#### Material Incorporated by Reference

(i) You must use Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767-27A0175, Revision 1, dated June 3, 2004; or Boeing Service Bulletin 767-27A0175, Revision 2, dated August 5, 2004; as applicable; to perform the actions that are required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise. The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of these documents in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207, for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at the NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to http://www.archives.gov/ federal\_register/code\_of\_federal\_regulations/ ibr locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on December 8, 2005.

#### Michael Zielinski,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 05–24054 Filed 12–15–05; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2005-21712; Directorate Identifier 2005-NM-070-AD; Amendment 39-14424; AD 2005-26-03]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 737 Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Boeing Model 737 airplanes. This AD requires modifying the elevator input torque tube assembly. This AD results from a report of a restriction in the pilot's elevator input control system. A design review performed on the elevator input torque tube assembly in the course of the investigation discovered possible failure modes that could lead to a jam of the elevator control system. We are issuing this AD to prevent loss of elevator control and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane. **DATES:** This AD becomes effective

**DATES:** This AD becomes effective January 20, 2006.

The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference

of certain publications listed in the AD as of January 20, 2006.

ADDRESSES: You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov or in person at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Nassif Building, room PL–401, Washington, DC.

Contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207, for service information identified in this AD.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Douglas Tsuji, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM– 130S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 917–6487; fax (425) 917–6590.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Examining the Docket**

You may examine the airworthiness directive (AD) docket on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov or in person at the Docket Management Facility office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The Docket Management Facility office (telephone (800) 647–5227) is located on the plaza level of the Nassif Building at the street address stated in the ADDRESSES section.

#### Discussion

The FAA issued a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to amend 14 CFR part 39 to include an AD that would apply to certain Boeing Model 737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, –500, –600, –700, –700C, –800 and –900 series airplanes. That NPRM was published in the **Federal Register** on July 5, 2005 (70 FR 38630). That NPRM proposed to require modifying the elevator input torque tube assembly.

### Comments

We provided the public the opportunity to participate in the development of this AD. We have considered the comments received.

# Support for the Proposed AD

One commenter states that although the proposed AD does not affect any airplane in its fleet, it supports the actions in the AD.

# **Request To Clarify Summary**

The airplane manufacturer requests that we revise the third sentence in the Summary section of the proposed AD from, "This proposed AD is prompted by a report of a restriction in the pilot's elevator control system," to "This proposed AD is prompted by the results of a design review performed on the

input torque tube assembly, which discovered possible failure modes that could lead to a jam of the elevator control system." The commenter explains that the sentence, as proposed, may be misleading by connecting the pilots' reported condition to the hypothetical jam that is addressed by the proposed AD.

We partially agree with the commenter. We agree that the wording in the Summary section could lead to an interpretation that the cause of the reported incident was restrictions in the pilot's elevator input control system. We disagree with revising the section as proposed, because, as stated in the Discussion section of the proposed AD, the design review was conducted as part of an intensive investigation. The investigation was conducted by the National Transportation Safety Board, the FAA, and Boeing. We have revised the Summary section and paragraph (d) of the final rule to state, "This AD results from a report of a restriction in the pilot's elevator input control system. A design review performed on the elevator input torque tube assembly in the course of the investigation discovered possible failure modes that could lead to a jam of the elevator control system.

# Request To Allow Different Procedures for Re-Identification

The commenter, an airplane operator, requests that paragraph (f) be revised to allow alternate methods for reidentifying the modified elevator torque tube assemblies. The commenter explains that the service bulletins referenced in the proposed AD specify the use of a rubber ink stamp method to re-identify the modified assemblies. The commenter points out that operators of a single airplane would have to fabricate or acquire a stamp for a one-time use, and operators of many airplanes would have to acquire dozens of rubber stamps to support the various overhaul facility locations. The commenter requests that the final rule allow for use of either the rubber stamp method, or the use of a pen with indelible ink. The commenter states that the component number could then be covered with protective covering.

We agree with the commenter. The intent of the procedures in the proposed AD and in the service bulletins is to signify that the modification has been accomplished, not to specify the method of re-identification. We have revised paragraph (f) of the final rule to allow alternate permanent part marking in lieu of rubber stamping.

# Clarification of Alternative Method of Compliance (AMOC) Paragraph

We have revised this action to clarify the appropriate procedure for notifying the principal inspector before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies.

#### Conclusion

We have carefully reviewed the available data, including the comments received, and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD with the changes described previously. We have determined that these changes will neither increase the

economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

## **Costs of Compliance**

There are about 2,971 airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. This AD will affect about 1,573 airplanes of U.S. registry. The following table provides the estimated costs for U.S. operators to comply with this AD.

# **ESTIMATED COSTS**

Modification	Work hours	Average labor rate per hour	Parts	Cost per airplane	U.S. registered airplanes	Fleet cost
For airplanes identified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737–27A1271 as Group 1	5	\$65	\$701	\$1,026	249	\$255,474
Group 2For all airplanes identified in Boeing Alert	7	65	1,290	1,745	311	542,695
Service Bulletin 737–27A1274	3	65	50	245	1,013	248,185

In addition, a special tool is necessary to do the modification required by this AD. Boeing will provide one tool at no charge to each customer regardless of warranty status.

Based on these figures, the estimated total cost of this AD for U.S. operators is about \$1,046,354, or between \$1,271 and \$1,990 per airplane.

