Employee capacity. The members should represent a variety of space policy, engineering, technical, science, legal, and finance professionals with significant expertise in the commercial space industry. Each candidate member shall be recommended by the Director of NOAA's Office of Space Commerce (OSC) and shall be appointed by the Under Secretary or the OSC Director, generally for a term of two years and serve at the discretion of the Under Secretary or OSC Director.

The Committee will function solely as an advisory body, and in compliance with provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. Copies of the Committee's revised Charter have been filed with the appropriate committees of the Congress and with the Library of Congress.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jason Y. Kim, Chief of Staff, NOAA Office of Space Commerce, 1401 Constitution Ave. NW, Room 68015,

Washington, DC 20230; telephone 202–482–6125; email *space.commerce*@ *noaa.gov*.

## Michael C. Morgan,

Assistant Secretary for Environmental Observation and Prediction.

[FR Doc. 2024–05284 Filed 3–12–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-01-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XD786]

Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act Provisions; Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act Provisions; General Provisions for Domestic Fisheries; Application for Exempted Fishing Permits

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Assistant Regional Administrator for Sustainable Fisheries, Greater Atlantic Region, NMFS, has made a preliminary determination that an Exempted Fishing Permit application contains all of the required information and warrants further consideration. The exempted fishing permit would allow federally permitted fishing vessels to fish outside fishery regulations in support of exempted fishing activities proposed by the Maine Department of Marine Resources. Regulations under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act and

the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act require publication of this notification to provide interested parties the opportunity to comment on applications for proposed exempted fishing permits (EFP).

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before March 28, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit written comments by the following method:

• Email: nmfs.gar.efp@noaa.gov. Include in the subject line "MDMR 2024 On-demand EFP"

All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted for public viewing in https://www.noaa.gov/organization/information-technology/foia-reading-room without change. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter "anonymous" as the signature if you wish to remain anonymous).

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christine Ford, Fishery Management Specialist, *Christine.Ford@noaa.gov*, (978) 281–9185.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Maine Department of Marine Resources (MDMR) submitted a complete application for an EFP to conduct commercial fishing activities that the regulations would otherwise restrict to test alternative gear retrieval systems that only use one traditional surface buoy. This EFP would exempt the participating vessels from the following Federal regulations:

# TABLE 1—REQUESTED EXEMPTIONS

CFR citation	Regulation	Need for exemption
50 CFR 697.21(b)(2)	Gear marking requirements	For trial of trap/pot gear with no more than one surface marking on trawls of more than three traps.
50 CFR 648.84(b)	Gear marking requirements	For trial of gillnet gear with no more than one surface marking.

## TABLE 2—PROJECT SUMMARY

Project title	Testing various acoustic on-demand fishing technologies that help minimize the risk of large whale entanglements in trap/pot and gillnet fishing gear in the Gulf of Maine.	
Project Start	Upon Issuance.	
Project End	One year from the date of issuance.	
Project objectives	Provide access, training, and support to fishers in the Gulf of Maine to test acoustic on-demand fishing and gear geolocation technology. Data collected will help provide feedback to manufacturers to adapt to the specific needs of Maine fishers involved in fixed gear fleets. This work is important to reduce the risk associated with vertical lines to the endangered North Atlantic right whale in the Gulf of Maine.	
Project location	Trap/pot: Lobster Management Area 1 and all Maine Lobster Conservation Zones (A, B, C, D, E, F, G). Gillnet: Statistical Areas 513, 514, 515.	
Number of vessels	50 (up to 45 trap/pot; up to 5 gillnet).	

### TABLE 2—PROJECT SUMMARY—Continued

Number of trips, trip duration (days), total number of days, number of tows or sets, and duration of tows or sets.

Gear type(s) ......

See project narrative.

Trap/pot and anchored gillnet.

#### **Project Narrative**

This EFP would allow federally permitted vessels to test alternative gears to reduce entanglement risk to protected species, mainly the North Atlantic right whale, in trap/pot and sink gillnet fisheries. There are two components to this EFP, a gear library component, which is an assortment of devices and technologies to retrieve gear, and a gear geolocation component.

