# **Rules and Regulations**

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### **SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

### 13 CFR Part 121

RIN 3245-AG20

Acquisition Process: Task and Delivery Order Contracts, Bundling, Consolidation

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business

Administration.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) is correcting a final rule that appeared in the Federal Register on October 2, 2013. The rule, which described how supply procurements should be classified, mistakenly attempted to amend a regulation by removing words that did not exist in the particular paragraph. This notice corrects that rule document by removing the instruction.

**DATES:** Effective October 3, 2016.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael McLaughlin, Office of Policy, Planning & Liaison, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 Third Street SW., Washington, DC 20416; 202–205–5353; michael.mclaughlin@sba.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On June 28, 2013, SBA published a rule in the Federal Register at 78 FR 38811 that amended § 121.404(b) by removing "and the date of certification by SBA" and adding in its place "and, where applicable, the date the SBA program office requests a formal size determination in connection with a concern that otherwise appears eligible for program certification." The final rule published on October 2, 2013, (78 FR 61113) intended to amend 13 CFR 121.404(b) by removing "date of certification by SBA" and adding in its place "date the Director of the Division of Program Certification and Eligibility or the Associate Administrator for Business Development requests a formal

size determination in connection with a concern that is otherwise eligible for program certification." However, the amendment could not be implemented because at that point the words to be removed did not exist in § 121.404(b). Therefore, SBA is removing that instruction from the final rule published on October 2, 2013.

In the FR Rule Doc. No. 2016–22064 in the issue of October 2, 2013, beginning on page 61113, make the following correction:

On page 61131, first column, remove amendatory instruction number 4c.

Dated: September 21, 2016.

### A. John Shoraka,

Associate Administrator for Government Contracting and Business Development. [FR Doc. 2016–23478 Filed 9–30–16; 8:45 am]

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## SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

#### 13 CFR Part 123

### RIN 3245-AG78

Disaster Assistance Loan Program; Disaster Loan Mitigation, Contractor Malfeasance and Secured Threshold

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business

Administration. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: On April 6, 2016, the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) published in the Federal Register a proposed rule to amend its disaster loan program regulations in response to changes made to the Small Business Act (the Act) by the Recovery Improvements for Small Entities After Disaster Act of 2015 (the RISE Act). SBA received no comments on its proposed rule; therefore SBA adopts the proposed rule without change. The first change expands the definition of a mitigating measure to include the construction of a safe room or similar storm shelter designed to protect property and occupants. The second change allows for an increase of the unsecured threshold for physical damage loans for non-major disasters. The third change allows SBA to increase loan amounts to address contractor malfeasance. In addition, SBA is making several technical corrections to conform certain regulatory provisions to existing

statutory authority and remove an obsolete reference in part 123.

**DATES:** This rule is effective on October 3, 2016.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Eric Wall, Office of Disaster Assistance, 409 3rd St. SW., Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6739.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### I. Background

Section 7(b) of the Small Business Act, 15 U.S.C. 636(b), authorizes SBA to make direct loans to homeowners, renters, businesses, and non-profit organizations that have been adversely affected by a disaster. After a declared disaster, SBA makes loans of up to \$200,000 to homeowners and renters (plus up to \$40,000 for personal property) and loans of up to \$2 million to businesses of all sizes and non-profit organizations to assist with any uninsured and otherwise uncompensated physical losses sustained during the disaster. In addition to loans for the repair or replacement of damaged physical property, SBA also offers working capital loans, known as Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDLs), to small businesses, small agricultural cooperatives, and most private nonprofit organizations that have suffered economic injury caused by a disaster. The maximum loan amount is \$2 million for physical and economic injuries combined. SBA may waive this \$2 million limit if a business is a major source of employment.

The Recovery Improvements for Small Entities After Disaster Act of 2015, Public Law 114-88, 129 Stat. 686 (November 25, 2015), amended certain terms and conditions of SBA's Disaster Assistance program. SBA published a proposed rule in the Federal Register on April 6, 2016 (81 FR 19934), to address three of those statutory amendments, as set out in sections 1102 (safe rooms), 2102 (three year temporary increase in unsecured loan limits), and 2107 (contractor malfeasance) of the RISE Act, as well as to make several minor technical amendments to the program regulations to ensure consistency between the program's regulatory and statutory authorities. The comment period for the proposed rule ended on June 6, 2016, and SBA received no comments. As discussed below, this final rule implements those statutory