# **Authority for This Rulemaking**

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in subtitle VII, part A, subpart III, section 44701, "General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

## **Regulatory Findings**

We have determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

- (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866;
- (2) Is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and
- (3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a regulatory evaluation of the estimated costs to comply with this AD and placed it in the AD docket. See the **ADDRESSES** section for a location to examine the regulatory evaluation.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safetv.

# Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

**2005–26–03 Boeing:** Amendment 39–14424. Docket No. FAA–2005–21712; Directorate Identifier 2005–NM–070–AD.

### **Effective Date**

(a) This AD becomes effective January 20, 2006.

# Affected ADs

(b) None.

## **Applicability**

(c) This AD applies to the airplanes identified in Table 1 of this AD, certificated in any category.

### TABLE 1.—AIRPLANES AFFECTED BY THIS AD

Boeing airplane models—	As identified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin—		
737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, and –500 series airplanes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### **Unsafe Condition**

(d) This AD results from a report of a restriction in the pilot's elevator input control system. Although the cause of the incident was indeterminate, a design review performed on the elevator input torque tube assembly in the course of the investigation discovered possible failure modes that could lead to a jam of the elevator control system. We are issuing this AD to prevent loss of elevator control and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane.

#### Compliance

(e) You are responsible for having the actions required by this AD performed within the compliance times specified, unless the actions have already been done.

#### Modification

(f) Within 60 months after the effective date of this AD: Modify the elevator input torque tube assembly by doing all the actions in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of the applicable service bulletin in Table 1 of this AD. Where the applicable service bulletin specifies to re-identify the modified elevator torque tube assemblies using a rubber stamp, the part may be re-identified using a permanent method that is acceptable to the appropriate principal inspector in the FAA Flight Standards Certificate Holding District Office.

# Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(g)(1) The Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested in accordance with the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19.

(2) Before using any AMOC approved in accordance with § 39.19 on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify the appropriate principal inspector in the FAA Flight Standards Certificate Holding District Office.

## **Material Incorporated by Reference**

(h) You must use Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1274, dated February 17, 2005; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-27A1271, dated December 16, 2004; as applicable, to perform the actions that are required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise. The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of these documents in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207, for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at the NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to http://www.archives.gov/ federal\_register/code\_of\_federal\_regulations/ ibr\_locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on November 25, 2005.

#### Ali Bahrami,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 05–24151 Filed 12–15–05; 8:45 am]  ${\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 4910-13-P}$ 

#### SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

#### 20 CFR Part 422

RIN 0960-AG25

# Social Security Number (SSN) Cards; Limiting Replacement Cards

**AGENCY:** Social Security Administration (SSA).

**ACTION:** Interim final rule with request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** These regulations reflect and implement amendments to the Social Security Act (the Act) made by part of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (IRTPA). Section 7213(a)(1)(A) of the IRTPA requires that we limit individuals to three replacement SSN cards per year and ten replacement SSN cards during a lifetime. The provision permits us to allow for reasonable exceptions from these limits on a case-by-case basis in compelling circumstances. This provision also helps us to further strengthen the security and integrity of the SSN issuance process. The limits on replacement SSN cards will be established prospectively, effective no later than December 17, 2005, regardless of the date we issue final rules in the Federal Register.

**DATES:** These final rules with request for comment are effective December 16, 2005. To be sure that your comments are considered, we must receive them no later than February 14, 2006.

ADDRESSES: You may give us your comments by: using our Internet facility (i.e., Social Security Online) at http:// policy.ssa.gov/erm/rules.nsf/ Rules+Open+To+Comment or the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http:// www.regulations.gov; e-mail to regulations@ssa.gov; telefax to (410) 966-2830; or letter to the Commissioner of Social Security, P.O. Box 17703, Baltimore, MD 21235–7703. You may also deliver them to the Office of Regulations, Social Security Administration, 100 Altmeyer Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235–6401, between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on regular business days. Comments are posted on our Internet site, or you may inspect them physically on regular business days by making

arrangements with the contact person shown in this preamble.

Electronic Version. The electronic file of this document is available on the date of publication in the **Federal Register** at http://www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/index.html.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert J. Augustine, Social Insurance Specialist, Office of Regulations, 100 Altmeyer Building, Social Security Administration, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235–6401, (410) 965–0020, or TTY (410) 966–5609. For information on eligibility or filing for benefits, call our national toll-free numbers, 1–800–772–1213 or TTY 1–800–325–0778, or visit our Internet Web site, Social Security Online, at http://www.socialsecurity.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Background**

Our current regulations at 20 CFR 422.103(e), Replacement of social security number card, state that:

- In the case of lost or damaged SSN card, a duplicate card bearing the same name and number may be issued, and
- In the case of a need to change the name on the card, a corrected card bearing the same number and the new name may be issued.

Furthermore, our regulations at 20 CFR 422.110(a) currently state that an individual who wishes to change his or her name or other personal identifying information must prove his or her identity and may be required to provide other evidence. If a completed request and all applicable evidence are received for a change in name, a new SSN card with the new name and bearing the same number previously assigned will be issued to the person making the request.

Our current regulations do not put any numerical limits on the number of replacement SSN cards an individual may obtain. Prior to the new statutory replacement SSN card limit, the only limitation on the number of cards has been a protocol in our electronic records that prevents the issuance of a replacement SSN card within seven days of a previous issuance.

Section 7213(a)(1)(A) of Public Law 108–458 (the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004), enacted on December 17, 2004, requires that we restrict the issuance of multiple replacement SSN cards to any individual to three replacement SSN cards per year and ten replacement cards for the life of the individual. The statute mandates enforcement of the limits not later than one year after December 17, 2004. In applying these