number of small entities. Specifically, as per the 1997 notice, EPA has reviewed its available data on imports and foreign pesticide usage and concludes that there is a reasonable international supply of food not treated with canceled pesticides. Furthermore, the Agency knows of no extraordinary circumstances that exist as to the present revocations that would change EPA's previous analysis.

In addition, the Agency has determined that this action will not have a substantial direct effect on States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132, entitled Federalism (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). Executive Order 13132 requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by State and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have federalism implications." "Policies that have federalism implications" is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government." This final rule directly regulates growers, food processors, food handlers and food retailers, not States. This action does not alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress in the preemption provisions of FFDCA section 408(n)(4). For these same reasons, the Agency has determined that this rule does not have any "tribal implications" as described in Executive Order 13175, entitled Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments (65 FR 67249, November 6, 2000). Executive Order 13175, requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure "meaningful and timely input by tribal officials in the development of regulatory policies that have tribal implications." "Policies that have tribal implications" is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes." This rule will not have substantial direct effects on tribal governments, on the relationship between the Federal

Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified in Executive Order 13175. Thus, Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this rule.

VI. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of this final rule in the Federal Register. This final rule is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 28, 2002.

Marcia E. Mulkey,

 $Director, Of fice\ of\ Pesticide\ Programs.$

Therefore, 40 CFR part 180 is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346(a) and 371

§180.120 [Removed]

2. Section 180.120 is removed.

[FR Doc. 02–17873 Filed 7–16–02; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 20

[CC Docket No. 94-102; DA 02-1575]

Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling; Use of Non-Initialized Wireless Phones

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments on petitions for reconsideration and delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: This document invites comment on a Emergency Services Interconnection Forum's (ESIF) Petition for Reconsideration (Reconsideration Petition) of the Commission's previous decision in this proceeding and a separately filed Request for Stay (Stay Request) of the effective date of the rules adopted in that decision. That decision considered the problems associated with the inability of a public safety answering point to call back an emergency caller for further critical information when that caller is dialing 911 using a non-service initialized wireless telephone. The Commission now seeks comment on ESIF's Reconsideration Petition in order to establish a record on which to base a final determination on the Petition. DATES: Comments are due on or before

DATES: Comments are due on or before August 2, 2002, and reply comments are due on August 19, 2002.

ADDRESSES: All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. Comments may also be filed through the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System via the Internet to http://www.fcc.gov/e-file/ecfs.html.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David Siehl, Attorney-Advisor, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, 202–418–

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's document in CC Docket No. 94-102, DA 02-1575; released July 3, 2002. The complete text of this document is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Courtyard Level, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC, and also may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, telephone 202-863-2893, facsimile 202-863-2898, or via e-mail at qualexint@aol.com. Alternative formats (computer diskette, large print, audio cassettes, and Braille) are available to persons with disabilities by contacting Brian Millin at 202-418-7426, TTY 202-418-7365, or at bmillin@fcc.gov.

Synopsis

1. The Commission invites comment on a Petition for Reconsideration (Reconsideration Petition) of the Report and Order (R&O) in this proceeding in which the Commission addressed the issues associated with the inability of a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to call back a 911 caller who is disconnected prematurely when that caller is using a non-service initialized wireless telephone (non-initialized phone). Non-initialized phones are handsets that are not registered for service with any Commercial Mobile Radio Service carrier and thus lack a dialable number. The R&O may be found at 67 FR 36112, May 23, 2002. The Reconsideration Petition was filed by the Emergency Services Interconnection Forum (ESIF), which also separately filed a Request for Stay (Stay Request) of the effective date (October 1, 2002) for 47 CFR 20.18(l)(1)(i) and (l)(2)(i), adopted in the R&O. The Commission also solicits comment on the Stav Request.

