

as applicable, the provisions of Office of Management and Budget Circular A–102, Attachments F and G and 7 CFR part 3015, subparts G and H” and adding in their place the words “the provisions of 7 CFR part 3016”;

■ b. Amend the first sentence of paragraph (b)(5)(v) by removing the words “7 CFR part 3015, subpart L” and adding in their place the words “7 CFR part 3016”; and

■ c. Amend paragraph (d) by removing the words “the Department’s Uniform Federal Assistance Regulations, 7 CFR part 3015 subpart N” and adding in their place the words “7 CFR part 3016”.

Dated: July 5, 2006.

Roberto Salazar,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service.

[FR Doc. 06–6185 Filed 7–12–06; 8:45 am]

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

10 CFR Part 72

RIN 3150–AH93

List of Approved Spent Fuel Storage Casks: NUHOMS®HD Addition; Withdrawal of Direct Final Rule

AGENCY: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Direct final rule; withdrawal.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is withdrawing a direct final rule that would have added the Transnuclear, Inc., NUHOMS®HD cask system to the “List of Approved Spent Fuel Storage Casks” to add Certificate of Compliance No. 1030. The NRC is taking this action because it has received significant adverse comments in response to an identical proposed rule which was concurrently published with the direct final rule.

DATES: The final rule published on May 2, 2006 (71 FR 25740) is withdrawn effective July 13, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jayne M. McCausland, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, telephone (301) 415–6219 (e-mail: jmm2@nrc.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 2, 2006 (71 FR 25740), the NRC published in the **Federal Register** a direct final rule amending its regulations in 10 CFR 72.214 to add the Transnuclear, Inc., NUHOMS® HD cask system listing within the “List of Approved Spent Fuel Storage Casks” to add Certificate of

Compliance No. 1030. Holders of power reactor operating licenses would have been allowed to store spent fuel in the NUHOMS®HD cask system under a general license. The direct final rule was to become effective on July 17, 2006. The NRC also concurrently published an identical proposed rule on May 2, 2006 (71 FR 25782).

In the May 2, 2006, direct final rule, NRC stated that if any significant adverse comments were received, a notice of timely withdrawal of the direct final rule would be published in the **Federal Register**. As a result, the direct final rule would not take effect.

The NRC received significant adverse comments on the direct final rule; therefore, the NRC is withdrawing the direct final rule. As stated in the May 2, 2006, direct final rule, NRC will address the comments received on the May 2, 2006, companion proposed rule in a subsequent final rule. The NRC will not initiate a second comment period on this action.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 28th day of June, 2006.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Luis A. Reyes,

Executive Director for Operations.

[FR Doc. E6–11027 Filed 7–12–06; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 201

[Regulation A]

Extensions of Credit by Federal Reserve Banks

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) has adopted final amendments to its Regulation A to reflect the Board’s approval of an increase in the primary credit rate at each Federal Reserve Bank. The secondary credit rate at each Reserve Bank automatically increased by formula as a result of the Board’s primary credit rate action.

DATES: The amendments to part 201 (Regulation A) are effective July 13, 2006. The rate changes for primary and secondary credit were effective on the dates specified in 12 CFR 201.51, as amended.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jennifer J. Johnson, Secretary of the Board (202/452–3259); for users of Telecommunication Devices for the Deaf (TDD) only, contact 202/263–4869.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Reserve Banks make primary and secondary credit available to depository institutions as a backup source of funding on a short-term basis, usually overnight. The primary and secondary credit rates are the interest rates that the twelve Federal Reserve Banks charge for extensions of credit under these programs. In accordance with the Federal Reserve Act, the primary and secondary credit rates are established by the boards of directors of the Federal Reserve Banks, subject to the review and determination of the Board.

The Board approved requests by the Reserve Banks to increase by 25 basis points the primary credit rate in effect at each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, thereby increasing from 6.00 percent to 6.25 percent the rate that each Reserve Bank charges for extensions of primary credit. As a result of the Board’s action on the primary credit rate, the rate that each Reserve Bank charges for extensions of secondary credit automatically increased from 6.50 percent to 6.75 percent under the secondary credit rate formula. The final amendments to Regulation A reflect these rate changes.

The 25-basis-point increase in the primary credit rate was associated with a similar increase in the target for the Federal funds rate (from 5.00 percent to 5.25 percent) approved by the Federal Open Market Committee (Committee) and announced at the same time. A press release announcing these actions indicated that:

Recent indicators suggest that economic growth is moderating from its quite strong pace earlier this year, partly reflecting a gradual cooling of the housing market and the lagged effects of increases in interest rates and energy prices.

Readings on core inflation have been elevated in recent months. Ongoing productivity gains have held down the rise in unit labor costs, and inflation expectations remain contained. However, the high levels of resource utilization and of the prices of energy and other commodities have the potential to sustain inflation pressures.

