

services^{1,2,3} for the years 2001, 2002, and 2003. As stated in section 260.5(c), the Copyright Office then is required to publish a notice in the **Federal Register** within thirty days of receipt of the filing announcing an interested party's intent to conduct an audit.

In accordance with this regulation the Office is publishing today's notice to fulfill this requirement with respect to SoundExchange's notices of intent to audit.

Dated: January 13, 2005

Tanya M. Sandros,
Associate General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 05-1037 Filed 1-18-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410-33-S

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Sunshine Act Meeting Notice

TIME AND DATE: 9:30 a.m., Tuesday,
January 25, 2005.

PLACE: NTSB Board Room, 429 L'Enfant
Plaza, SW., Washington, DC 20594.

STATUS: The one item is Open to the
Public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: 7686
Railroad Accident Report—Derailment
of Canadian National Freight Train
M33371-08 and Subsequent Release of
Hazardous Materials in Tamaroa,
Illinois, February 9, 2003.

NEWS MEDIA CONTACT: Telephone: (202)
314-6100.

Individuals requesting specific
accommodations should contact Ms.
Carolyn Dargan at (202) 314-6305 by
Friday, January 21, 2005.

The public may view the meeting via
a live or archived Web cast by accessing
a link under "News & Events" on the
NTSB home page at <http://www.nts.gov>.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: Vicky
D'Onofrio, (202) 314-6410.

Dated: January 14, 2005.

Vicky D'Onofrio,
Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 05-1138 Filed 1-14-05; 1:26 pm]

BILLING CODE 7533-01-M

¹ A copy of the Notice of Intent to Audit DMX
Music, Inc. will be posted on the Office website at
http://www.copyright.gov/carp/dmx_notice.pdf.

² A copy of the Notice of Intent to Audit Muzak
LLC will be posted on the Office website at http://www.copyright.gov/carp/muzak_notice.pdf.

³ A copy of the Notice of Intent to Audit Music
Choice will be posted on the Office website at http://www.copyright.gov/carp/musicchoice_notice.pdf.

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**[Docket Nos. 030-05980, 030-05982]
[License Nos. 37-00030-02, 37-00030-08,
EA-04-148]**

In the Matter of Safety Light Corporation, Bloomsburg, PA; Order Suspending License (Effective Immediately)

Safety Light Corporation (the Licensee
or SLC) is the holder of two Byproduct
Material Licenses issued by the Nuclear
Regulatory Commission (NRC or
Commission) pursuant to 10 CFR part
30 for the facility at 4150-A Old
Berwick Road near Bloomsburg,
Pennsylvania. License No. 37-00030-02
authorizes the Licensee to characterize
and decommission its contaminated
facilities, equipment, and land. License
No. 37-00030-08 authorizes, among
other things, the Licensee to
manufacture self-luminous signs and
foils using tritium. The licenses were
last renewed on December 28, 1999, and
are due to expire on December 31, 2004.

On December 28, 1999, License Nos.
37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08 were
renewed. As part of these renewals,
License Conditions were included that
exempted the Licensee from certain of
the Commission's financial assurance
requirements and required the Licensee
to develop plans which would address
the License Termination Rule (10 CFR
part 20, subpart E). This exemption was
granted in response to the Licensee's
request to the Commission to exempt
the Licensee from the financial
assurance decommissioning
requirements set forth in 10 CFR 30.32
and 10 CFR 30.35, based on the lack of
sufficient funds available at the time to
assure that adequate financial ability
existed to decommission the facility. In
lieu of complying with 10 CFR 30.35,
the Licensee committed to (1) develop a
schedule and plan, for NRC review and
approval, for additional site
characterization and to develop revised
cost estimates including strategies for
site decommissioning that would
comply with the criteria specified in the
license termination rule, 10 CFR 30.36,
and (2) contribute specified monthly
payments (\$7,000 per month in 2000;
\$8,000 per month in 2001 and 2002; and
\$9,000 per month in 2003 and 2004) to
a decommissioning trust fund over the
life of the license to support
decommissioning activities. The NRC
specifically approved an exemption, in
Condition 16 of Amendment No. 51 for
License 37-00030-02 and Condition
20.A of Amendment No. 13 for License
37-00030-08, provided that the licensee
make the specified monthly payments

into a decommissioning trust fund. The
NRC granted the renewal of the two
licenses based on the Licensee's
continued ability to provide sufficient
remediation funding and adequate
security of radioactive materials at the
facility.