For the gear library component, participating vessels would replace one traditional surface marking with a spring-tag or timed-release retrieval system, a buoy and stowed-rope system, or a lift-bag system. A spring-tag retrieval system uses a low breaking strength (<1,700 pounds (lb) (<771 kilograms (kg))) buoy line that releases a stowed retrieval line of greater breaking strength when subjected to tension (>75 lb (>34 kg)). A timedrelease retrieval system releases a stowed line after a programmed pre-set soak time. A buoy and stowed-rope system or a lift-bag system uses an acoustic trigger sent from the vessel to release the retrieval system, once the vessel is in close proximity to the gear. Each vessel would modify two trawls or strings by replacing one of the traditional vertical lines with one of the available on-demand retrieval systems, resulting in no additional vertical lines in the water. Vessels would be required to use one traditional surface marking on the other end of trap trawls of more than three traps and on all gillnet gear. For trap trawls of fewer than three traps, vessels would still use one traditional surface marking, in addition to the ondemand retrieval system; therefore, there would be no fully ropeless trawls. Other than gear markings, all trap trawls and gillnet strings would be consistent with the regulations of the management area where the vessel is fishing and would be fished in accordance with the participating vessels' standard operations (i.e., number and length of trips, soak times, trap limits, etc.).

The gear geolocation component of this project will include a subset (up to 10) of the trap/pot vessels participating in the gear library component. Vessels would use acoustic positioning systems from any of the five available manufacturers (Teledyne Benthos, Ropeless Systems, Ashored, Nova

Robotics, and Advanced Navigation), and would modify up to three trawls by replacing one of the traditional vertical lines with either a buoy and stowedrope system or a lift-bag system to communicate with the acoustic positioning systems. The trawls would be set at different distances apart, within a density slightly greater than common gear densities, allowed to soak no longer than one hour each, and then be retrieved in rapid succession. The focus of this component would be testing the acoustic positioning systems to determine the extent of difference between acoustic geolocation and surface buoy or surface GPS geolocation, as well as testing the performance of the different acoustic positioning systems in an environment where multiple acoustic signals are being transmitted simultaneously. Up to 10 discrete single-day gear geolocation trials would be conducted within the fishing year. These trials would increase trap/pot effort via short soaks and high rate of retrieval. However, catch per unit effort would be reduced. Any legal catch would be kept for sale.

MDMR researchers anticipate up to 5,200 total hauls of hybrid trap/pot trawls or gillnet strings for the gear library component, and up to an additional 150 retrievals of hybrid trap/ pot trawls for the gear geolocation component. Trap trawls would be consistent with Atlantic Large Whale Take Reduction Plan (ALWTRP) regulations. Trawls would not exceed 50 traps per trawl and the gear library component trawls would soak for approximately 3 days (and not more than 30 days). Gillnets would be consistent with ALWTRP and Harbor Porpoise Take Reduction Plan (HPTRP) regulations. Gillnets would use 15-30.5 centimeters (cm) mesh, would not exceed 3,200 meters (m), and would soak for a period of approximately 24 hours (and not more than 30 days).

To ensure broad participation and target areas where data is needed, MDMR has requested the flexibility to modify the participant vessel list and would submit modifications to the active participants list one month in advance. MDMR and the gear manufacturers will distribute gear and train all participants on its use. Scientific observers may accompany the

participants on up to two trips per vessel, within budget and safety limitations. MDMR would provide standardized data collection sheets to all participants, but individually identifiable data will only be made public with the express permission of the vessel owner. Additionally, MDMR has requested an EFP Interactive Voice Response (IVR) reporting waiver for those trap/pot vessels not typically subject to IVR reporting; the applicant states that this requirement is a barrier to fishermen recruitment to this project, and is duplicative of the required eVTR reporting.

The project objectives are to: (1) Collect data on deployments and retrievals of various acoustic on-demand fishing gears within the trap/pot and gillnet fisheries in the Gulf of Maine; (2) provide support and training to fishers on various on-demand technologies; (3) assess fishing areas that may be best suited for adopting the tested retrieval systems; (4) increase familiarity within the trap/pot and gillnet fisheries with on-demand gear; (5) provide feedback to on-demand fishing gear manufacturers to increase performance under commercial fishery conditions; (6) trial gear geolocation and marking systems that promote interoperability for fishers and management; and (7) compare the relative precision of various gear geolocation technologies to improve understanding of how transitioning to acoustic technologies may impact fishing behavior.

MDMR has proposed the following best management and risk reduction practices:

- Experimental buoy lines would be marked with unique white and blue markings above the required regional markings;
- All vessels would provide mandatory, weekly gear loss and conflict reports to the Principal Investigator (PI), and the PI would provide monthly gear loss and conflict reports to the NOAA Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office;
- After release, the on-demand vertical lines would be retrieved as quickly as possible to minimize time in the water column;
- All vessels would record right whale sightings on data sheets, and would notify NMFS via email

(ne.rw.survey@noaa.gov), or NOAA via phone (866–755–6622), or the U.S. Coast Guard (Channel 16);

