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BILLING CODE 3510-DS-C

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Solicitation of Public Comments on Request for Textile and Apparel Safeguard Action on Imports from China

April 28, 2005.

AGENCY: The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (the Committee)

ACTION: Solicitation of public comments concerning a request for safeguard action on imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses (Category 638/639).

SUMMARY: On April 6, 2005, the Committee received a request from the American Manufacturing Trade Action Coalition, the National Council of Textile Organizations, the National Textile Association, and UNITE HERE requesting that the Committee limit imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses (Category 638/639). They request that a textile and apparel safeguard action, as provided for in the Report of the Working Party on the Accession of China to the World Trade Organization (the Accession Agreement), be taken on imports of such man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses. The Committee hereby solicits public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether imports from China of such man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses are, due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in this product. Comments must be submitted by June 3, 2005 to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3001A, United States Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jay Dowling, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4058.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agriculture Act of 1956, as amended; Executive Order 11651, as amended.

BACKGROUND:

The Report of the Working Party on the Accession of China to the World

Trade Organization (Accession Agreement) provides that, if a WTO Member, such as the United States, believes that imports of Chinese origin textile and apparel products are, "due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in these products", it may request consultations with China with a view to easing or avoiding the disruption. Pursuant to this provision, if the United States requests consultations with China, it must, at the time of the request, provide China with a detailed factual statement showing (1) the existence or threat of market disruption; and (2) the role of products of Chinese origin in that disruption. Beginning on the date that it receives such a request, China must restrict its shipments to the United States to a level no greater than 7.5 percent (6 percent for wool product categories) above the amount entered during the first 12 months of the most recent 14 months preceding the month in which the request was made.

On April 6, 2005, the Committee received a request that an Accession Agreement textile and apparel safeguard action be taken on imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses (Category 638/639). The Committee has determined that this request provides the information necessary for the Committee to consider the request in light of the considerations set forth in the Procedures. In this case, the Committee notes that imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses (Category 638/639) have increased from 642,708 dozen in the first quarter of 2004 to 2,808,951 dozen in the first quarter of 2005 (includes preliminary data for 2005). The text of the request is reproduced in full below.

The Committee is soliciting public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether imports from China of such man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses are, due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in this product.

Comments may be submitted by any interested person. Comments must be received no later than June 3, 2005. Interested persons are invited to submit ten copies of such comments to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3001A, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20230.

If a comment alleges that there is no market disruption or that the subject imports are not the cause of market disruption, the Committee will closely review any supporting information and documentation, such as information about domestic production or prices of like or directly competitive products. Particular consideration will be given to comments representing the views of actual producers in the United States of a like or directly competitive product.

The Committee will protect any business confidential information that is marked "business confidential" from disclosure to the full extent permitted by law. To the extent that business confidential information is provided, two copies of a non-confidential version must also be provided in which business confidential information is summarized or, if necessary, deleted. Comments received, with the exception of information marked "business confidential", will be available for inspection between Monday - Friday, 8:30 a.m and 5:30 p.m in the Trade Reference and Assistance Center Help Desk, Suite 800M, USA Trade Information Center, Ronald Reagan Building, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, (202) 482-3433.

The Committee expects to make a determination within 60 calendar days of the close of the comment period as to whether the United States will request consultations with China. If, however, the Committee is unable to make a determination within 60 calendar days, it will cause to be published a notice in the **Federal Register**, including the date by which it will make a determination. If the Committee makes a negative determination, it will cause this determination and the reasons therefore to be published in the **Federal Register**. If the Committee makes an affirmative determination that imports of Chinese origin man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses are, due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in these products, the United States will request consultations with China with a view to easing or avoiding such market disruption in accordance with the Accession Agreement and the Committee's procedures.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

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April 6, 2005

James Leonard
Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements
Room H3100
U.S. Department of Commerce
14th and Constitution Ave, NW
Washington, DC 20230

Dear Mr. Leonard:

The American Manufacturing Trade Action Coalition (AMTAC), National Council of Textile Organizations (NCTO), National Textile Association (NTA), and UNITE HERE! request that the Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA) take the necessary actions to impose a safeguard on U.S. imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses classified within Category 638/639 of the U.S. Textile and Apparel Category System. This request is made pursuant to the guidelines issued by CITA (68 F.R. 27788, May 21, 2003).

The parties submitting this request are trade associations and unions which are representative of either domestic producers of products like or directly competitive with man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses contained in Category 638/639 or of domestic producers of components used in the production of products that are like or directly competitive with those contained in Category 638/639.

