and there is no Acting Director serving under the Federal Vacancies Reform Act of 1998, 5 U.S.C. 3345–3349d, the following officers of the FMCS, in the order listed, are hereby delegated the authority to perform the functions and duties of the Director, to the extent permitted by law:

- 1. Principal Deputy, Chief Operating Officer:
- 2. Deputy Director, Field Operations;
- 3. Deputy Director for Policy and Strategy;
- 4. Director, Procurement and Operational Support;
  - 5. General Counsel;
- 6. Associate Deputy Director for Field Operations, National;
- 7. Associate Deputy Director for Field Operations, Regional;
  - 8. Director, Human Resources; and
  - 9. Director, Budget.

No individual who is serving in an office listed in this order in an acting capacity, by virtue of so serving, shall be delegated the functions and duties of the Director.

Dated: July 28, 2023.

#### Gregory Goldstein,

FMCS Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 2023-16421 Filed 8-1-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6732-01-P

# FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

# Notice of Fee Increase for Arbitration Services

**AGENCY:** Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS), is issuing this notice to inform the public that it will increase fees associated with its arbitration services.

**DATES:** Fee increases will begin on October 1, 2023.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Arthur Pearlstein, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, One Independence Square, 250 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20427; arbitration@fmcs.gov.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

Pursuant to FMCS's enabling statutes, 29 U.S.C. 172 and 173, and 29 CFR part 1404, FMCS has long maintained a roster of qualified, private labor arbitrators to hear disputes arising under collective bargaining agreements and provide fact finding and interest arbitration. 29 U.S.C. 173(f) authorizes

FMCS to establish and collect fees for arbitration services.

#### II. Discussion

FMCS periodically reviews its arbitration program to access its efficiency. FMCS's last review occurred in 2019, which resulted in updating its arbitration regulations and a modest increase in user fees that had previously remained unchanged for more than eight years prior. FMCS has conducted a similar review and determined that the current user fees require additional adjustment to attain full-cost recovery for FMCS's arbitration services.

The following fees for FMCS's arbitration services will change:

- Annual listing fee for arbitrators who have completed less than 5 years on the Roster: Change from \$150 to \$200 for first address, Change from \$50 to \$75 for each additional address.
- Annual listing fee for arbitrators who have completed 5 or more years on the Roster: Change from \$250 to \$300 for first address and change from \$100 to \$125 for each additional address.
- A Request for a Panel of arbitrators (up to 7) processed online: Change from \$35 to \$100.
- Request for Panel of arbitrators (up to 13) processed manually by FMCS staff: Change from \$70 to \$175.
- Request for List of arbitrators (up to 13) processed manually by FMCS staff: Change from \$35 to \$175.
- Direct manual appointment of an arbitrator when a panel is not used: Change from \$30 to \$100.

As a reminder, payment is through Pay.gov at http://www.pay.gov which includes payment by debit, credit card, or electronic funds transfer (e-check). Although an electronic payment is preferred, if Pay.gov submission creates an undue hardship, payees may contact payments@fmcs.gov to explain the circumstances and receive assistance.

FMCS will continue to review the user fees periodically and will revise it as necessary. Any changes in the fees and their effective date will be announced in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: July 28, 2023.

#### Anna Davis,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2023–16431 Filed 8–1–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6732-01-P

#### **FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension

**AGENCY:** Federal Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC" or "Commission") is seeking public comments on its proposal to extend for an additional three years the current Paperwork Reduction Act ("PRA") clearance for information collection requirements contained in the FTC's Business Opportunity Rule ("Rule"). That clearance expires on January 31, 2024.

**DATES:** Comments must be filed by October 2, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below. Write "Business Opportunity Rule Paperwork Comment, FTC File No. P114408" on your comment, and file your comment online at https:// www.regulations.gov by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC-5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW. 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20024.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Christine M. Todaro, Attorney, Division of Marketing Practices, Bureau of Consumer Protection, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, CC–6316, Washington, DC 20580, (202) 326–3711.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*Title:* Disclosure Requirements Concerning Business Opportunities, 16 CFR part 437.

OMB Control Number: 3084–0142. Type of Review: Extension without change of currently approved collection.

Abstract: The Business Opportunity Rule requires business opportunity sellers to furnish prospective purchasers a disclosure document that provides information regarding the seller, the seller's business, and the nature of the proposed business opportunity, as well as additional information to substantiate any claims about actual or potential sales, income, or profits for a prospective business opportunity purchaser. The seller must also preserve information that forms a reasonable basis for such claims.

