

Respondents: FHA lenders, borrowers, housing finance agencies and other government agencies that support affordable housing, and Housing Finance Agency (HFA), counsel.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 34,886.

Estimated Number of Responses: 34,886.

Frequency of Response: Once per annum.

Average Hours per Response: 1 hour.

Total Estimated Burden: 18,143.35.

B. Solicitation of Public Comment

This notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affected parties concerning the collection of information described in Section A on the following:

(1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses;

(5) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

HUD encourages interested parties to submit comment in response to these questions.

C. Authority

Section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3507.

Colette Pollard,

Department Reports Management Officer, Office of Policy Development and Research, Chief Data Officer.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R3-NWRS-2022-0097; FF09R50000 22X FVRS8451090000; OMB Control Number 1018-0174]

Agency Information Collection Activities; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Preliminary Land Acquisition Process

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are proposing to renew an existing information collection.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before September 19, 2022.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on the information collection request (ICR) by one of the following methods (please reference "1018-0174" in the subject line of your comments):

- *Internet (preferred):* <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments on Docket No. FWS-R3-NWRS-2022-0097.

- *Email:* Info_Coll@fws.gov.
- *U.S. mail:* Service Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 5275 Leesburg Pike, MS: PRB (JAO/3W), Falls Church, VA 22041-3803.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Madonna L. Baucum, Service Information Collection Clearance Officer, by email at Info_Coll@fws.gov, or by telephone at (703) 358-2503. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) and its implementing regulations at 5 CFR 1320, all information collections require approval under the PRA. We may not conduct or sponsor and you are not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

As part of our continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent

burdens, we invite the public and other Federal agencies to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following:

(1) Whether or not the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether or not the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of our estimate of the burden for this collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) How might the agency minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of response.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: Information collected by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (in support of the land acquisition program) is required under applicable statutes, Department of Justice regulations, Departmental and Service policies, and best business practices. In addition, the land acquisition program facilitates Secretarial Orders 3356 and 3366 by tracking land acquisitions that have potential to support public hunting, fishing, and other forms of outdoor recreation, and access related thereto. Authorities for the collection of realty-related information include:

- U.S. Department of Justice; *Regulations of the Attorney General Governing the Review and Approval of*

Title for Federal Land Acquisitions (2016);

- Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601 *et al.*);
- National Wildlife Refuge Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd);
- Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp Act (16 U.S.C. 718);
- Migratory Bird Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 715–715r, as amended);
- Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (54 U.S.C. 200301 *et seq.*);
- Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*);
- Emergency Wetlands Resources Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 3901); and
- Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956, as amended (16 U.S.C. 742a).

The Service tracks information collected from landowners as part of the preliminary land acquisition process. Information collected by the Service as part of the preliminary land acquisition process may include the following:

- *Initial Requests*—Initial request to consider property, to include such items as:
 - Identifying information for the legal property owner(s), such as:
 - Name of primary property owner, along with spouse and/or co-owner(s) whose names appear on the current deed to the property under review;
 - Marital status;
 - Other names used; and
 - Contact information to include telephone numbers, personal email

addresses, and mailing/home addresses.

- Financial information, to include Social Security Numbers (necessary for final payment transaction).
- Property description, to include such information as:
 - Property name,
 - Location,
 - Legal description, and
 - Introductory information.
- *Permission to Inspect and Appraise* (FWS Form 3–2471)—Collects information about the property owner and location, and grants permission to enter and inspect the property for real estate acquisition purposes. Inspection may include, but is not limited to:
 - Appraisal valuations;
 - Boundary survey;
 - Hazardous materials examination (contaminant survey); and
 - Physical examination of any structures on the property.

We do not use FWS Forms 3–2471 in projects that are under Memoranda of Understanding (MOU), Memoranda of Agreement (MOA), Cooperative Agreements, certain donation partnerships, and other special cases.

- *Waiver of Appraisal Requirement* (FWS Form 3–2461)—Per 49 CFR 24.102(c)(2), a willing-seller landowner may release the Service from the obligation of obtaining an appraisal for (1) land donations and (2) certain land acquisitions where the anticipated value is low and the valuation problem is uncomplicated.

Unless delivered in person, both the Permission to Inspect and Appraise (FWS Form 3–2471) and the Waiver of Appraisal Requirement (FWS Form 3–2461) will contain a cover letter referred to as the Access Permission Letter. The Access Permission Letter does not request any information but is used to explain the form or waiver process.

Information is collected and protected in accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552). We will maintain the information in a secure system of records (Real Property Records, FWS–11; 64 FR 103, dated May 2, 1999). We gather Social Security numbers and banking information to assist with electronic payments and preparation of the required Internal Revenue Service 1099 Forms.

Title of Collection: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Preliminary Land Acquisition Process.

OMB Control Number: 1018–0174.

Form Numbers: 3–2461 and 3–2471.

Type of Review: Extension without change of a currently approved collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals/households, private sector, and State/local/Tribal governments participating in realty transactions with the Service.

