representatives; two cultural and heritage interest representatives; two members of the public-at-large; a Tribal interests representative; a local government representative; an education and interpretation interests representative; and a private landowner representative.

Utah

Bears Ears National Monument Advisory Committee (Bears Ears MAC)

Rachel Wootton, BLM Monticello Field Office, 365 North Main, Monticello, UT 84535; Phone: (385) 235–4364; Email: rwootton@blm.gov.

The Bears Ears MAC includes 15 members. Thirteen members will serve as representatives of commodity, noncommodity, and local area interests, including an elected official from San Juan County: a representative of state government; a representative from the conservation community; a representative of livestock grazing permittees; three representatives representing Tribal interests; a representative of developed outdoor recreation activities; a representative of developed outdoor recreation, offhighway vehicle users, or commercial recreation activities; a representative of dispersed recreation activities; a private landowner; a local business owner; and two representatives of the public-atlarge. Two members will serve as SGEs for the following areas of expertise: paleontology and archaeology/history.

Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument Advisory Committee (Grand Staircase-Escalante MAC)

David Hercher, BLM Paria River District Office, 669 South Highway 89A, Kanab, UT 84741; Phone: (435) 899– 0415; Email: dhercher@blm.gov.

The Grand Staircase-Escalante MAC includes 15 members. Nine members will serve as representatives of commodity, non-commodity, and local area interests, including elected officials from Garfield and Kane County; a representative of State government; a representative of Tribal government with ancestral interest in the Monument; an educator; a conservationist; an outfitter and guide operating within the Monument, to represent commercial recreation activities in the Monument; a livestock grazing permittee operating within the Monument; and a representative of dispersed recreation. Six members will serve as SGEs for each of the following areas of expertise: paleontology; archaeology; geology; botany or wildlife biology; history or social science; and systems ecology.

San Rafael Swell Recreation Area Advisory Council

Angela Hawkins, BLM Green River District Office, 170 South 500 East Vernal, UT 84078; Phone: (435) 781–2774; Email: ahawkins@blm.gov.

The Council consists of seven members that represent the Emery County Commission; motorized recreational users; non-motorized recreational users; a grazing allotment permittee within the Recreation Area or wilderness areas designated; conservation organizations; a member with expertise in the historical uses of the Recreation Area; and an elected leader of a federally recognized Tribe that has significant cultural or historic connections to, and expertise in, the landscape, archeological sites, or cultural sites within the County.

(Authority: 43 CFR 1784.4-1)

Jeffrey Krauss,

Assistant Director for Communications.
[FR Doc. 2023–23536 Filed 10–24–23; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [BLM NM FRN MO4500175396]

Public Land Order No. 7933; Correction and Extension of Public Land Order No. 7587 for Langmuir Principal Research Site; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order extends the duration of the withdrawal created by Public Land Order (PLO) No. 7587, which withdrew 852 acres of National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, for an additional 20-year period. The purpose of this withdrawal is to protect the United States Forest Servicemanaged Langmuir Principal Research Site to study thundercloud mechanisms, lightning, and precipitation, for an additional 20 years. This order also corrects the legal description of, but does not change, the lands withdrawn.

DATES: This PLO takes effect on October 25, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Carol Harris, Bureau of Land Management Socorro Field Office, Realty Specialist by phone at (575) 838– 1298 or by email at *caharris@blm.gov* or Richard Wilhelm by phone at (505) 346– 3842 or by email at *richard.wilhelm@* usda.gov. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or Tele Braille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The withdrawal extension is needed in order to maintain the protection of the Langmuir Principal Research Site, as originally authorized under PLO No. 7587 (68 FR 61231 (October 27, 2003)), and incorporated herein by reference, which withdrew 852-acres of National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws to protect the Langmuir Principal Research Site on the Magdalena Ranger District of the Cibola National Forest from any adverse impacts of such activities. This PLO also serves to correct errors in the original legal land description described in PLO No. 7587 (68 FR 61231 (October 27, 2003)). Correction of the legal land description does not change the actual footprint of the withdrawal; correcting the description would bring it into conformance with the 2017 Bureau of Land Management Specifications for Descriptions of Land. The description for PLO No. 7587 also identifies the area of lands withdrawn as 852 acres. Government Land Office (GLO) surveys have identified the acreages for these lands and are the source for official acreage determinations. The GLO records indicate the exact acreage described contains 851.72 acres; therefore, the acres for this PLO have been updated to reflect accurate acreage for this withdrawal.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f), it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, PLO No. 7587 (68 FR 61231 (2003)), which withdrew 852 acres of National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws to protect the Langmuir Principal Research Site, is hereby extended for an additional 20-year period and the legal description and acres are corrected to read as follows:

