

benefits for services furnished on or after September 30, 2001. On December 22, 1997, the Departments of Health and Human Services, Labor, and the Treasury issued interim final regulations under MHPA in the **Federal Register** (62 FR 66931). The interim final regulations included this statutory sunset date.

The sunset date has been extended on a yearly basis by subsequent statutory provisions, which are described in detail in the amendment to the interim final rule published July 22, 2005 (70 FR 42276). The Department has published changes to the interim final mental health parity regulations to conform the expiration date of the regulation to each new statutory sunset date. (See 70 FR 42276, July 22, 2005).

On December 30, 2005, President Bush signed H.R. 4579 (Pub. L. 109–151). That legislation further extended MHPA's sunset date under the PHS Act, ERISA, and the Tax Code so that MHPA's provisions apply to any services furnished through December 31, 2006.

This statutory amendment has not altered MHPA's scope. It continues to apply to a large group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with a large group health plan) that provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health benefits. To assist plan sponsors, health insurance issuers, and covered individuals, the Department is publishing this amendment to the interim final regulations, conforming the regulatory sunset date to the new statutory sunset date. The Department is making the effective date of this amendment to the interim final regulations effective as of May 30, 2006. Since the extension of this sunset date is essentially self-implementing, this amendment to the MHPA regulations is published on an interim final basis under section 2792 of the PHS Act.

III. Collection of Information Requirements

This document does not impose information collection and recordkeeping requirements. Consequently, it need not be reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

IV. Regulatory Impact Statement

Overall Impact

We have examined the impacts of this rule as required by Executive Order 12866 (September 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review), the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (September 16,

1980, Pub. L. 96–354), the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4), and Executive Order 13132.

Executive Order 12866 (as amended by Executive Order 13258, which merely reassigns responsibility of duties) directs agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). A regulatory impact analysis (RIA) must be prepared for major rules with economically significant effects (\$100 million or more in any 1 year). According to the terms of the Executive Order, it has been determined that this action is not a “significant regulatory action” within the meaning of the Executive Order. Rather, it is an amendment to the 1997 interim final regulations that makes no substantive changes to those regulations, and merely extends the regulatory sunset date to conform to the new statutory sunset date added by Public Law 109–151. Because it is not a major rule, we are not required to perform an assessment of the costs and savings.

The RFA requires agencies to analyze options for regulatory relief of small businesses. For purposes of the RFA, small entities include small businesses, nonprofit organizations, and government agencies. Most hospitals and most other providers and suppliers are small entities, either by nonprofit status or by having revenues of \$6 million to \$29 million in any 1 year. Individuals and States are not included in the definition of a small entity. We are not preparing an analysis for the RFA because we have determined, and we certify, that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 also requires that agencies assess anticipated costs and benefits before issuing any rule that may result in expenditure in any 1 year by State, local, or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$110 million. This rule will have no consequential effect on the governments mentioned or on the private sector.

Executive Order 13132 establishes certain requirements that an agency must meet when it publishes a proposed rule (and subsequent final rule) that imposes substantial direct requirement costs on State and local governments, preempts State law, or otherwise has Federalism implications. We have reviewed this final rule and have

determined that it will not have a substantial effect on State or local governments.

We have reviewed this rule and determined that, under the provisions of Public Law 104–121, the Contract with America Act, it is not a major rule.

List of Subjects in 45 CFR Part 146

Health care, Health insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, State regulation of health insurance.

■ For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services amends 45 CFR part 146 as follows:

PART 146—REQUIREMENTS FOR THE GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE MARKET

■ 1. The authority citation for part 146 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 2705, 2791, and 2792 of the PHS Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–5, 300gg–91, and 300gg–92).

§ 146.136 [Amended]

■ 2. In § 146.136, the following amendments are made:

■ a. The last sentence of paragraph (f)(1) is amended by removing the date “December 31, 2005” and adding in its place the date “December 31, 2006.”

■ b. Paragraph (g)(2) is amended by removing the date “January 1, 2006” and adding in its place the date “January 1, 2007.”

■ c. Paragraph (i) is revised to read as follows:

§ 146.136 Parity in the application of certain limits to mental health benefits.

* * * * *

(i) *Sunset.* This section does not apply to benefits for services furnished after December 31, 2006.

Dated: March 8, 2006.

Mark B. McClellan,

Administrator, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

Dated: April 14, 2006.

Michael O. Leavitt,

Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 060209031-6092-02; I.D. 020606C]

RIN 0648-AU09

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Northeast Multispecies Fishery; Emergency Secretarial Action; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; emergency interim final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: On April 13, 2006, an interim final rule to implement an emergency action for the Northeast (NE) Multispecies Fishery Management Plan (FMP) was published in the **Federal Register**. The interim final rule was published with several inadvertent errors and unclear language, including the omission of the observer notice requirement for vessels participating in the U.S./Canada Management Area, language in the regulations defining how monkfish-only days-at-sea (DAS) are calculated, an inaccurate description regarding the example of how NE multispecies Category A DAS will be calculated for Day gillnet vessels, and incorrect trip limits for white hake. This document corrects these errors and clarifies the unclear language.

