ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Standard routine uses 1. through 7., 10., and 11. apply.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

Automated databases, computer storage media, and paper.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

By customer name, customer ID(s), distinguished name, certificate serial number, receipt number, transaction date, and email addresses.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

- 1. Records related to Pending Public Key Certificate Application Files are added as received to an electronic database, moved to the authorized certificate file when they are updated with the required data, and records not updated within 90 days from the date of receipt are destroyed.
- 2. Records related to the Public Key Certificate Directory are retained in an electronic database, are consistently updated, and records are destroyed as they are superseded or deleted.
- 3. Records related to the Authorized Public Key Certificate Master File are retained in an electronic database for the life of the authorized certificate.
- 4. When the certificate is revoked, it is moved to the certificate revocation file
- 5. The Public Key Certificate Revocation List is cut off at the end of each calendar year and records are retained 30 years from the date of cutoff. Records may be retained longer with customer consent or request.
- 6. Other records in this system are retained 7 years, unless retained longer by request of the customer.
- 7. Records related to electronic signatures are retained in an electronic database for 3 years.
- 8. Other categories of records are retained for a period of up to 30 days.
- 9. Driver's License data will be retained for 5 years.
- 10. COA and Hold Mail transactional data will be retained for 5 years.
- 11. Records related to Phone Verification/One-Time Passcode and Device Reputation assessment will be retained for 7 years.
- 12. Records collected for Identity Proofing at the Identity Assurance Level 2 (IAL–2), including ID document images, Identity Verification Attributes, and associated data will be retained up to 5 years, or as stipulated within Interagency Agreements (IAAs) with partnering Federal Agencies.

Records existing on paper are destroyed by burning, pulping, or shredding. Records existing on computer storage media are destroyed according to the applicable USPS media sanitization practice.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

Paper records, computers, and computer storage media are located in controlled-access areas under supervision of program personnel. Access to these areas is limited to authorized personnel, who must be identified with a badge.

Access to records is limited to individuals who need the information to perform their job and whose official duties require such access.

Contractors and licensees are subject to contract controls and unannounced on-site audits and inspections.

Computers are protected by mechanical locks, card key systems, or other physical access control methods. The use of computer systems is regulated with installed security software, computer logon identifications, and operating system controls including access controls, terminal and transaction logging, and file management software.

Key pairs are protected against cryptanalysis by encrypting the private key and by using a shared secret algorithm to protect the encryption key, and the certificate authority key is stored in a separate, tamperproof, hardware device. Activities are audited, and archived information is protected from corruption, deletion, and modification.

For authentication services and electronic postmark, electronic data is transmitted via secure socket layer (SSL) encryption to a secured data center. Computer media are stored within a secured, locked room within the facility. Access to the database is limited to the system administrator, database administrator, and designated support personnel. Paper forms are stored within a secured area within locked cabinets.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for access must be made in accordance with the Notification Procedure above and USPS Privacy Act regulations regarding access to records and verification of identity under 39 CFR 266.5.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See Notification Procedure and Record Access Procedures above.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

Customers wanting to know if other information about them is maintained in this system of records must address inquiries in writing to the system manager. Inquiries must contain name, address, email, and other identifying information.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

HISTORY:

December 15, 2021; 86 FR 71294; March 16, 2020, 85 FR 14982; December 13, 2018, 83 FR 64164; December 22, 2017, 82 FR 60776; August 29, 2014, 79 FR 51627; October 24, 2011, 76 FR 65756; April 29, 2005, 70 FR 22516.

Christopher Doyle,

Attorney, Ethics & Legal Compliance. [FR Doc. 2024–16505 Filed 7–25–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270–346, OMB Control No. 3235–0392]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 15g-3

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 ("PRA") (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") a request for approval of extension of the existing collection of information provided for in Rule 15g—3—Broker or dealer disclosure of quotations and other information relating to the penny stock market (17 CFR 240.15g—3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.).

Rule 15g–3 requires that brokers and dealers disclose to customers current quotation prices or similar market information in connection with transactions in penny stocks. The purpose of the rule is to increase the level of disclosure to investors concerning penny stocks generally and specific penny stock transactions.

The Commission estimates that approximately 170 broker-dealers will each spend an average of approximately 87.0833333 hours annually to comply with this rule. Thus, the total time

burden is approximately 14,804 hours per year.

Rule 15g–3 contains record retention requirements. Compliance with the rule is mandatory. The required records are available only to the examination staff of the Commission and the self regulatory organizations of which the broker-dealer is a member.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information under the PRA unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The public may view background documentation for this information collection at the following website: www.reginfo.gov. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent by August 26, 2024 to (i) www.reginfo.gov/ public/do/PRAMain and (ii) Austin Gerig, Director/Chief Data Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/ o Oluwaseun Ajayi, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by sending an email to: PRA Mailbox@sec.gov.