Respondent's Obligation: Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

Requirement	Average number of annual respondents	Average number of responses each	Average number of annual responses	Average completion time per response	Estimated annual burden hours *
Initial Requests					
Individuals	129	1	129	.5	65
Private Sector	78	1	78	1	78
Government	13	1	13	2	26
Permission to Inspect and Appraise					
Individuals	57	1	57	.5	29
Private Sector	24	1	24	.5	12
Government	4	1	4	2	8
Waiver of Appraisal Requirement					
Individuals	3	1	3	.5	2
Private Sector	56	1	56	.5	28
Government	9	1	9	2	18
Totals:	373	373	266

* Rounded.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Madonna Baucum,

Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

[FWS–R4–ES–2022–N029;
FVHC98220410150–XXX–FF04H00000]

Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Natural Resource Damage Assessment, Alabama Trustee Implementation Group: Draft Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge Recreation Enhancements: Supplemental Restoration Plan

AGENCY: Department of the Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for public comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA), the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), the *Final Programmatic Damage Assessment Restoration Plan and Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement* (Final PDARP/PEIS), and the Deepwater Horizon (DWH) Consent Decree, the Federal and State natural resource trustee agencies for the Alabama Trustee Implementation Group (Alabama TIG) have prepared the *Draft Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge Recreation Enhancements: Supplemental Restoration Plan* (SRP). The Alabama TIG proposes to add approximately \$1.5 million to the Mobile Street Boardwalk project budget. This would continue the process of restoring lost recreational use in the Alabama Restoration Area that resulted from the DWH oil spill of 2010. We invite comments on the Draft SRP.

DATES: *Submitting Comments:* We will consider public comments on the Draft SRP that we receive on or before August 18, 2022.

ADDRESSES:

Obtaining Documents: You may download the Draft SRP from the following websites:

- <http://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/restoration-areas/alabama>
- <http://www.doi.gov/deepwaterhorizon>

Alternatively, you may request a CD (compact disc) of the Draft SRP (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**).

Submitting Comments: You may submit comments on the Draft SRP by one of the following methods:

- *Via the Web:* <http://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/restoration-areas/alabama>.
- *Via U.S. Mail:* U.S.F.W.S. Gulf Restoration Office, 1875 Century Blvd., Atlanta, GA 30345. In order to be considered, mailed comments must be postmarked on or before the comment deadline given in **DATES**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nanciann Regalado, via email at nanciann_regalado@fws.gov or via telephone at 678–296–6805. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

On April 20, 2010, the mobile offshore drilling unit, Deepwater Horizon, which was being used to drill a well for BP Exploration and Production, Inc. (BP), in the Macondo prospect (Mississippi Canyon 252—MC252), experienced a significant explosion, fire, and subsequent sinking in the Gulf of Mexico, resulting in an unprecedented volume of oil and other discharges from the rig and from the wellhead on the seabed. The DWH oil spill is the largest oil spill in U.S. history, discharging millions of barrels of oil over a period of 87 days. In addition, well over 1 million gallons of dispersants were applied to the waters of the spill area in an attempt to disperse the spilled oil. An undetermined amount of natural gas was also released into the environment as a result of the spill.

State and Federal trustees conducted the natural resource damage assessment (NRDA) for the Deepwater Horizon oil spill under the Oil Pollution Act 1990 (OPA; 33 U.S.C. 2701 *et seq.*). Pursuant to the OPA, Federal and State agencies act as trustees on behalf of the public to assess natural resource injuries and losses and to determine the actions required to compensate the public for those injuries and losses. The OPA further instructs the designated trustees to develop and implement a plan for the restoration, rehabilitation, replacement,

or acquisition of the equivalent of the injured natural resources under their trusteeship, including the loss of use and services from those resources from the time of injury until the completion of restoration to baseline (the resource quality and conditions that would exist if the spill had not occurred).

The Deepwater Horizon Trustees are:

- U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), as represented by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), and Bureau of Land Management;
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), on behalf of the U.S. Department of Commerce;
- U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA);
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA);
- State of Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority, Oil Spill Coordinator's Office, Department of Environmental Quality, Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, and Department of Natural Resources;
- State of Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality;
- State of Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and Geological Survey of Alabama;
- State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection and Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and
- State of Texas: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Texas General Land Office, and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The Trustees reached and finalized a settlement of their natural resource damage claims with BP in an April 4, 2016, Consent Decree approved by the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana. Pursuant to that Consent Decree, restoration projects in the Alabama Restoration Area are now chosen and managed by the Alabama TIG. The Alabama TIG is composed of the following six Trustees: Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, Geological Survey of Alabama, DOI, NOAA, EPA, and USDA.

Background

The Alabama TIG Restoration Plan III/ Environmental Assessment (RP III/EA) selected seven projects for implementation, allocating funds from two restoration types identified in the DWH Consent Decree: “Provide and Enhance Recreational Opportunities” and “Birds.” The Alabama TIG RP III addendum subsequently approved funding for the two projects conditionally approved in the RP III/EA, one of which was the Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge Recreation Enhancement—Mobile Street Boardwalk