DATES: Effective May 1, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Douglas W. Christel, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281-9141, fax (978) 281-9135.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On April 13, 2006 (71 FR 19348, FR Doc. 06-3504), an interim final rule was published that implemented emergency management measures, authorized by section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, that are intended to immediately reduce fishing mortality on specific groundfish stocks beginning May 1, 2006, in order to maintain the rebuilding programs established under Amendment 13 to the FMP. However, the interim final rule included several inadvertent errors and some unclear language in both the preamble and the regulatory text that need to be corrected or clarified. The errors and unclear language were incorrect examples of

how monkfish-only DAS are calculated when a vessel issued both a limited access NE multispecies DAS and a monkfish permit is subject to differential DAS counting, an inaccurate description regarding the examples of how NE multispecies Category A DAS will be calculated for Day gillnet vessels, omission of the observer notice requirement for vessels participating in the U.S./Canada Management Area, and inaccurate white hake trip limits in the regulatory text that differed from the preamble text. This notice corrects these errors and clarifies the unclear language, as described below.

Correction

Accordingly, the interim final rule, published on April 13, 2006, at 71 FR 19348, to be effective May 1, 2006, is corrected as follows:

1. On page 19350, in column 1, in the first full paragraph, line 20, correct “or” to read “and”. On line 23, correct “10” to read “20”. On line 24, correct “14” to read “28”. Finally, on line 25, correct “10” to read “20”.

2. On page 19350, in column 2, line 27, correct the number “0.57” to read “0.80” and correct the number “2” to read “2.8”.

3. On page 19351, in column 3, line 15 and 16, remove the phrase “, unless otherwise specified below;”. On line 27, insert the phrase “and using gear other than trawl gear” after the word “program”.

§ 648.82 [Corrected]

■ 4. On page 19376, in column 2, under amendatory instruction 7, lines 4 and 5, remove the phrase “(d)(5) through (7).”. On line 5, correct “(l)(2)(viii)” to read “(l)(1)(viii)”.

§ 648.82 [Corrected]

■ 5. On page 19378, in column 1, in § 648.82, paragraph (s)(1)(iii) is corrected to read “(iii) Method of counting DAS. Unless electing to fish in the Regular B DAS Program specified in § 648.85(b)(10), and therefore subject to the DAS accrual provisions of paragraph (n)(3) of this section, or fishing under a Category A DAS exclusively within the U.S./Canada Management Area specified at § 648.85(a)(1), a Day gillnet vessel fishing with gillnet gear under a NE multispecies Category A DAS shall accrue 15 hours of DAS for each trip of more than 3 hours, but less than or equal to 11 hours. For a trip less than or equal to 3 hours, or more than 11 hours, the ratio of Category A DAS used to time called into the DAS program will be 1.4 to 1.0. A Day gillnet vessel fishing exclusively within the U.S./Canada Management Area shall accrue

15 hours of DAS for each trip of more than 3 hours, but less than or equal to 15 hours. For a trip less than or equal to 3 hours, or more than 15 hours, the ratio of Category A DAS used to time called into the DAS program will be 1.0 to 1.0.”

§ 648.85 [Corrected]

■ 6. On page 19382, in column 2, § 648.85, after the first full paragraph, add paragraph (a)(3)(viii)(C) to read:

“(C) For the purposes of selecting vessels for observer deployment, a vessel fishing in either of the U.S./Canada Management Areas specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section must provide notice to NMFS of the vessel name; contact name for coordination of observer deployment; telephone number for contact; and the date, time, and port of departure, at least 72 hours prior to the beginning of any trip that it declares into the U.S./Canada Management Area as required under this paragraph (a)(3)(viii).”

§ 648.85 [Corrected]

■ 7. On page 19384, in column 3, in § 648.85, paragraph (b)(10)(iv)(D), the last sentence beginning on line 14 is corrected to read, “If fishing with trawl gear, possession of monkfish (whole weight) and skates is limited to 500 lb (227 kg) per trip each and possession of lobsters is prohibited. For vessels fishing with gear other than trawl gear, possession of monkfish is restricted by the regulations at § 648.94(b)(7).”

§ 648.86 [Corrected]

■ 8. On page 19385, in column 3, in § 648.86, line 11, correct “500 lb (226.8 kg)” to read “1,000 lb (453.6 kg)”. On lines 13 and 14, correct “5,000 lb (2,268.1 kg)” to read “10,000 lb (4,536 kg)”.

§ 648.92 [Corrected]

■ 9. On page 19389, in column 1, in § 648.92, paragraph (b)(2)(iv)(B), line 16, correct the phrase “that vessel used” to read “charged at the differential DAS counting rate of 1.4:1 when fishing”. On line 28, correct the number “0.57” to read “0.8”. On line 29, correct the number “2” to read “2.8” and the number “0.57” to read “0.80”. On line 31, correct the number “28” to read “27.2”.

§ 648.92 [Corrected]

■ 10. On page 19389, in column 2, in § 648.92, paragraph (b)(2)(iv)(B), line 1, correct the number “10.57” to read “10.80” and correct the number “0.57” to read “0.80”.