- All vessels would adhere to a 10-knot speed limit when transiting dynamic management areas, transiting areas closed to vertical lines, and/or when whales are observed;
- All vessels would adhere to current approach regulations that create a 500yard (1,500-feet (ft)) buffer zone in the presence of a surfacing right whale and would depart immediately at a safe and slow speed. Hauling any fishing gear would cease once the entire string or trawl was aboard the vessel, to accommodate the regulation, and be redeployed only after it was reasonable to assume the whale left the area; and
- Law enforcement would be able to inspect gear at any time because one traditional surface-marking would be present at all times. The PI would notify law enforcement agencies (NOAA Office of Law Enforcement (OLE) and Maine Marine Patrol) of project participants and activities in advance of the project start date, including:
- Materials related to the redeployment of alternative gearretrieval systems, most relevant to the spring-tagline retrieval system; and
- Information necessary to continue relevant enforcement operations with participant gear.

If approved, the applicant may request minor modifications and extensions to the EFP throughout the year. EFP modifications and extensions may be granted without further notice if they are deemed essential to facilitate completion of the proposed research and have minimal impacts that do not change the scope or impact of the initially approved EFP request. Any fishing activity conducted outside the scope of the exempted fishing activity would be prohibited.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: March 7, 2024.

## Everett Wayne Baxter,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2024–05262 Filed 3–12–24; 8:45 am]

[FR Doc. 2024–05262 Filed 3–12–24; 8:45

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RTID 0648-XD796

Marine Mammals and Endangered Species; File No. 27671

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and

Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; receipt of application.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Northwest Fisheries Science Center, Marine Forensic Laboratory, 2725 Montlake Blvd. East, Seattle, WA 98112 (Kevin Werner, Ph.D., Responsible Party), has applied in due form for a permit to receive, import, and export marine mammal and protected species parts for scientific research.

**DATES:** Written, telefaxed, or email comments must be received on or before April 12, 2024.

ADDRESSES: The application and related documents are available for review by selecting "Records Open for Public Comment" from the "Features" box on the Applications and Permits for Protected Species (APPS) home page, https://apps.nmfs.noaa.gov, and then selecting File No. 27671 from the list of available applications. These documents are also available upon written request via email to NMFS.Pr1Comments@noaa.gov.

Written comments on this application should be submitted via email to *NMFS.Pr1Comments@noaa.gov*. Please include File No. 27671 in the subject line of the email comment.

Those individuals requesting a public hearing should submit a written request via email to *NMFS.Pr1Comments@* noaa.gov. The request should set forth the specific reasons why a hearing on this application would be appropriate.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Malcolm Mohead or Jennifer Skidmore, (301) 427–8401.

supplementary information: The subject permit is requested under the authority of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (MMPA; 16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.), the regulations governing the taking and importing of marine mammals (50 CFR part 216), the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), the regulations governing the taking, importing, and exporting of endangered and threatened species (50 CFR parts 222–226), and the Fur Seal Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1151 et seq.).

The applicant proposes to receive, import, and export samples from up to 100 individual animals from each species of all cetaceans, pinnipeds (excluding walrus), sea turtles (in water), coral, and individual species of fish and abalone listed under the ESA including: black and white abalone, Pacific and Atlantic salmonids, sawfish, sturgeon, sharks, grouper, rockfish, guitarfish, and totoaba. Receipt, import,

and export is requested worldwide. Sources of samples may include animal strandings in foreign countries, foreign and domestic subsistence harvests, captive animals, other authorized persons or collections, incidentally bycaught animals, transfers from law enforcement, and marine mammals that died incidental to commercial fishing operations in the U.S. and foreign countries, where such take is legal. Samples would be archived at the Marine Forensics Laboratories in either Charleston, South Carolina, Seattle, Washington, and Ashland, Oregon. Samples would be used for research, supporting law enforcement actions, and outreach and education. No live takes from the wild would be authorized. The requested duration of the permit is 5 years.

In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*), an initial determination has been made that the activity proposed is categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement.

Concurrent with the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, NMFS is forwarding copies of the application to the Marine Mammal Commission and its Committee of Scientific Advisors.

Dated: March 7, 2024.

#### Julia Marie Harrison,

Chief, Permits and Conservation Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2024-05261 Filed 3-12-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

## **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

# Office of the Secretary

## Board of Visitors, National Defense University; Notice of Federal Advisory Committee Meeting

**AGENCY:** Office of the Chairman Joint Chiefs of Staff, Department of Defense (DoD).

**ACTION:** Notice of Federal advisory committee meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The DoD is publishing this notice to announce that the following Federal Advisory Committee meeting of the Board of Visitors, National Defense University (BoV NDU) will take place.

**DATES:** Thursday, April 18, 2024 from 9:00 a.m. to 3:15 p.m. Eastern Time (ET).

**ADDRESSES:** Marshall Hall, Building 62, Room 155, the National Defense