On November 21, 2003, the NRC
learned, during telephone conversations
with Licensee management, that the
Licensee had not made all payments
into its decommissioning trust fund, as
required by Condition 16 (License No.
37-00030-02) and Condition 20.A
(License No. 37-00030-08). The
Licensee failed to make several
prescribed deposits into the
decommissioning trust fund over the
period from May 2001 to December
2002. The Licensee made all overdue
payments by February 2003 to address
the deficit that existed at the end of
2002. However, starting in January 2003,
the Licensee again failed to make the
total prescribed payments into the
decommissioning trust fund, resulting
in a deficit of \$81,000 by the end of
November 2003.

Upon learning of the foregoing, on
December 19, 2003, the NRC issued a
Demand for Information to SLC which
required the Licensee to submit to the
NRC the following information:

1. Detailed schedule for making all
overdue payments, with interest, to the
decommissioning trust fund;

2. Reasons why the Licensee did not
make the required payments, as
scheduled, to the decommissioning trust
fund;

1. Reasons why the NRC should have
confidence that the Licensee will, in the
future, make the required monthly
deposits to the decommissioning trust
fund;

2. Assurance from the Licensee, that,
should it encounter any difficulty
making required monthly deposits in
the future, it will promptly notify the
NRC that there will be a delay in making
a specific deposit, and provide the
reasons for the delay;

3. Reasons why the NRC should have
confidence that in the future, the
Licensee will adhere to license
conditions and applicable NRC
requirements;

4. Reasons why, in light of the
Licensee's past failure to make all
required payments to the trust fund,
License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-
00030-08 should not be modified,
suspended, or revoked.

On January 16, 2004, the Licensee
responded to the Demand for
Information and indicated, in part, that
the Licensee could not submit a detailed
schedule for making overdue payments
given the Licensee's inability to

accurately predict future sales and cash flow. The Licensee also indicated that a slowdown in the Licensee's business activity caused by a general economic downturn made it impossible to stay current with the Licensee's payment obligations. At the same time, the Licensee indicated that aggressive marketing efforts, along with an improving economy, led to an increase in order activity which it expected to translate into an upturn in business.

The Licensee made all of the prescribed deposits from December 2003 through November 2004. In addition, the Licensee made payments of amounts in arrears in December 2003, February 2004, and October 2004, resulting in a deficit of \$36,000 plus interest to the decommissioning trust fund as of November 30, 2004.

The Licensee submitted license renewal applications for License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08 on April 22, 2004. As noted in the letter transmitting this Order to the Licensee, the NRC denied the renewal applications based on the Licensee's failure to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 30.35, as well as the Licensee's violation of several conditions of its licenses, including the failure to make the required monthly payments into the decommissioning trust fund.

The NRC Office of Investigations conducted an investigation into the Licensee's failure to make the required monthly payments to the decommissioning trust fund, and concluded that the Licensee's management had deliberately violated the requirement to make the prescribed payments to the trust fund. In a July 1, 2004 letter, the NRC informed the Licensee of this apparent deliberate violation of the License Conditions and invited the licensee to a predecisional enforcement conference to discuss this matter. At the pre-decisional enforcement conference held on July 20, 2004, SLC management stated that a general downturn in business conditions led to the Licensee's failure to make payments. Nonetheless, the NRC maintains that the violation was deliberate in that the Licensee admitted knowledge of the requirement to make payments to the trust fund, yet failed to do so. The obligation to make the specified payments set forth in the license conditions is unqualified and is not subject to the state of SLC's business conditions, and was material to the granting of an exemption to the Licensee in connection with the renewal of its licenses in 1999. The Licensee's deliberate failure to make the required payments to the trust fund, as required

by license conditions 16 and 20.A, voided the exemption from the financial assurance requirements of 10 CFR 30.35, and placed the Licensee in continued violation of these license conditions and 10 CFR 30.35. This deliberate failure by the Licensee has significant health and safety implications in that these regulatory requirements are intended to ensure the availability of adequate funds for characterization, packaging, and disposal of radioactive waste from the Licensee's site.