New Mexico Principal Meridian, New Mexico

T. 4 S., R. 3 W., Sec. 5 Lot 2 and W½SW¼; Sec. 6, Lots 5 and 6, SE¹/₄NW¹/₄, E¹/₂SW¹/₄, and SE¹/₄:

Sec. 7, NE¹/₄, E¹/₂NW¹/₄ and N¹/₂SE¹/₄; Sec. 8, W¹/₂NW¹/₄ and NW¹/₄SW¹/₄.

The area described contains 851.72 acres.

2. This withdrawal will expire 20 years from the effective date of this order unless, as a result of a review conducted prior to the expiration date pursuant to Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f), the Secretary determines that the withdrawal shall be further extended.

(Authority: 43 U.S.C. 1714(f))

Shannon A. Estenoz,

Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 2023–23629 Filed 10–24–23; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0036806; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Washington State University, Museum of Anthropology, Pullman, WA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University (WSU Museum of Anthropology) has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from Asotin County, WA. **DATES:** Repatriation of the human

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after November 24, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Andrew Duff, Acting Director, Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University, Pullman, WA 99164–4910, telephone (509) 335–3871, email duff@wsu.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations

in this notice. Additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records held by the Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University.

Description

In 1964, human remains representing, at minimum, three individuals were removed from Ten Mile Creek (45AS26), in Asotin County, WA. The site, which had cairn markers visible on its surface, had been heavily disturbed by looters. The occurrence of stone cairns, the flexed body position, and the types of associated funerary objects suggest that these burials date to the Late Prehistoric Period of about 2000–300 years ago.

The burial site is part of the Ten Mile Creek site complex, which includes large and small open camp sites, a series of storage pits, a rock shelter, and a fish wall. Ethnographic, oral traditions, and historic evidence associates this location with 'enetoyn, a Nez Perce village. Excavations were led by WSU archeologists Charles Nelson and David Rice during the 1964 Asotin Reservoir Dam Survey under contract with the US Army Corps of Engineers, who hired WSŬ to conduct the survey after Congress authorized construction of the Asotin Dam Reservoir (Nelson and Rice 1969). While dam construction was later de-authorized and further work was discontinued, the WSU Museum of Anthropology has housed Asotin Dam Reservoir Survey collections, including those from 45AŠ26.

Three separate burials, numbered 1, 2, and 3, marked with surface and subsurface stone cairns, were excavated. Each burial contained a single individual placed in a flexed position. Burial 1 contained the human remains of an individual about 15 years old whose sex could not be determined. Red ochre as well as dentalia shell beads, a mussel shell pendant fragment, and a piece of muscovite mica, were found near the individual's head. A heavily fragmented cedar wood stake was also associated with Burial 1. Burial 2 contained the human remains of a child aged 6-8 years old whose sex could not be determined. The grave was marked by surface and sub-surface stone cairns. The body was in a fully flexed position and there were no associated funerary items. Burial 3 contained the human remains of a child 6-8 years old whose sex could not be determined. The grave was marked by a surface cairn containing flecks of charcoal and dentalia shell beads, including one incised bead. The body was placed in a flexed position. No known individuals

were identified. The eight associated funerary objects include three lots consisting of dentalia shell beads, one incised dentalia shell bead, one mussel shell pendant fragment, one lot consisting of muscovite mica fragments, one lot consisting of cedar stake fragments, and one lot consisting of charcoal fragments.

Cultural Affiliation

The human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice are connected to one or more identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures. There is a relationship of shared group identity between the identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures and one or more Indian Tribes, which includes the Nez Perce Tribe and the Nez Perce Band of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. The following types of information were used to reasonably trace the relationship: anthropological, archeological, geographical, historical, and oral traditional.

Determinations

Pursuant to NAGPRA and its implementing regulations, and after consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations, the Museum of Anthropology at Washington State University has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of three individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The eight objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation and the Nez Perce Tribe.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the Responsible Official identified in **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

- 1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
- 2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or