TR-830 Battery Pack shall be charged only by a manufacturer's recommended battery charger, such as:

- (i) 3M Battery Charger Kit TR-641N, which includes one 3M Charger Cradle TR-640 and one 3M Power Supply TR-941N; or
- (ii) 3M 4-Station Battery Charger Kit TR–644N, which includes four 3M Charger Cradles TR–640 and one 3M 4-Station Battery Charger Base/Power Supply TR–944N.
- (3) The CleanSpace EX internal battery, which is contained within the power unit assembly, shall be charged in areas located outby the last open crosscut in intake air and only the manufacturer's recommended battery chargers shall be used, such as the CleanSpace EX Battery Charger, Product Code PAF-0066.
- (4) Neither the 3M TR-830 Battery Pack nor the CleanSpace EX power unit which contains the internal battery, shall be exposed to water, allowed to get wet or immersed in liquid. This does not preclude incidental exposure of the 3M TR-830 Battery Pack or the CleanSpace EX power unit assembly.
- (5) Neither the 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPR nor the CleanSpace EX PAPR, including the internal battery, shall be used, charged or stored in locations where the manufacturer's recommended temperature limits are exceeded. Neither the 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPR nor the CleanSpace EX PAPR shall be placed in direct sunlight or stored near a source of heat.
- (j) Annual retraining shall be given to all miners who will be involved with or affected by the use of the 3M Versaflo TR–800 or CleanSpace EX PAPRs in accordance with 30 CFR 48.8. Training of new miners on the requirements of the PDO granted by MSHA in accordance with 30 CFR 48.5, and training of experienced miners on the requirements of the PDO granted by MSHA in accordance with 30 CFR 48.6 shall be given. The operator shall keep a record of such training and provide such record to MSHA upon request.
- (k) The miners at Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC, North Eagle Mine are not represented by a labor organization and there are no representatives of miners at the mine. A copy of this petition has been posted on the bulletin board at Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC, North Eagle Mine, on November 5, 2024.

The petitioner asserts that the alternative method in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the

same measure of protection afforded to the miners by the standard.

Song-ae Aromie Noe,

 $\label{lem:condition} \textit{Director, Office of Standards, Regulations,} \\ \textit{and Variances.}$

[FR Doc. 2024–28419 Filed 12–4–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4520–43–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

Petition for Modification of Application of Existing Mandatory Safety Standards

AGENCY: Mine Safety and Health Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice is a summary of a petition for modification submitted to the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) by Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC.

DATES: All comments on the petition must be received by MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances on or before January 6, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by Docket No. MSHA-2024-0093 by any of the following methods:

- 1. Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments for MSHA-2024-0093.
 - 2. Fax: 202-693-9441.
 - 3. Email: petitioncomments@dol.gov
- 4. Regular Mail or Hand Delivery: MSHA, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 201 12th Street South, Suite 4E401, Arlington, Virginia 22202–5452.

Attention: S. Aromie Noe, Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances. Persons delivering documents are required to check in at the receptionist's desk, 4th Floor West. Individuals may inspect copies of the petition and comments during normal business hours at the address listed above. Before visiting MSHA in person, call 202–693–9455 to make an appointment.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: S.

Aromie Noe, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances at 202–693– 9440 (voice), *Petitionsformodification*@ *dol.gov* (email), or 202–693–9441 (fax). [These are not toll-free numbers.]

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 and title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 44 govern the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for modification.

I. Background

Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (Mine Act) allows the mine operator or representative of miners to file a petition to modify the application of any mandatory safety standard to a coal or other mine if the Secretary of Labor determines that:

- 1. An alternative method of achieving the result of such standard exists which will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded the miners of such mine by such standard; or
- 2. The application of such standard to such mine will result in a diminution of safety to the miners in such mine.

In addition, sections 44.10 and 44.11 of 30 CFR establish the requirements for filing petitions for modification.

II. Petition for Modification

Docket Number: M-2024-067-C. Petitioner: Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC, P.O. Box 189, Comfort, WV 25049. Mine: Winchester Peerless Rachel Mine, MSHA ID No. 46-09258, located in Boone County, West Virginia.

Regulation Affected: 30 CFR 75.507–1(a), Permissible electric equipment.

Modification Request: The petitioner requests a modification of 30 CFR 75.507–1(a) to allow the use of unapproved Powered Air Purifying Respirators (PAPRs) taken into or used inby the last open crosscut or used in the return air outby the last open crosscut. Specifically, the petitioner is requesting to utilize the CleanSpace EX PAPR and sealed motor/blower/battery power pack assembly, and the 3M Versaflo TR–800 Intrinsically Safe PAPR motor/blower and battery with battery pack.

The petitioner states that:

- (a) The 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPR with motor/blower and battery qualifies as intrinsically safe.
- (b) The CleanSpace EX PAPR also qualifies as intrinsically safe.
- (c) Both the CleanSpace EX and the 3M Versaflo TR–800 PAPRs provide a constant flow of air inside the mask or helmet. This airflow provides respiratory protection and comfort in hot working conditions.
- (d) Neither the 3M Versaflo TR–800 nor the CleanSpace EX PAPR is MSHA-approved as permissible.

