TABLE 1—SUMMARY OF TOTAL BURDEN HOURS AND ESTIMATED COSTS BY RESPONDENT TYPE—Continued

Type of respondent	Number of respondents	Minutes per respondent	Hourly wage + 30% fringe (\$35.07 + \$10.52)*	Total estimated burden hours	Estimated cost
ORU partially participates	60	5	45.59	5	227.95
Total				88.33 (88)	4,026.96 (4,027)
Both Studies Combined: Fully participates Partially participates	9,000 1,120	10 5	45.59 45.59	1,500.00 93.33	68,385.00 4,254.91
Grand Total	10,120			1,593.33 (1,593)	72,639.91 (72,640)

^{*}See July 2024 total private average hourly wages from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics at https://www.bls.gov/news.release/empsit.t19.htm; Fully loaded wage is inclusive of a 30% addition to the base hourly wage to account for fringe benefits.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Cost:
Participation in this study is voluntary
and there are no costs to respondents
beyond the time spent hearing about the
study and participating in data
collection if they decide to participate.
Participants will incur no burden
related to annual reporting or record
keeping due to the collection of this
new information.

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspects of this information collection, including (i) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (ii) the accuracy of the Department's estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; (iii) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (iv) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; 49 CFR 1.49; and DOT Order 1351.29.

Nanda Narayanan Sriniyasan.

Associate Administrator, Research and Program Development.

[FR Doc. 2024–27043 Filed 11–19–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

[Docket No. PHMSA-2024-0166]

Pipeline Safety: Random Drug Testing Rate; Multi-Factor Authentication; and Operator and Contractor Management Information System Reporting

AGENCY: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: PHMSA has determined that the Minimum Annual Percentage Rate for Random Drug Testing for covered employees will be 50 percent during calendar year (CY) 2025. For CY 2024 reporting, Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) login procedures must be used for submitting drug & alcohol (D&A) testing data into the Drug and Alcohol (D&A) Management Information System (DAMIS) database. This notice also explains how pipeline operators and contractors will obtain MFA login information.

DATES: Applicable January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Wayne Lemoi, Drug & Alcohol Program Manager, Office of Pipeline Safety, by phone at 909–937–7232 or by email at wayne.lemoi@dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notice of CY 2025 Minimum Annual Percentage Rate for Random Drug Testing

Operators of gas, hazardous liquid, and carbon dioxide pipeline facilities; liquefied natural gas (LNG) plants; and underground natural gas storage facilities must randomly select and test a percentage of all covered employees for prohibited drug use in accordance with 49 Code of Federal Regulations part 199.

The Administrator can adjust the minimum random drug testing rate based on the reported positive rate of the industry's random drug tests, which is obtained from operators' and contractors' annual DAMIS reports as required by § 199.119(a). In accordance with $\S 199.105(c)(3)$, if the reported positive drug test rate is below one percent for two consecutive CYs, the Administrator may lower the random drug testing rate to 25 percent of all covered employees. Conversely, paragraph § 199.105(c)(4) requires the Administrator to raise the minimum annual random drug testing rate from 25 percent to 50 percent of all covered employees when the data obtained from the latest annual DAMIS reports required by § 199.119(a) indicate the positive test rate is equal to or greater than one percent.

While the minimum annual random drug testing rate was 25 percent of all covered employees during CY 2024, the DAMIS reports submitted for CY 2023 D&A testing had a random drug testing positive rate greater than one percent. Therefore, the Administrator is increasing the PHMSA minimum annual random drug testing rate to 50 percent of all covered employees for CY 2025.

Multi-Factor Authentication for DAMIS Reports

DOT will continue to use Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) to limit and control access to the DOT's DAMIS database. MFA is not unique to PHMSA or to DAMIS. It is a Federal Government initiative that was implemented to protect the integrity and security of Federal Government databases from cybersecurity attacks and other risks.

MFA login procedures for "primary pipeline" operators and contractors are explained in the applicable sections below.

Pipeline Operator DAMIS Reporting

To collect more accurate pipeline industry DOT D&A test data and to avoid duplicate reporting of D&A test data, PHMSA limits DAMIS reporting to "primary operators" and contractors only. The term "primary operator" is not used in the D&A testing regulations in part 199; however, the term "primary operator" as used herein has the same meaning as the term "primary entity" as used in § 191.22 and § 195.64. Moreover, a "primary operator" can be a large or small operator as explained below.

Pipeline operators either have a D&A program that includes only one pipeline operator (i.e., one OPID) or an "umbrella" type shared D&A program that includes multiple pipeline operators (i.e., more than one OPID). For DAMIS reporting purposes the operator of the single operator D&A program is the "primary pipeline operator." For shared D&A programs, the "primary operator" must be identified to PHMSA through Safety Program Relationship (SPR) data before submitting a DAMIS report. Operators are reminded to review their D&A program records to check the SPR status of their D&A program. If changes are needed to properly align the SPR data with the operator's D&A program, the operator must make a written notification to

The PHMSA regulations governing DAMIS reporting (§§ 199.119 and 199.229) are based on whether the primary operator is a large operator or a small operator. Pursuant to §§ 199.119(a) and 199.229(a), a large operator is an operator with more than 50 covered employees. Large operators are required to submit a DAMIS report each CY. Pursuant to §§ 199.119(a) and 199.229(a), a small operator is an operator with 50 or fewer covered employees. Small operators are only required to submit a DAMIS report if the operator receives a "written notice" from PHMSA requesting a report. Each CY, PHMSA transmits written notices as messages in the PHMSA Portal in late

To calculate the number of D&A covered employees to determine whether an operator is a large or small primary operator, include all covered employees of the primary operator plus all covered employees of any business units included in the DAMIS report under a shared D&A program. If your covered employees are in a random drug

testing pool managed by a consortium, count only your own covered employees. If you have any covered employees subject to D&A testing under more than one DOT agency, count only those employees who were D&A tested under PHMSA, which is the agency selected on the Federal Drug Testing Custody and Control Form (CCF) or on the Alcohol Testing Form (ATF). While contractor employees are covered employees requiring D&A testing, contractor employees are not used to calculate whether a "primary pipeline operator" is a large or small operator. Therefore, do not include contractor employees in the above calculations.