For your background information, descriptions of each organization are as follows:

AMTAC is a not-for-profit manufacturing trade association established for the purpose of preserving and creating American manufacturing jobs through the establishment of trade policy and other measures necessary for the U.S. manufacturing sector to stabilize and grow. Its members are involved in a wide variety of manufacturing, including textiles, throughout the United States. AMTAC's office is in Washington, D.C.
www.amtacdc.org

NCTO is a not-for-profit trade association established to represent the entire spectrum of the United States textile sector, from fibers to yarns to fabrics to finished products, as well as suppliers in the textile machinery, chemical and other such sectors which have a stake in the prosperity and survival of the U.S. textile sector. Its headquarters are in Washington, D.C., and it also maintains an office in Gastonia, NC. www.ncto.org

NTA is a not-for-profit trade association of companies who knit or weave fabrics in the United States, dye, print or otherwise finish fabrics in the United States, or supply fibers, yarns, or other services to the American textile industry. NTA's office is in Boston, MA.
www.nationaltextile.org

UNITE HERE! was formed by a merger in 2004 of UNITE (formerly the Union of Needletrades, Textiles and Industrial Employees) and HERE (Hotel Employees and Restaurant Employees International Union). The union UNITE HERE represents more than 440,000 active members and more than 400,000 retirees throughout North America. UNITE HERE's headquarters are in New York, NY. www.unitehere.org

It is the strong view of the petitioners that the surge in 1st Quarter 2005 imports from China of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses compounded with the long-term decline in U.S. production of these products constitutes market disruption under § 11.242 of the Report of the Working Party on the Accession of China to the World Trade Organization (WTO). This rise in imports and corresponding long-term decline in domestic production has produced a steady downward trend in the domestic market share for these products according to the I/P Book published by the Office of Textiles and Apparel, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce (OTEXA).

In recent years, U.S. apparel production has declined in virtually all of the major cotton and man-made fiber categories. The Petitioners assert that this decline has been the direct result of increasing imports far surpassing the growth of the U.S. market for these products. With the January 1, 2005 removal of quotas on all WTO members, imports are rising across the board, and the surge in 1st Quarter 2005 imports from China is disrupting the U.S. market.

CITA is well aware of the circumstances following the integration of certain categories on January 1, 2002 in which China registered enormous increases and quickly moved to dominate trade. Following the same track, U.S. imports of man-made fiber knit shirts and blouses from China skyrocketed 331.2 percent in the 1st Quarter of 2005. China was the eighth largest producer supplier behind Mexico, Honduras, Taiwan, Hong Kong, South Korea, Macua, and El Salvador with 3.4 percent share of the U.S. import market for calendar year 2004. For the year-ending March 2005, Chinese market share rose to 5.7 percent, with China moving into fifth place. Looking at the 1st Quarter 2005 alone, China shot up to become the second largest supplier with a 13 percent share followed by Honduras with 11 percent, El Salvador with 6 percent, and Taiwan with 4 percent share of total imports.

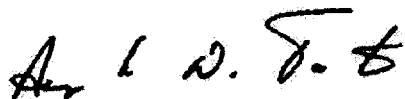
Sharp price reductions are likely a major element in the sudden surge of Chinese imports with the removal of quotas and corresponding quotas costs. A review of recent price data indicates that China's January 2005 prices for man-made fiber shirts and blouses averaged \$58/dozen. This average unit value is 18 percent below the price last January of \$70/dozen and 28 percent below the calendar year 2004 average price of \$80/dozen. As with the surging import numbers, the large and instantaneous price drops China demonstrated so far in 2005 again follow the pattern established in 2002 with the removal of certain items from quota. In those categories integrated in 2002, China dropped its prices by an average of 58 percent.

In sum, surging low-priced imports from China are clearly disrupting the U.S. market in Category 638/639. The language on safeguards in the U.S./China Protocol of Accession

is based on language in the Multi-Fiber Agreement (MFA) and the WTO's Agreement on Textiles and Clothing (ATC). Both of those international agreements contained language providing for immediate action in the event of highly unusual and critical circumstances. We believe that current circumstances are such and that prompt action is necessary irrespective of the timelines in the CITA procedures.

Thank you for your consideration of this important matter.