(e) Neither the 3M nor the CleanSpace is pursuing MSHA approval.

(f) The Winchester Peerless Rachel Mine currently makes available to all miners NIOSH-approved high efficiency 100 series respirators to protect the miners against potential exposure to respirable coal mine dust, including crystalline silica, during normal mining conditions. The Winchester Peerless Rachel Mine desires to expand the miners' option in choosing a respirator that provides the greatest degree of protection as well as comfort while being worn. Powered PAPRs provide a constant flow of filtered air and serve that purpose.

- (g) On June 17, 2024, MSHA's final rule Lowering Miners' Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica and Improving Respiratory Protection took effect. The rule requires the mine operator to have a written respiratory protection program in place when miners are required to use respirators. Adding the CleanSpace EX and the 3M TR-800 Versaflo PAPRs to the respiratory protection program as additional options will provide the miners with alternatives to the series 100 high efficiency respirators already in use at the mine. The PAPRs will also serve as a respirator option to protect the miners with facial hair who may not be able to pass the "fit test" requirement of the program. In addition, the positive flow of filtered air provided by the PAPRs will provide a solution for the miners who are unable to wear a tightfitting respirator.
- (h) Since the 3M Airstream Headgear-Mounted PAPR System has been discontinued by the manufacturer, there are no other MSHA-approved units available that can be taken into or used inby the last open crosscut or used in return air outby the last open crosscut.
- (i) The alternative method in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded to the miners by the standard.

The petitioner proposes the following alternative method:

- (a) All miners who will be involved with or affected by the use of the 3M Versaflo TR-800 or CleanSpace EX PAPRs shall receive training in accordance with 30 CFR 48.7 on the requirements of the Proposed Decision and Order (PDO) granted by MSHA and manufacturer guidelines. Such training shall be completed before any 3M Versaflo TR-800 or CleanSpace EX PAPR can be used inby the last open crosscut or in the return air outby the last open crosscut. The operator shall keep a record of such training and provide such record to MSHA upon request.
- (b) The PAPRs, battery packs, and all associated wiring and connections shall be inspected before use to determine if there is any damage to the units that would negatively impact intrinsic safety. If any defects are found, the PAPR shall be removed from service.

(c) A separate logbook shall be maintained for the 3M Versaflo TR–800 and CleanSpace EX PAPRs that will be kept with the equipment, or in a location with other mine record books and shall be made available to MSHA upon request. The equipment shall be examined at least weekly by a qualified person as defined in 30 CFR 75.512–1 and the examination results recorded in the logbook. Examination records shall be maintained for one year.

- (d) All 3M Versaflo ŤR–800 and CleanSpace EX PAPRs to be used inby the last open crosscut or in the return air outby the last open crosscut shall be physically examined prior to initial use and each unit shall be assigned a unique identification number. Each unit shall be examined by the person to operate the equipment prior to taking the equipment underground to ensure the equipment is used according to the original equipment manufacturer's recommendations and maintained in a safe operating condition. The examinations for the 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPRs shall include:
- (1) Check the equipment for any physical damage and the integrity of the case.
- (2) Remove the battery and inspect for corrosion.
- (3) Inspect the contact points to ensure a secure connection to the battery.
- (4) Reinsert the battery and power up and shut down to ensure proper connections.
- (5) Check the battery compartment cover or battery attachment to ensure that it is securely fastened.
- (6) For equipment utilizing lithium type cells, ensure that lithium cells and/or packs are not damaged or swelled in size.

The CleanSpace EX PAPR does not have an accessible/removable battery. The internal battery and motor/blower assembly are both contained within the "power unit" assembly and the battery cannot be removed, reinserted or fastened. Therefore, examination of the CleanSpace EX PAPR shall include any indications of physical damage.

(e) All 3M Versaflo TR–800 and CleanSpace EX PAPR units shall be serviced according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

- (f) Prior to energizing and during use of the 3M Versaflo TR-800 or the CleanSpace EX PAPR inby the last open crosscut or in the return air outby the last open crosscut, procedures in accordance with 30 CFR 75.323 shall be followed.
- (g) Only the 3M TR–830 Battery Pack, which meets lithium battery safety standard UL 1642 or IEC 62133, in the

3M Versaflo TR–800 PAPR shall be used. Only the CleanSpace EX Power Unit, which meets lithium battery safety standard UL 1642 or IEC 62133, in the CleanSpace EX shall be used.

(h) If battery packs for the 3M Versaflo TR–800 PAPR are provided, all battery "change outs" shall occur in intake air

outby the last open crosscut.

(i) The following maintenance and use conditions shall apply to equipment containing lithium type batteries:

(1) Neither the 3M TR-830 Battery Pack nor the CleanSpace EX Power Unit shall be disassembled or modified by anyone other than permitted by the manufacturer of the equipment.

(2) The 3M TR-830 Battery Pack shall be charged only in an area free of combustible material and in intake air outby the last open crosscut. The 3M TR-830 Battery Pack shall be charged only by a manufacturer's recommended battery charger, such as:

(i) 3M Battery Charger Kit TR-641N, which includes one 3M Charger Cradle TR-640 and one 3M Power Supply TR-

941N; or

(ii) 3M 4-Station Battery Charger Kit TR–644N, which includes four 3M Charger Cradles TR–640 and one 3M 4-Station Battery Charger Base/Power

Supply TR-944N.

