Protection of Children

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and does not create an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that might disproportionately affect children.

Indian Tribal Governments

This rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes. We invite your comments on how this rule might impact tribal governments, even if that impact may not constitute a "tribal implication" under the Order.

Energy Effects

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use. We have determined that it is not a "significant energy action" under that order because it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866 and is not likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. It has not been designated by the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs as a significant energy action. Therefore, it does not require a Statement of Energy Effects under Executive Order 13211.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this rule and concluded that, under figure 2–1, (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.ID, this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A "Categorical Exclusion Determination" is available in the docket where indicated under ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191, 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46

2. Revise § 165.T01–171 published at 66 FR 49283–49284 to read as follows:

§ 165.T01–171 Safety and Security Zones: Boston Marine Inspection Zone and Captain of the Port Zone.

- (a) *Location*. The following are established as safety and security zones:
- (1) All waters of the Mystic River within a five hundred (500) yard radius of the Distrigas terminal pier in Everett, MA.
- (2) All waters of Boston Harbor, including the Reserved Channel, west of a line connecting the Southeastern tip of the North Jetty and the Northeastern corner of the Paul W. Conley Marine Terminal pier.
- (3) All waters of Boston Inner Harbor within a two hundred (200) yard radius of Pier 2 at the Coast Guard Integrated Support Command Boston, Boston, MA.
- (4) All waters of Salem Harbor within a five hundred (500) yard radius of the PG & E U.S. Generating power plant pier in Salem, MA.
- (b) *Effective dates*. This section is effective from September 18, 2001 until June 30, 2002.
- (c) Regulations. (1) The general regulations contained in 33 CFR 165.23 and 165.33 apply.
- (2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Coast Guard Captain of the Port or the designated on-scene-patrol personnel. These personnel comprise commissioned, warrant, and petty officers of the Coast Guard. Upon being hailed by a U. S. Coast Guard vessel by siren, radio, flashing light, or other means, the operator of a vessel shall proceed as directed.

Dated: March 12, 2002.

G. N. Naccara,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, District Commander, First U.S. Coast Guard District. [FR Doc. 02–6459 Filed 3–13–02; 3:48 pm] BILLING CODE 4910–15–U

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 50

National Primary and Secondary Ambient Air Quality Standards

CFR Correction

In Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, parts 50 to 51, revised as of July 1, 2001, on page 62, in Part 50 Appendix H, under the third heading, the fifth paragraph is amended by correcting the formula to read as follows:

Appendix H to Part 50—Interpretation of the 1-Hour Primary and Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Ozone

3. Estimating the Number of Exceedances for a Year

e = v + [(v/n)*(N-n-z)] (1)

[FR Doc. 02–55506 Filed 3–14–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505–01–D

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 70

[IA 150-1150; FRL-7158-6]

Approval of Operating Permit Program; State of Iowa

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is announcing its approval of the amendments to the Iowa Title V operating permit program. EPA announced its proposed approval of these amendments on January 11, 2002. These amendments incorporate existing periodic monitoring guidance and adopt by reference compliance assurance monitoring requirements.

DATES: This rule is effective on April 15, 2002

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lynn M. Slugantz at (913) 551–7883.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever "we," "us," or "our" is used, we mean EPA. This section provides additional information by addressing the following questions:

What is the Part 70 operating permit program?

What is the Federal approval process for the Part 70 operating permit program?

What does Federal approval of a state operating permit program mean to me?

What is being addressed in this document? Have the requirements for approval of a revision to the operating permit program been met?

What action is EPA taking?

What Is the Part 70 Operating Permit Program?

The Clean Air Act (CAA) Amendments of 1990 require all states to develop an operating permit program that meets certain Federal criteria listed