

Queens County

St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, 85–45 96th St., Woodhaven, 01000550
Wyckoff—Snediker Family Cemetery, 85–45 96th St., Woodhaven, 01000549

Rensselaer County

Elmbrook Farm, 2567 Brookview Rd., Schodack, 01000551

Schuyler County

First Presbyterian Church of Hector, 5519 NY 414, Hector, 01000547

Steuben County

St. Ann's Federation Building, 38 Broadway, Hornell, 01000552

Westchester County

Caramoor, 149–181 Girdle Ridge Rd., Bedford, 01000548

NORTH CAROLINA**Dare County**

Ballance, Ellsworth and Lovie, House, E side M.V. Australia Ln., 0.1 mi. S of Stowe Landing Rd., Hatteras, 01000558

Wake County

Caraleigh Mills, 421 Maywood Ave., Raleigh, 01000557

OHIO**Hamilton County**

Cincinnati and Whitewater Canal Tunnel, Parallel to Miami Ave., jct. of Wamsley and Miami Ave., Cleves, 01000562

Logan County

Schine's Holland Theatre, 125 E. Columbus St., Bellefontaine, 01000561

Scioto County

General U.S. Grant Bridge, Ohio R.-Chillicothe and Second St., Portsmouth, 01000559

Summit County

Copley Depot, 3772 Copley Rd., Copley, 01000563

WISCONSIN**Lafayette County**

Mottley Family Farmstead, 21496 Ivey Rd., Willow Springs, 01000564

[FR Doc. 01–11132 Filed 5–2–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–70–U

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service****Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Possession of Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI**

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American

Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum that has control of these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Grand Valley State University professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan.

In 1971–1972, human remains representing a minimum of 17 individuals were removed from individual burials during excavations at the Battle Point site (20OT4), Crocker Township, Ottawa County, MI, by Grand Valley State University staff Dr. Richard Flanders. Human remains representing a minimum of an additional nine individuals were removed from disturbed contexts in the same area of the site. No known individuals were identified. The 8,413 associated funerary objects include iron buckets; clay pipes; glass beads; and silver ornaments including gorgets, tinklers, and brooches. The catalog numbers for these associated funerary objects are 2016, 2025, 2026, 2028–2030, 2056–2063, and 2079–2082.

Between 1980 and 1990, human remains representing a minimum of nine individuals were removed from the Battle Point site by Grand Valley State University staff. These remains were exposed through erosion of the Battle Point site by the Grand River. No known individuals were identified. The 60 associated funerary objects include silver ornaments, strike-a-lights, bucket fragments, a knife blade, pieces of wood, and fabric. The catalog number for these associated funerary objects is 9010.

Between 1990 and 1998, human remains representing a minimum of 15 individuals were removed from the Battle Point site by Grand Valley State University staff; Ottawa County, MI, Sheriff's Department staff; and the Office of the State Archaeologist of Michigan. The remains were exposed as a result of erosion of the site by the Grand River. The 149 associated funerary objects are a metal trade ax, wood, nails, and a bucket. The catalog numbers for these associated funerary

objects are 20OT04/1992–1993, 20OT04/7.16.96, 20OT04/3.27.97, 20OT04/12.97.1–8, and 20OT04/9.24.98.

Unassociated funerary objects from the Battle Point site in the possession of the Grand Valley State University are reported in a separate Notice of Intent to Repatriate.

The Battle Point site is a multi-component site consisting of habitation dating to circa A. D. 200–1300, and a cemetery dating to the mid-19th century. Associated funerary objects date the burials to circa 1800–1840. Excavation notes, spatial analyses, and other studies demonstrate that the cemetery intrudes into habitation deposits dating to pre-European contact and that do not include a mortuary component.