Based on the Licensee's willful failure to make the required scheduled payments into the decommissioning trust fund as required by its licenses, and the resultant implication for public health and safety, I lack the requisite reasonable assurance that the Licensee's current operations can be conducted under License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08 in compliance with the Commission's requirements and that the health and safety of the public, including the Licensee's employees, will be protected. Therefore, the public health, safety, and interest require that License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08 be suspended and that the Licensee must develop a plan for the orderly shutdown of its licensed activities. Furthermore, pursuant to 10 CFR 2.202, I find that given the willful nature of the violation of Conditions 16 and 20.A. of License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08, respectively, and 10 CFR 30.35, as well as the related effect on public health and safety, this Order shall be immediately effective.

In accordance with 10 CFR 30.36 (b) and (c), these licenses will continue in effect beyond the expiration date with respect to possession of byproduct material until the Commission notifies the Licensee in writing that the licenses are terminated. During this time, the Licensee shall limit actions involving byproduct material to those related to decommissioning and continue to control entry to restricted areas until they are suitable for release in accordance with NRC requirements. The Licensee is not authorized to receive any additional licensed material beyond the license expiration date but shall continue to take such actions as are needed to facilitate the decommissioning of the site, including the processing of the existing inventory of tritium to produce devices for transfer to authorized recipients. These actions are described in Section V below.

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 81, 161b, 161i, 161o, 182 and 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 2.202 and 10 CFR part 30, *It is*

hereby ordered, effective immediately, that:

A. License Nos. 37-00030-02 and 37-00030-08 are suspended on January 1, 2005, excepting those activities addressed in the shutdown plan prepared in accordance with item B. below and 10 CFR 30.36(b) and (c), pending further Order.

B. The Licensee shall, by December 20, 2004, submit to the Regional Administrator, Region I, for approval, a plan for the orderly shutdown of its licensed activities over a period beginning on January 1, 2005, to be completed by March 31, 2005. This plan shall include provisions to:

1. Cease receipt of licensed material at the Licensee's Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania site;

2. Process existing inventory of licensed material into finished products for transfer to authorized recipients;

3. Transfer, or maintain in secure storage, the remaining inventory of tritium at the site;

4. Notify SLC customers of exit signs, or other devices containing licensed material, that they may not return these signs or devices to the licensee's Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania facility;

5. Provide continued security for the Licensee's Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania facility to assure safe conditions at the site; and

6. Provide continued heating, electrical power and other utility service.

The Regional Administrator, Region I, may, in writing, relax or rescind this order upon demonstration by the Licensee of good cause.

In accordance with 10 CFR 2.202, the Licensee must, and any other person adversely affected by this Order may, submit an answer to this Order, and may request a hearing on this Order, within 20 days of the date of this Order. Where good cause is shown, consideration will be given to extending the time to request a hearing. A request for extension of time must be made in writing to the Director, Office of Enforcement, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, and include a statement of good cause for the extension. The answer may consent to this Order. Unless the answer consents to this Order, the answer shall, in writing and under oath or affirmation, specifically admit or deny each allegation or charge made in this order and set forth the matters of fact and law on which the Licensee or other person adversely affected relies and the reasons as to why the Order should not have been issued. Any answer or request for a hearing shall be submitted to the Secretary, U.S. Nuclear

Regulatory Commission, ATTN: Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff, Washington, DC 20555. Copies of the hearing request also should be sent to the Director, Office of Enforcement, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, to the Assistant General Counsel for Materials Litigation and Enforcement at the same address, to the Regional Administrator, NRC Region I, 475 Allendale Road, King of Prussia, Pennsylvania, and to the Licensee. Because of continuing disruptions in delivery of mail to United States Government offices, it is requested that answers and requests for hearing be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commission either by means of facsimile transmission to 301-415-1101 or by e-mail to hearingdocket@nrc.gov and also to the Office of the General Counsel either by means of facsimile transmission to 301-415-3725 or by e-mail to OGCMailCenter@nrc.gov. If a person other than the Licensee requests a hearing, that person shall set forth with particularity the manner in which his interest is adversely affected by this Order and shall address the criteria set forth in 10 CFR 2.309(d).