Dated: April 24, 2006.

John Oliver,

*Deputy Assistant Administrator for
Operations, National Marine Fisheries
Service.*

[FR Doc. 06-4029 Filed 4-25-06; 4:10 pm]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 060301058-6109-02; I.D.
022306A]

RIN 0648-AU13

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Northeast Multispecies Fishery; Total Allowable Catches for the Northeast Multispecies Fishery for Fishing Year 2006

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries
Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and
Atmospheric Administration (NOAA),
Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; specifications.

SUMMARY: The following 2006 fishing
year (FY) Total Allowable Catches
(TACs) are implemented for the
Northeast (NE) Multispecies Fishery
Management Plan (FMP). Hard (i.e., the
fishery or area closes when a TAC is
reached) TACs for Eastern Georges Bank
(GB) cod, Eastern GB haddock, and GB
yellowtail flounder in the U.S./Canada
Management Area; target TACs for all
NE regulated multispecies; and hard
Incidental Catch TACs for groundfish
stocks of concern. The intent of this
action is to provide for the conservation
and management of groundfish
management under the NE Multispecies
Fishery Management Plan (FMP).

DATES: The U.S./Canada TACs as
identified in Table 1 of this rule are
effective May 1, 2006, through April 30,
2007. The target TACs as identified in
Table 3 of this document and the
Incidental Catch TACs as identified in
Table 4 are effective May 1, 2006,
through October 25, 2006.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the
Transboundary Management Guidance
Committee's (TMGC) 2005 Guidance
Document and copies of the
Environmental Assessment (EA) of the
2006 TACs (including the Regulatory
Impact Review and Final Regulatory
Flexibility Analysis (FRFA)) may be
obtained from NMFS at One Blackburn
Drive Gloucester, MA 01930; telephone
(978) 281-9315. NMFS prepared a
summary of the FRFA, which is
contained in the Classification section
of this final rule.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Thomas Warren, Fishery Policy Analyst,
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mail Thomas.Warren@NOAA.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A
proposed rule for this action was
published on March 13, 2006, (71 FR
12665) with public comments accepted
though April 12, 2006. A detailed
description of the administrative
process used to develop the TACs was
contained in the preamble of the
proposed rule and is not repeated here.
The FMP specifies procedures for
setting three types of TACs: (1) Annual
hard (i.e., the fishery or area closes
when a TAC is reached) TACs for
Eastern GB cod, Eastern GB haddock,
and GB yellowtail flounder; (2) target
TACs for all regulated groundfish
stocks; and (3) hard Incidental Catch
TACs for groundfish stocks of concern.

Hard TACs

The regulations governing the annual
development of hard TACs for the U.S./

Canada Management Area species
(\$ 648.85(a)(2)) were implemented
through the final rule for Amendment
13 to the FMP (69 FR 22906; April 27,
2004) in order to be consistent with the
U.S./Canada Resource Sharing
Understanding (Understanding), which
is an informal understanding between
the United States and Canada that
outlines a process for the management
of the shared GB groundfish resources.
The Understanding specifies an
allocation of TAC for these three stocks
for each country, based on a formula
that considers historical catch
percentages and current resource
distribution.

On September 15, 2005, the Council
accepted the recommendations of the
TMGC for the FY 2006 TACs for GB cod,
GB haddock, and GB yellowtail
flounder. The recommended 2006 TACs
were based upon the most recent stock
assessments (Transboundary Resource
Assessment Committee (TRAC) Status
Reports for 2005), and the fishing
mortality strategy shared by both the
U.S. and Canada. The strategy is to
maintain a low to neutral risk of
exceeding the fishing mortality limit
reference ($F_{ref} = 0.18, 0.26, \text{ and } 0.25$ for
cod, haddock, and yellowtail flounder,
respectively). That is, when stock
conditions are poor, fishing mortality
rates (F) should be further reduced to
promote rebuilding.

This action implements the following
hard TACs for GB: 374 mt of GB cod,
7,480 mt of GB haddock, and 2,070 mt
of GB yellowtail flounder. The FY 2006
haddock and yellowtail flounder TACs
represent decreases from FY 2005 TAC
levels (by 1 percent and 51 percent,
respectively), and the FY 2006 cod TAC
represents a 44-percent increase from
the FY 2005 TAC (Tables 1 and 2).

TABLE 1.—FY 2006 U.S./CANADA TACs (MT) AND PERCENTAGE SHARES (IN PARENTHESES)

	GB Cod	GB Haddock	GB Yellowtail flounder
Total Shared TAC	1,700	22,000	3,000
U.S. TAC	374 (22)	7,480 (34)	2,070 (69)
Canada TAC	1,326 (78)	14,520 (66)	930 (31)

TABLE 2.—2005 U.S./CANADA TACs (MT) AND PERCENTAGE SHARES (IN PARENTHESES)

	GB Cod	GB Haddock	GB Yellowtail flounder
Total Shared TAC	1,000	23,000	6,000
U.S. TAC	260 (26)	7,590 (33)	4,260 (71)
Canada TAC	740 (74)	15,410 (67)	1,740 (29)