Historic documentation indicates that a Native American cemetery associated with the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan was located at the Battle Point site in the mid-19th century. An abstract of land title dated to 1846 identifies an association between members of the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan and the plot on which the cemetery is located. The cemetery is specifically mentioned in a 1864 land transaction as associated with the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan. On the basis of historical and oral historical information, the Battle Point site cemetery is determined to be culturally affiliated with the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the Grand Valley State University have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of 41 individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Grand Valley State University also have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the 8,622 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Grand Valley State University have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians of Michigan, the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians of Michigan, the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan,

and the Grand River Bands of Ottawa Indians (a non-Federally recognized group). Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Janet G. Brashler, Professor and Curator of Anthropology, Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI 49401, telephone (616) 854-3694, before June 4, 2001. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: April 16, 2001.

John Robbins,

Assistant Director, Cultural Resources Stewardship and Partnerships.

[FR Doc. 01-11144 Filed 5-2-01; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items in the Possession of Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 43 CFR 10.10 (a)(3), of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI, that meet the definition of "unassociated funerary object" under Section 2 of the Act.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum that has control of the cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

In 1971 and 1972, students and staff of Grand Valley State University, under the direction of Dr. Richard Flanders, removed 951 unassociated funerary objects from the Battle Point site (20OT04), Crockery Township, Ottawa County, MI. These funerary objects were not clearly associated with specific burials; however, they are typical of objects found in clear association with other discrete burials on the site. The unassociated funerary objects include iron buckets; clay pipes; glass beads; and silver ornaments, these including gorgets, tinklers, and brooches. The catalog numbers of these unassociated funerary objects are 2001-2003, 2007-

2016, 2018-2024, 2031-2035, 2039-2040, 2042-2047, 2053-2055, 2065-2066, 2068-2071, and 2073.

In 1988, students and staff of Grand Valley State University removed 101 unassociated funerary objects from the Battle Point site during surface survey of the area. The unassociated funerary objects include beads, silver ornaments, tinkle cones, bucket fragments, wood, nails, a kaolin pipe fragment, and a button. The catalog numbers of these unassociated funerary objects are 2000, 20OT04/1988/, and 20OT04/00.

The Battle Point site is a multi-component site consisting of habitation dating to circa A.D. 200-1300, and a cemetery dating to the mid-19th century. Associated funerary objects date the burials to circa 1800-1840. Excavation notes, spatial analyses, and other studies demonstrate that the cemetery intrudes into habitation deposits that date to pre-European contact and that do not include a mortuary component. All Euro-American objects dating to the 19th century, therefore, are reasonably assumed to be funerary objects.

Historic documentation indicates that a Native American cemetery associated with the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan was located at the Battle Point site in the mid-19th century. An abstract of land title dated to 1846 identifies an association between members of the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan and the plot on which the cemetery is located. The cemetery is specifically mentioned in a 1864 land transaction as associated with historic Grand River Valley Bands of Ottawa Indians in Michigan. The Little River Band of Ottawa Indians is the only current Federally-recognized descendent from the historic Grand River Bands of Ottawa of Michigan. On the basis of historical and oral historical information, the Battle Point site cemetery is determined to be culturally affiliated with the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan.

Officials of the Grand Valley State University have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2)(ii), these 1,052 cultural items are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from the grave of an Native American individual. Officials of the Grand Valley State University also have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between these

cultural items and the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians of Michigan, the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians of Michigan, the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians of Michigan and to the Grand River Bands of Ottawa Indians, a non-Federally recognized group. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these cultural items should contact Janet G. Brashler, Professor and Curator of Anthropology, Grand Valley State University, Allendale, MI 49401, telephone (616) 854-3694, before June 4, 2001. Repatriation of these cultural items to the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: April 16, 2001.

John Robbins,

Assistant Director, Cultural Resources Stewardship and Partnerships.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Possession of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Milwaukee, WI

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Milwaukee, WI.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Milwaukee Public Museum professional staff and contract specialists in physical anthropology in consultation with representatives of the Forest County Potawatomi Community