2. Section 20.18(l)(1)(i), requires that licensees donating non-service initialized handsets through carrier-sponsored efforts program those handsets with the code 123–456–7890 as the telephone number/mobile identification number to alert PSAPs that a 911 call is being made from a wireless phone that lacks call-back capability. Further, section 20.18(l)(2)(i) requires that all manufacturers of "911-only" handsets manufactured on or after October 1, 2002, program each handset

with the same code. 3. The Reconsideration Petition notes a solution not raised in the record to address the lack of call-back capability. The proposed solution is based on a technical standard published jointly by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) and ATIS. The standard suggests the use of a wireless handset's Electronic Serial Number (ESN) or International Mobile Station Equipment Identity (IMEI) to create a surrogate number: "911" plus the last seven digits of the ESN or IMEI expressed as a decimal number. According to the Reconsideration Petition, using this surrogate number provides easier identification of the specific phone used in placing a wireless 911 call. Moreover, the surrogate number allegedly permits (1) the PSAP to prevent the misuse of the 9-1-1 system due to repeated harassing calls made on non-initialized phones, and (2) the identification of legitimate

4. The Reconsideration Petition also asserts that ESIF has identified a problem that was not addressed in the record of this proceeding. According to ESIF, the number requirement, 123–456–7890, in the Commission's new rules also serves as a valid International

emergency callers making multiple

Roaming MIN (Mobile Identification Number) ("IRM") range. As a result, the potential impact of the 123–456–7890 code is to remove one million numbers the IRM assignment pool, when IRMs are a finite numbering resource where the first number must be a zero (0) or a one (1).

Administrative Matters

5. The Commission seeks comment on the issues raised by the Petition and Request. Pursuant to 47 CFR 1.1200(a), this proceeding is designated a "permit but disclose" proceedings and subject to § 1.1206. Ex parte presentations that are made will be allowed but must be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of 47 CFR 1.1206(b).

6. Pursuant to 47 CFR 1.415, 1.419, interested parties may file oppositions to the Request for Stay on or before August 2, 2002. Replies are due August 19, 2002.

7. Pursuant to § 1.429 of the Commission's rules, interested parties may file comments to the Petition for Reconsideration on or before August 2, 2002. Reply comments are due August 19, 2002.

8. Pleadings may be filed using the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS) or by filing paper copies. Comments filed through the ECFS can be sent as an electronic file via the Internet to http://www.fcc.gov/ e-file/ecfs.html>. Generally, only one copy of an electronic submission must be filed. In completing the transmittal screen, filing parties should include their full name, Postal Service mailing address, and the applicable docket or rulemaking number. Parties may also submit an electronic comment by Internet e-mail. To get filing instructions for e-mail comments, parties should send an e-mail to ecfs@fcc.gov, and should include the following words in the body of the message, "get form <your e-mail address>." A sample form and directions will be sent in reply. Parties who choose to file by paper must file an original and four copies of each filing. Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Šervice mail (although we continue to experience delays in receiving U.S. Postal Service mail). The Commission's contractor, Vistronix, Inc., will receive handdelivered or messenger-delivered paper filings for the Commission's Secretary at 236 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Suite 110, Washington, DC 20002. The filing hours at this location are 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners. Any envelopes must be disposed of

before entering the building.
Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743. U.S. Postal Service first-class mail, Express Mail, and Priority Mail should be addressed to 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary,

9. Federal Communications
Commission. In addition, a diskette
copy should be sent to the
Commission's copy contractor, Qualex
International, Portals II, 445 12th Street,
SW., Room CY–B402, Washington, DC,
20554, telephone 202–863–2893,
facsimile 202–863–2898, or via e-mail to
qualexint@aol.com.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 20

Communications common carrier, Communications equipment, Radio.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–18047 Filed 7–16–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Parts 25 and 101

[FCC 01-323]

Redesignation of the 18 GHz Frequency Band, Blanket Licensing of Satellite Earth Stations in the Ka-band, and the Allocation of Additional Spectrum for Broadcast Satellite-Service Use; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Commission adopted an order granting in part and denying in part the petitions for reconsideration of the 18 GHz Order filed by various parties. The Commission, among other things, affirmed its basic findings in the 18 GHz Order and addressed a number of issues raised by parties in their reconsideration petitions. Because an error was made in the publication of the final rule, this document contains a correction to the final rule document which was published in the Federal Register on December 7, 2001 (66 FR 63512).

DATES: Effective July 17, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Secretary, 445 12th Street, SW., Room TW–B204F, Washington, DC 20554.