The Rule is designed to ensure that prospective purchasers receive information to help them evaluate business opportunities. Sellers must disclose five key items of information in a simple, one-page document: (1) The seller's identifying information; (2) whether the seller makes a claim about the purchaser's likely earnings (and, if yes, the seller must provide information supporting any such claims); (3) whether the seller, its affiliates, or key personnel have been involved in certain legal actions (and, if yes, the seller must provide a separate list of those actions); (4) whether the seller has a cancellation or refund policy (and, if yes, the seller must provide a separate document stating the material terms of such policies); and (5) a list of persons who have purchased the business opportunity within the previous three years. Misrepresentations and omissions are prohibited under the Rule, and for sales conducted in languages other than English, all disclosures must be provided in the language in which the sale is conducted.

Affected Public: Private Sector: Businesses and other for-profit entities. Estimated Annual Burden Hours: 10.065.

Estimated Annual Labor Costs: \$792.518.

Estimated Annual Non-Labor Costs: \$3,361,014.

As required by section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A), the FTC is providing this opportunity for public comment before requesting that OMB extend the existing clearance for the information collection requirements contained in the Rule.

#### **Burden Statement**

FTC staff estimates there are approximately 3,050 business opportunity sellers covered by the Rule, including vending machine, rack display, work-at-home, and other opportunity sellers. Of this total, staff estimates that on an annual basis approximately 90 percent are established sellers and the remaining 10 percent are new entrants (i.e., 2,745 existing business opportunity sellers plus 305 new entrants). In addition, staff estimates that approximately 61 business opportunity sellers market business opportunities in Spanish (in addition to English) and another 61 sellers market business opportunities in languages other than English or Spanish (in addition to English).

#### A. Estimated Hours Burden

Compliance burdens will vary depending on a business opportunity seller's prior experience with the Rule. Appendices A and B to the Rule provide models of the required disclosure documents in both English and Spanish, reducing the potential burden that sellers may incur to provide the required disclosures. FTC staff estimates that 2,745 existing business opportunity sellers will require approximately two hours to update their disclosure documents annually. This yields a total annual burden of 5,490 hours for established sellers. FTC staff also projects that 305 new business opportunity sellers will require approximately five hours to develop their initial disclosure documents. This yields a total annual burden of approximately 1,525 hours. In addition, FTC staff estimates that all business opportunity sellers will require approximately one hour to file and store required records for a total of 3,050 hours. This yields a cumulative total of 10,065 hours.

#### B. Estimated Labor Cost

FTC staff determines estimated labor costs by applying applicable wage rates to the burden hours discussed above. FTC staff assumes that an attorney likely would prepare or update required disclosure documents at an approximate hourly rate of \$78.74.2 Accordingly, FTC staff estimates that cumulative labor costs are \$792,518 (10,065 hours  $\times$  \$78.74 per hour).

#### C. Estimated Non-Labor Costs

# 1. Printing and Mailing of the Disclosure Document

Business opportunity sellers may also incur costs to print and distribute the single-page disclosure document, plus any attachments. These costs vary based upon the length of the attachments and the number of copies produced to meet the expected demand. Commission staff estimates that 3,050 business opportunity sellers will print and mail approximately 1,000 disclosure

documents per year at a cost of \$1.10 per document, for a total cost of \$3,355,000. Conceivably, many business opportunity sellers will elect to furnish disclosures electronically; thus, the total cost could be much less.

#### 2. Translating the Required Disclosures Into a Language Other Than English

The costs associated with translating the disclosures will vary depending upon a business opportunity seller's prior experience and the language the seller uses to market business opportunities. Because Appendices A and B to the Rule provide illustrations of the required disclosure documents in both English and Spanish, business opportunity sellers marketing in Spanish will not incur costs to translate their disclosure documents. Existing sellers who market business opportunities in either Spanish or another non-English language may incur translation costs to update their disclosures over time. New entrants that market business opportunities in languages other than English or Spanish will incur costs to translate Appendix A into other languages.

Informed by Census data, FTC staff estimates that 61 sellers market business opportunities in Spanish and an additional 61 sellers market business opportunities in languages other than English or Spanish. This includes an estimated 6 new entrants annually that market business opportunities in Spanish and 6 new entrants that market business opportunities in languages other than English or Spanish.

FTC staff estimates that approximately 122 business opportunity sellers are marketing business opportunities in languages other than English. FTC staff estimates these sellers will require on average approximately 250 words (about one standard, double-spaced page) to update and create initial disclosures. Therefore, FTC staff estimates the total cost to translate sellers' disclosures is approximately \$5,490 [122 sellers  $\times$  (18 cents per word  $^3 \times 250$  words)].