Pipeline operators are no longer required to "accept" contractor reports. Instead, an operator will simply list the contractor, and the contractor's DAMIS report automatically becomes part of the operator's report once the contractor has submitted its report to DAMIS. Furthermore, operators are not able to view contractor data reports through DAMIS, but can get the report directly from the contractor, if they so desire.

For each contractor listed by a primary operator, DAMIS will show if a Login.gov invitation has been generated for the contractor. If no Login.gov invitation has been created for the contractor or if the Login.gov invitation was created for the wrong email address, the primary operator can generate a new Login.gov invitation by entering a new email address for the contractor. This email address cannot already be in use to access DAMIS for a primary operator or a different contractor.

Primary Operator MFA Login: In September 2023, PHMSA communicated by email with primary operators to confirm the email address of the person who will submit the primary operator's DAMIS report. These confirmed email addresses were loaded into DAMIS at the end of CY 2023. In early January 2024, DAMIS generated a one-time/one-use Login.gov invitation for the confirmed email addresses. PHMSA also makes Login.gov invitations available in the PHMSA Portal.

Contractor DAMIS Reporting

Because contractors do not have OPIDs, PHMSA uses a Business Tax Identification Number (BTIN) to track contractors in the DAMIS database.

A contractor may perform D&A covered functions for one pipeline operator or multiple operators. Additionally, a contractor may be local, regional, or nationwide, and/or may operate from a single location or from multiple locations. Regardless, the clear

intent is for PHMSA and DOT to collect contractor D&A test data that is complete, accurate, and nonrepetitive. Accordingly, each contractor must prepare a single, complete, and accurate DAMIS report that includes all its D&A covered employees and all their DOT D&A test data. A contractor does not prepare or submit a separate and distinct DAMIS report for each pipeline operator, or for a contractor's separate offices or locations, unless those offices are distinct and separate under their own BTIN. Moreover, a contractor must not report the same covered employees and the same D&A tests in more than one BTIN. If a contractor has more than one BTIN, the contractor must allocate individual employees and their D&A tests results among the BTINs for which they actually worked, or report all the contractor's employees and test results under one BTIN.

PHMSA does not need or require a DAMIS report from each BTIN. PHMSA requires a valid set of contractor D&A test data that reflects the complete and accurate picture of who the contractor D&A tested and what the results of those tests were. PHMSA does not want covered employees or D&A tests to be reported more than once. If test results can be reported under one BTIN, that is acceptable.

PHMSA also recognizes that some pipeline operators perform D&A covered functions for other PHMSA regulated pipeline operators. While this may take place under a contract, pipeline operators with an OPID must never be listed as a contractor by any other pipeline operator in a DAMIS report.

Contractor MFA Login: MFA allows access for contractors to enter their D&A testing data directly into DAMIS. In September 2023, PHMSA communicated by email with contractors to confirm the email address of the person who will submit the contractor DAMIS report. These confirmed email addresses were loaded into DAMIS at the end of CY 2023. In early January 2024, DAMIS generated a one-time/one-use Login.gov invitation for the confirmed email address. Contractors can also request a new Login.gov invitation for a new email address by sending a request to PHMSAPipelineDAMIS@dot.gov.

Any primary operator can generate a new *Login.gov invitation* for a contractor by entering an email address that is not already established with *Login.gov* access to DAMIS.

Issued in Washington, DC, on November 7, 2024, under authority delegated in 49 CFR

Alan K. Mayberry,

Associate Administrator for Pipeline Safety. [FR Doc. 2024–26737 Filed 11–19–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–60–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of Foreign Assets Control Notice of OFAC Sanctions Actions

AGENCY: Office of Foreign Assets

Control, Treasury. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets

Control (OFAC) is publishing the names of one or more persons and vessels that have been placed on OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List (SDN List) based on OFAC's determination that one or more applicable legal criteria were satisfied. All property and interests in property subject to U.S. jurisdiction of these persons are blocked, and U.S. persons are generally prohibited from engaging in transactions with them. The vessels placed on the SDN List have been identified as property in which a block person has an interest.

DATES: This action was issued on November 14, 2024. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for relevant dates.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: OFAC: Associate Director for Global

Targeting, tel.: 202–622–2420; or Assistant Director for Sanctions Compliance, tel.: 202–622–2490 or https://ofac.treasury.gov/contact-ofac.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Availability

The SDN List and additional information concerning OFAC sanctions programs are available on OFAC's website: https://ofac.treasury.gov.

Notice of OFAC Action

On November 14, 2024, OFAC determined that the property and interests in property subject to U.S. jurisdiction of the following persons are blocked under the relevant sanctions authorities listed below.

BILLING CODE 4810-AL-P