Dated: July 22, 2024.

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2024–16416 Filed 7–25–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 12469]

Industry Advisory Group: Notice of Open Meeting

The U.S. Department of State Bureau of Overseas Buildings Operations (OBO) will host the Industry Advisory Group (IAG) Annual Meeting from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. on Wednesday, September 18, 2024. The meeting will be hybrid and open to the public from 1:30 p.m.–5:30 p.m., including a networking session starting at 4:30 p.m., at the U.S. Department of State, located at 2201 C Street NW, Washington, DC.

The meeting will primarily be devoted to discussions between the Department's senior management and IAG members regarding industry and academia's latest concepts, methods, best practices, innovations, and ideas supporting OBO's mission to provide the most effective facilities for United States diplomacy abroad. Additionally, time will be provided for public members to ask questions and provide comments.

The public may attend this meeting in-person as seating capacity allows. Admittance to the State Department building will be through a pre-arranged clearance list. OBO External Affairs will post an open registration announcement on OBO's website (www.state.gov/obo) and social media and email the announcement to OBO's distribution list approximately 60 days before the event date. We encourage those interested in attending the IAG Annual Meeting to sign up for OBO's Distribution List.

Please forward any requests for reasonable accommodation to *OBOExternalAffairs@state.gov* by August 29, 2024. Request for reasonable accommodation made after that date will be considered but may not be fulfilled.

For further information, please contact External Affairs at *OBOExternalAffairs@state.gov*.

William H. Moser,

Director, Bureau of Overseas Buildings Operations, Department of State.

[FR Doc. 2024–16420 Filed 7–25–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-51-P

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

[Docket No. FD 36787]

Alameda Belt Line—Operation Exemption—Board of Harbor Commissioners of the Port of Los Angeles, Board of Harbor Commissioners (Long Beach), and Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority

Under 49 CFR 1011.7(a)(2)(x)(A), the Director of the Office of Proceedings (Director) is delegated the authority to determine whether to issue notices of exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502 for operation transactions under 49 U.S.C. 10901. However, the Board reserves to itself the consideration and disposition of all matters involving issues of general transportation importance. 49 CFR 1011.2(a)(6). Accordingly, the Board will revoke the delegation to the Director with respect to issuance of the notice of exemption for dispatching operations of the rail line at issue in this case. The Board determines that this notice of exemption should be issued, and does so here.1

Notice

Alameda Belt Line (ABL), a noncarrier, has filed a verified notice of exemption pursuant to 49 CFR 1150.31 "to assume by subcontract the dispatching operations" over the Alameda Corridor, an approximately 16.1-mile railroad corridor between milepost 0.0 at CP East Redondo in Los Angeles, Cal., and milepost 16.1 at CP West Thenard in Los Angeles (the Line). According to the verified notice, BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) and Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) have operating rights over the Line. The verified notice states that UP currently handles Line dispatching with BNSF oversight pursuant to an agreement among BNSF, UP, and the Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority, the Line's administrator. ABL is a private entity owned in equal parts by BNSF and UP.

ABL certifies that its annual projected revenues as a result of the transaction will not exceed those that would qualify it as a Class III carrier and will not exceed \$5 million. ABL also states that the transaction does not involve any interchange commitments.

By decision served on July 11, 2024, the effective date of the exemption was postponed until further order of the Board, to provide sufficient time for evaluation of the matters raised by the verified notice.

On July 19, 2024, ABL filed a letter (Letter) requesting that the Board take immediate action on the verified notice. ABL states that the Federal Railroad Administration's (FRA) issuance of 49 CFR part 245—Certification of Dispatchers, effective July 22, 2024, imposes a 120-day approval process for a new railroad's dispatching training program. (Letter 2.) ABL states that it must begin dispatching operations by July 22, 2024, to avoid substantial delays resulting from the FRA's approval process under the new regulation. (See id.)

The Board determines that the notice of exemption should be published. In light of the need for expedited effectiveness as described in the Letter, the Board finds good cause to permit the exemption to become effective on the date of service of this decision.²

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void ab initio. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not

¹ Should it choose to do so, the Board retains the ability to revisit its precedent in *Rail-Term Corp.*—*Petition for Declaratory Order*, FD 35582 (STB served Nov. 19, 2013), in an appropriate proceeding. It chooses not to do so here because of the facts and circumstances—in particular, timing needs—presented by ABL.

²For the same reasons, the Board will waive the provision at 49 CFR 1150.32(c) regarding the filing of stay petitions prior to effectiveness.