If a hearing is requested by the Licensee or a person whose interest is adversely affected, the Commission will issue an Order designating the time and place of any hearing. If a hearing is held, the issue to be considered at such hearing shall be whether this Order should be sustained.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 2.202(c)(2)(i), the Licensee, or any other person adversely affected by this Order, may, in addition to demanding a hearing, at the time the answer is filed or sooner, move the presiding officer to set aside the immediate effectiveness of the Order on the ground that the Order, including the need for immediate effectiveness, is not based on adequate evidence but on mere suspicion, unfounded allegations, or error.

In the absence of any request for hearing, or written approval of an extension of time in which to request a hearing, the provisions specified in Section V above shall be final 20 days from the date of this Order without further order or proceedings. If an extension of time for requesting a hearing has been approved, the provisions specified in Section V shall be final when the extension expires if a hearing request has not been received. A

request for hearing shall not stay the immediate effectiveness of this order.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Dated this 10th day of December 2004.

Margaret V. Federline,

Acting Director, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.

[FR Doc. 05-987 Filed 1-18-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-155]

Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact for Consumers Energy's Request To Modify Existing § 20.2002 Authorization, for Big Rock Point, License DPR-006, Charlevoix County, MI

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

James Shepherd, Division of Waste Management and Environmental Protection, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Mail Stop T7E18, Washington, DC 20555-0001. Telephone: (301) 415-6712; e-mail jcs2@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is considering approval of a request to dispose of demolition debris contaminated with polychlorobiphenyl (PCB) in accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) Section 20.2002 for Facility Operating License No. DPR-6, issued to Consumers Energy Company, ((CE) or the licensee), for the possession of the Big Rock Point (BRP) Plant, located in Charlevoix County, Michigan. This authorization will revise CE's existing authority to dispose of low-contamination material in a State of Michigan Type II landfill in accordance with 10 CFR 20.2002 by authorizing CE to dispose of such waste that also has PCB at a landfill licensed to accept PCBs. This proposed action would also exempt the low-contaminated material

authorized for disposal from further Atomic Energy Act (AEA) and NRC licensing requirements. The NRC has prepared an Environmental Assessment (EA) in support of this proposed action in accordance with the requirements of 10 CFR part 51. Based upon the EA, the NRC has determined that a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is appropriate.

II. Environmental Assessment

Background

On March 14, 2001, in accordance with 10 CFR 20.2002, the licensee submitted a request to dispose of low-activity demolition debris from the Big Rock Point (BRP) Restoration Site in a Type II sanitary landfill approximately 100 km (60 mi) from the site, licensed by the State of Michigan, in accordance with 10 CFR 20.2002. The licensee later revised the request on May 18, 2001 and June 20, 2001. NRC approved the request in May, 2002, and BRP began shipping material to the landfill.

Subsequently, debris coated with polychlorobiphenyl (PCB)-contaminated paint, mainly structural steel, was identified during demolition. The State of Michigan Type II landfill that is currently accepting the debris contaminated with residual radioactivity does not accept PCB bulk product waste. Therefore, on September 15, 2004, the licensee submitted a revised request to dispose of about 1.4 million kilograms (three million pounds) of low-activity PCB bulk product waste in an alternate landfill, approximately 445 km (275 mi) from the site, licensed by the State of Michigan and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to accept PCBs.

The licensee will continue to ship low-activity demolition debris that is not contaminated with PCB to the original Type II landfill.

A comparison of the estimates of waste to be disposed and the time for disposal is given in the table below. As discussed below, there will be lighter loads, thus a slightly lower dose rate for the drivers, but more total shipments than was estimated in the 2001 request. Because of the increase in total waste, there will also be slight increases in dose rate to the landfill workers and postulated resident farmer compared to the 2001 estimates.

TABLE 1.—COMPARISON OF WASTE ESTIMATES

Item	2001	2004
Total Waste	38.3 million kg (84.5 million lbs)	51.3 million kg (113 million lbs).
Rad Waste (remaining)	38.3 million kg 84.5 million lbs)	22.1 million kg (48.7 million lbs).