

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE****Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration**

[05–TX–S]

**Designation for the South Texas Area****AGENCY:** Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration, USDA.**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA) announces designation of Global Grain Inspection Services, Inc. (Global), to provide official services under the United States Grain Standards Act, as amended (Act).

**DATES:** *Effective date:* May 1, 2005.

**ADDRESSES:** USDA, GIPSA, Janet M. Hart, Chief, Review Branch, Compliance Division, STOP 3604, Room 1647–S, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–3604.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Janet M. Hart at 202–720–8525, e-mail [Janet.M.Hart@usda.gov](mailto:Janet.M.Hart@usda.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This action has been reviewed and determined not to be a rule or regulation as defined in Executive Order 12866 and Departmental Regulation 1512–1; therefore, the Executive Order and Departmental Regulation do not apply to this action.

In the December 8, 2004, **Federal Register** (69 FR 70994), GIPSA asked persons interested in providing official services in the South Texas area to submit an application for designation. Applications were due by January 7, 2005.

There were four applicants for the South Texas area: Plainview Grain Inspection and Weighing Service, Inc. (Plainview), and D. R. Schaal Agency, Inc., (Schaal) both currently designated official agencies; a company proposing to do business as Global Grain Inspection Services, Inc., (Global) (as a subsidiary of BSI Inspectorate America Corporation), and Tyrone Martin, Sr., proposing to do business as Gulf South Regional Grain Service, LLC, (Gulf South). Plainview, Schaal, Global, and Gulf South applied for designation to provide official services in the entire area named in the December 8, 2004, **Federal Register**.

GIPSA asked for comments on Plainview, Schaal, Global, and Gulf South in the February 8, 2005, **Federal Register** (70 FR 6612). Comments were due by March 10, 2005. GIPSA received no comments by the closing date.

GIPSA evaluated all available information regarding the designation

criteria in Section 7(f)(1)(A) of the Act and, according to Section 7(f)(1)(B), determined that Global is better able to provide official services in the geographic area specified in the December 8, 2004, **Federal Register**, for which it applied, effective May 1, 2005, and terminating November 30, 2006. Interested persons may obtain official services by calling Global headquarters in Fort Worth, Texas at 817–714–5269.

**Authority:** 7 U.S.C. 71 *et seq.*

**David R. Shipman,**

*Acting Administrator, Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration.*

[FR Doc. 05–7239 Filed 4–8–05; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3410–EN–P**

**BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS****Sunshine Act Meeting**

**DATE AND TIME:** April 13, 2005 1 p.m.–3:30 p.m.

**PLACE:** Radio Free Asia, 2025 M Street, NW., Washington, DC 20236.

**CLOSED MEETING:** The members of the Broadcasting Board of Governors (BBG) will meet in closed session to review and discuss a number of issues relating to U.S. Government-funded non-military international broadcasting. They will address internal procedural, budgetary, and personnel issues, as well as sensitive foreign policy issues relating to potential options in the U.S. international broadcasting field. This meeting is closed because if open it likely would either disclose matters that would be properly classified to be kept secret in the interest of foreign policy under the appropriate executive order (5 U.S.C. 552b.(c)(1)) or would disclose information the premature disclosure of which would be likely to significantly frustrate implementation of a proposed agency action. (5 U.S.C. 552b.(c)(9)(B)) In addition, part of the discussion will relate solely to the internal personnel and organizational issues of the BBG or the International Broadcasting Bureau. (5 U.S.C. 552b.(c)(2) and (6))

**CONTACT FOR FURTHER INFORMATION:**

Persons interested in obtaining more information should contact either Brenda Hardnett or Carol Booker at (202) 203–4545.

Dated: April 5, 2005.

**Carol Booker,**

*Legal Counsel.*

[FR Doc. 05–7287 Filed 4–7–05; 10:36 am]

**BILLING CODE 8230–01–M**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE****Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request**

DOC has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

*Agency:* U.S. Census Bureau.

*Title:* Special Census Program.

*Form Number(s):* SC–1, SC–1SUPP, SC–1 (Phone/WYC), SC–2, SC–116, SC–351, SC–920, SC–921(HU), SC–921(SP).

*Agency Approval Number:* 0607–0368.

*Type of Request:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

*Burden:* 46,377 hours.

*Number of Respondents:* 709,655.

*Avg Hours Per Response:* 4 minutes overall average.

*Needs and Uses:* Governmental units requiring current population statistics between decennial censuses request and pay for special censuses. Many states distribute funds based on current population statistics. In addition, special census data are used by the local jurisdictions to plan new schools, transportation systems, housing programs, and water treatment facilities.

The Special Census Program operates as a generic OMB clearance, including a library of forms and the operational procedures that will be used for the many special censuses we anticipate conducting this decade. The Census Bureau will establish a reimbursable agreement with a variety of potential special census customers that are unknown at this time. We will submit for OMB's review and approval, under cover of change worksheet, any special-purpose questions requested by customers to be added to special census questionnaires.

Local jurisdictions use special census data to apply for available funds from both the state and Federal government. Many states distribute these funds based on current population statistics. This fact, along with local population shifts or annexations of territory, prompts local officials to request special censuses. In addition, special census data are used by the local jurisdictions to plan new schools, transportation systems, housing programs, water treatment facilities, etc. Some areas feel that additional data are required for proper planning and others must have the additional data to qualify for some sources of funding. For these reasons, local officials request special purpose questions. The Census Bureau also uses special census data as part of its local