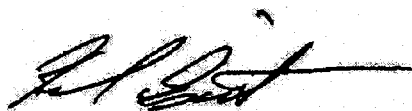
Sincerely,



Auggie Tantillo
Executive Director
AMTAC



Cass Johnson
President
NCTO



Karl Spilhaus
President
NTA



Bruce Raynor
General President
UNITE HERE

Table 1: U.S. Production, Imports, and Domestic Market Share for Man-Made Fiber Knit Shirts and Blouses (Category 638/639) 1999-2003 and YTD and YE June 2003 and 2004

Time Period	U.S. Production (Thousand Dozen)	U.S. Imports	Imports From U.S. Domestic China	U.S. Domestic Market Share (Percent)	Import Market Share (Percent)	China Market Share (Percent)
1999	21,204	73,965	2,456	22.28	77.72	2.58
2000	17,328	80,220	1,789	17.76	82.24	1.83
2001	16,800	78,991	3,306	17.54	82.46	3.45
2002	13,923	81,116	2,607	14.65	85.35	2.74
2003	13,240	82,027	2,440	13.90	86.10	2.56
YTD 6/03	5,734	37,628	867	13.22	86.78	2.00
YTD 6/04	5,900	38,814	1,308	13.19	86.81	2.92
YE 6/03	13,658	83,666	2,440	14.03	85.97	2.51
YE 6/04	13,405	83,213	2,925	13.87	86.13	3.03

Source: U.S. Imports, Production, Markets, Import Production Ratios and Domestic Market Shares for Textile and Apparel Product Categories (OTEXA/ITA/U.S. Department of Commerce)

Table 2: U.S. Imports of Man-Made Fiber Knit Shirts and Blouses (Category 638/639) 1999-2004, YTD and YE January 2004 and 2005, and YTD and YE March 2004 and 2005 from the World and China: Quantity (Dozen), Percent Change, and China's Percent Share of the World

Time Period	U.S. Imports-Category 638/639 from:					
	World:			China:		
	Quantity (Dozen)	Percent Change		Quantity (Dozen)	Percent Change	Percent Share
1999	73,964,683	--		2,456,412	--	3.3
2000	80,220,129	8.5		1,788,828	-27.2	2.2
2001	78,990,977	-1.5		3,305,585	84.8	4.2
2002	81,115,735	2.7		2,606,548	-21.1	3.2
2003	82,025,978	1.1		2,439,908	-6.4	3.0
2004	86,060,091	4.9		2,924,922	19.9	3.4
YTD 1/04	6,468,555	--		333,701	--	5.2
YTD 1/05	6,601,100	2.1		835,882	150.5	12.7
YE 1/04	82,124,051	--		2,548,733	--	3.1
YE 1/05	86,192,636	5.0		3,427,103	34.5	4.0
1 st Q/04	19,044,425	--		642,708	--	3.4
1 st Q/05(p)	21,159,575	11.1		2,771,311	331.2	13.1
YE 3/04	82,375,172	--		2,589,980	--	3.1
YE 3/05(p)	88,175,241	7.0		5,053,525	95.1	5.7

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Textiles and Apparel

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April 28, 2005.

AGENCY: The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (the Committee)

ACTION: Solicitation of public comments concerning a request for safeguard action on imports from China of man-made fiber trousers (Category 647/648).

SUMMARY: On April 6, 2005, the Committee received a request from the American Manufacturing Trade Action Coalition, the National Council of Textile Organizations, the National Textile Association, and UNITE HERE requesting that the Committee limit imports from China of man-made fiber trousers (Category 647/648). They request that a textile and apparel safeguard action, as provided for in the Report of the Working Party on the Accession of China to the World Trade Organization (the Accession Agreement), be taken on imports of such man-made fiber trousers. The Committee hereby solicits public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether imports from China of such man-made fiber trousers are, due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in this product. Comments must be submitted by June 3, 2005 to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3001A, United States Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

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On April 6, 2005, the Committee received a request that an Accession Agreement textile and apparel safeguard action be taken on imports from China of man-made fiber trousers (Category 647/648). The Committee has determined that this request provides the information necessary for the Committee to consider the request in light of the considerations set forth in the Procedures. In this case, the Committee notes that imports from China of man-made fiber trousers (Category 647/648) have increased from 615,356 dozen in the first quarter of 2004 to 2,300,622 dozen in the first quarter of 2005 (includes preliminary data for 2005). The text of the request is reproduced in full below.

The Committee is soliciting public comments on this request, in particular with regard to whether imports from China of such man-made fiber trousers are, due to market disruption, threatening to impede the orderly development of trade in this product.

Comments may be submitted by any interested person. Comments must be received no later than June 3, 2005. Interested persons are invited to submit ten copies of such comments to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, Room 3001A, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20230.

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D. Michael Hutchinson,

*Acting Chairman, Committee for the
Implementation of Textile Agreements.*

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