Although the moderation in the growth of aggregate demand should help to limit inflation pressures over time, the Committee judges that some inflation risks remain. The extent and timing of any additional firming that may be needed to address these risks will depend on the evolution of the outlook for both inflation and economic growth, as implied by incoming information. In any event, the Committee will respond to changes in economic prospects as needed to support the attainment of its objectives.

Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

Pursuant to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), the Board certifies

that the new primary and secondary credit rates will not have a significantly adverse economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because the final rule does not impose any additional requirements on entities affected by the regulation.

Administrative Procedure Act

The Board did not follow the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(b) relating to notice and public participation in connection with the adoption of these amendments because the Board for good cause determined that delaying implementation of the new primary and secondary credit rates in order to allow notice and public comment would be unnecessary and contrary to the public interest in fostering price stability and sustainable economic growth. For these same reasons, the Board also has not provided 30 days prior notice of the effective date of the rule under section 553(d).

List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 201

Banks, Banking, Federal Reserve System, Reporting and recordkeeping.

Authority and Issuance

■ For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Board is amending 12 CFR chapter II to read as follows:

PART 201—EXTENSIONS OF CREDIT BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS (REGULATION A)

■ 1. The authority citation for part 201 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 12 U.S.C. 248(i)–(j), 343 *et seq.*, 347a, 347b, 347c, 348 *et seq.*, 357, 374, 374a, and 461.

■ 2. In § 201.51, paragraphs (a) and (b) are revised to read as follows:

§ 201.51 Interest rates applicable to credit extended by a Federal Reserve Bank.¹

(a) *Primary credit.* The interest rates for primary credit provided to depository institutions under § 201.4(a) are:

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate	Effective
Boston	6.25	June 29, 2006.
New York	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Philadelphia	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Cleveland	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Richmond	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Atlanta	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Chicago	6.25	June 29, 2006.
St. Louis	6.25	June 30, 2006.

¹ The primary, secondary, and seasonal credit rates described in this section apply to both advances and discounts made under the primary, secondary, and seasonal credit programs, respectively.

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate	Effective
Minneapolis	6.25	June 29, 2006.
Kansas City	6.25	July 6, 2006.
Dallas	6.25	June 29, 2006.
San Francisco	6.25	June 29, 2006.

(b) *Secondary credit.* The interest rates for secondary credit provided to depository institutions under 201.4(b) are:

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate	Effective
Boston	6.75	June 29, 2006.
New York	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Philadelphia	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Cleveland	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Richmond	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Atlanta	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Chicago	6.75	June 29, 2006.
St. Louis	6.75	June 30, 2006.
Minneapolis	6.75	June 29, 2006.
Kansas City	6.75	July 6, 2006.
Dallas	6.75	June 29, 2006.
San Francisco	6.75	June 29, 2006.

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By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, July 7, 2006.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. E6–11013 Filed 7–12–06; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA–2006–25175; Directorate Identifier 2006–NM–099–AD; Amendment 39–14670; AD 2006–13–17]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 757–200 Series Airplanes Modified by Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SA979NE

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The FAA is correcting a typographical error in an existing airworthiness directive (AD) that was published in the **Federal Register** on June 28, 2006 (71 FR 36671). The error resulted in the misidentification of the manufacturer name in the product identification line of the regulatory text. This AD applies to certain Boeing Model 757–200 series airplanes. This AD requires a one-time deactivation of the auxiliary fuel system, repetitive

venting and draining of the auxiliary fuel tank sumps, and revising the Limitations section of the airplane flight manual to limit the maximum cargo weight.

DATES: Effective July 13, 2006.

ADDRESSES: The AD docket contains the proposed AD, comments, and any final disposition. You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>, or in person at the Docket Management Facility office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Docket Management Facility office (telephone (800) 647–5227) is located on the plaza level of the Nassif Building at the U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room PL–401, Washington, DC. This docket number is FAA–2006–25175; the directorate identifier for this docket is 2006–NM–099–AD.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jon Hjelm, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe and Propulsion Branch, ANE–171, FAA, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, New York 11590; telephone (516) 228–7323; fax (516) 794–5531.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On June 15, 2006, the FAA issued AD 2006–13–17, amendment 39–14670 (71 FR 36671, June 28, 2006), for certain Boeing Model 757–200 series airplanes. The AD requires a one-time deactivation of the auxiliary fuel system, repetitive venting and draining of the auxiliary fuel tank sumps, and revising the Limitations section of the airplane flight manual to limit the maximum cargo weight.

As published, the manufacturer name is misidentified in the product identification line of the regulatory text.

No other part of the regulatory information has been changed; therefore, the final rule is not republished in the **Federal Register**.

The effective date of this AD remains July 13, 2006.

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

■ In the **Federal Register** of June 28, 2006, on page 36673, in the second column, the product identification line of AD 2006–13–17 is corrected to read as follows:

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2006–13–17 Boeing: Amendment 39–14670.
Docket No. FAA–2006–25175;
Directorate Identifier 2006–NM–099–AD.

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