In addition, staff estimates that new entrant business opportunity sellers marketing in languages other than English or Spanish will incur burden to translate the required disclosures. There are 485 words in Appendix A to the Rule. Therefore, FTC staff estimates that the average annual cost burden for new business opportunity sellers to translate the required disclosures into a language

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>FTC staff bases these estimates on census data. See American Community Survey, Household Language Table K201601 (2021), at https://data.census.gov/table?q=K201601:+ HOUSEHOLD+LANGUAGE&tid=ACSSE2021. K201601. The census data indicates that approximately 2 percent of U.S. households speak Spanish and are classified as limited Englishspeaking households. In addition, the data indicates

that approximately 2 percent of the United States population speaks a language other than Spanish or English at home and are classified as limited English-speaking households. FTC staff estimates that approximately 2 percent of all entities selling business opportunities market in Spanish and 2 percent of all such entities market in languages other than English or Spanish.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This figure is derived from the mean hourly wage for Lawyers. See "Occupational Employment and Wages—May 2022," Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Table 1 ("National employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey by occupation, May 2022"), available at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.t01.htm">https://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.t01.htm</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> FTC staff estimates that this represents the current market rate per word to translate the disclosure documents into the language the sellers use to market business opportunities.

other than English or Spanish will be approximately 524 [6 sellers  $\times$  (18 cents per word  $\times$  485 words)].

Thus, cumulative estimated non-labor costs are \$3,361,014 (\$3,355,000 + \$5,490 + \$524).

#### **Request for Comment**

Pursuant to section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, the FTC invites comments on: (1) whether the disclosure and recordkeeping requirements are necessary, including whether the information will be practically useful; (2) the accuracy of our burden estimates, including whether the methodology and assumptions used are valid; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information.

For the FTC to consider a comment, we must receive it on or before October 2, 2023. Your comment, including your name and your state, will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including the https://www.regulations.gov website.

You can file a comment online or on paper. Due to heightened security screening, postal mail addressed to the Commission will be subject to delay. We encourage you to submit your comments online through the https://www.regulations.gov website.

If you file your comment on paper, write "Business Opportunity Rule Paperwork Comment, FTC File No. P114408" on your comment and on the envelope, and mail it to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20024.

Because your comment will become publicly available at https:// www.regulations.gov, you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else's Social Security number; date of birth; driver's license number or other state identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually

identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any "trade secret or any commercial or financial information which . . . is privileged or confidential"—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including, in particular, competitively sensitive information, such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must (1) be filed in paper form, (2) be clearly labeled "Confidential," and (3) comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted publicly at www.regulations.gov, we cannot redact or remove your comment unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before October 2, 2023. For information on the Commission's privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see <a href="https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy">https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy</a>.

#### Josephine Liu,

Assistant General Counsel for Legal Counsel. [FR Doc. 2023–16454 Filed 8–1–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

# GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[Notice-MRB-2023-04; Docket No. GAPFAC-2022-0001; Sequence No. 3]

GSA Acquisition Policy Federal Advisory Committee; Notification of Upcoming Web-Based Public Subcommittee Meetings—Update

**AGENCY:** Office of Government-wide Policy (OGP), General Services Administration (GSA).

**ACTION:** Meeting notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice of these Web-based subcommittee meetings is being provided in accordance with GSA Policy. This notice provides the updated schedule for a series of Web-based meetings for three subcommittees of the **GSA Acquisition Policy Federal** Advisory Committee (GAP FAC): the Acquisition Workforce Subcommittee, the Industry Partnerships Subcommittee, and the Policy and Practice Subcommittee. It is GSA policy that subcommittee meetings are open for the public to observe. Information on attending and providing written public comment is under the SUPPLEMENTARY **INFORMATION** section.

**DATES:** The three Subcommittees will hold recurring Web-based meetings 3:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time (EST) on the following dates:

| Acquisition workforce subcommittee | Industry partnerships subcommittee | Policy and practice subcommittee |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 8/1/23                             | 8/2/23                             | 8/3/23                           |
| 8/29/23                            | 8/30/23                            | 8/31/23                          |
| 9/26/23                            | 9/27/23                            | 9/28/23                          |
| 10/24/23                           | 10/25/23                           | 10/26/23                         |
| 12/12/23                           | 12/13/23                           | 12/14/23                         |
|                                    |                                    |                                  |

**ADDRESSES:** The meetings will be accessible via webcast. Registrants will receive the webcast information before the meeting.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Boris Arratia, Designated Federal
Officer, OGP, 703–795–0816, or email:
boris.arratia@gsa.gov; or Stephanie
Hardison, OGP, 202–258–6823, or
email: stephanie.hardison@gsa.gov.
Additional information about the
subcommittees and the Committee,
including meeting materials and
agendas, will be available on-line at
https://gsa.gov/policy-regulations/
policy/acquisition-policy/gsaacquisition-policy-federal-advisory-

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The previous notice can be found here: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/02/21/2023-03554/gsa-acquisition-policy-federal-advisory-committee-notification-of-upcoming-web-based-public.

#### **Meeting Registration**

committee.

The subcommittee meetings are open to the public and will be accessible by webcast. All public attendees will need to register to obtain the meeting webcast information. Registration information is located on the GAP FAC website: https://www.gsa.gov/policy-regulations/policy/acquisition-policy/gsa-