- (3) The CleanSpace EX internal battery, which is contained within the power unit assembly, shall be charged in areas located outby the last open crosscut in intake air and only the manufacturer's recommended battery chargers shall be used, such as the CleanSpace EX Battery Charger, Product Code PAF-0066.
- (4) Neither the 3M TR-830 Battery Pack nor the CleanSpace EX power unit which contains the internal battery, shall be exposed to water, allowed to get wet or immersed in liquid. This does not preclude incidental exposure of the 3M TR-830 Battery Pack or the CleanSpace EX power unit assembly.
- (5) Neither the 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPR nor the CleanSpace EX PAPR, including the internal battery, shall be used, charged or stored in locations where the manufacturer's recommended temperature limits are exceeded. Neither the 3M Versaflo TR-800 PAPR nor the CleanSpace EX PAPR shall be placed in direct sunlight or stored near a source of heat.
- (j) Annual retraining shall be given to all miners who will be involved with or affected by the use of the 3M Versaflo TR–800 or CleanSpace EX PAPRs in accordance with 30 CFR 48.8. Training of new miners on the requirements of the PDO granted by MSHA in accordance with 30 CFR 48.5, and training of experienced miners on the

requirements of the PDO granted by MSHA in accordance with 30 CFR 48.6 shall be given. The operator shall keep a record of such training and provide such record to MSHA upon request.

(k) The miners at Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC, Winchester Peerless Rachel Mine are not represented by a labor organization and there are no representatives of miners at the mine. A copy of this petition has been posted on the bulletin board at Kanawha Eagle Mining, LLC, Winchester Peerless Rachel Mine, on November 5, 2024.

The petitioner asserts that the alternative method in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded to the miners by the standard.

Song-ae Aromie Noe,

Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances.

[FR Doc. 2024–28421 Filed 12–4–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4520-43-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

Petition for Modification of Application of Existing Mandatory Safety Standard

AGENCY: Mine Safety and Health Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice is a summary of a petition for modification submitted to the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) by South32 Hermosa Inc.

DATES: All comments on the petition must be received by MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances on or before January 6, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by Docket No. MSHA-2024-0088 by any of the following methods:

- 1. Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments for MSHA-2024-0088.
 - 2. Fax: 202-693-9441.
 - 3. Email: petitioncomments@dol.gov.
- 4. Regular Mail or Hand Delivery: MSHA, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 201 12th Street South, 4th Floor West, Arlington, Virginia 22202–5452.

Attention: S. Aromie Noe, Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances. Persons delivering documents are required to check in at the receptionist's desk, 4th Floor West. Individuals may inspect copies of the petition and comments during normal business hours at the address listed above. Before visiting MSHA in person,

call 202–693–9455 to make an appointment.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: S.

Aromie Noe, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances at 202–693– 9440 (voice), *Petitionsformodification@* dol.gov (email), or 202–693–9441 (fax). [These are not toll-free numbers.]

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 and title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 44 govern the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for modification.

I. Background

Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (Mine Act) allows the mine operator or representative of miners to file a petition to modify the application of any mandatory safety standard to a coal or other mine if the Secretary of Labor determines that:

- 1. An alternative method of achieving the result of such standard exists which will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded the miners of such mine by such standard; or
- 2. The application of such standard to such mine will result in a diminution of safety to the miners in such mine.

In addition, sections 44.10 and 44.11 of 30 CFR establish the requirements for filing petitions for modification.

II. Petition for Modification

Docket Number: M-2024-003-M. Petitioner: South32 Hermosa, Inc., 749 Harshaw Rd., Patagonia, AZ 85624.

Mine: Hermosa Mine, MSHA ID No. 02–03398, located in Santa Cruz County, Arizona.

Regulation Affected: 30 CFR 57.11052(d) (Refuge areas).

Modification Request: The petitioner is seeking a modification for 30 CFR 57.11052(d), Refuge areas. Specifically, the petitioner is seeking the use of compressed air in lieu of compressed airlines and bottled water in lieu of waterlines.

The petitioner states that:

(a) South32 Hermosa Inc. (Mine ID No. 02–03398) is a green field project located in Santa Cruz County, Arizona. The mine will be an underground open stoping mining method, and the ore zones will be accessed through both a surface decline and a 25 feet diameter vertical shaft. The mine plans to operate 24 hours per day, 7 days per week with plans to employ between 400 and 500 miners across 4 rotations working on 4-to 10-person crews. The mine is located approximately 10 miles southeast of Patagonia, Arizona.

- (b) South32 Hermosa Inc. requests approval to use portable MineARC Refuge Chambers with occupancies of 4, 8, 12, 16 and 20 miners. As the MineARC Refuge Chamber is equipped with a minimum of 72-hours of onboard breathable air supply and 2.25 quarts of water per person per day as required by 30 CFR 75.1507(d)(1), South32 Hermosa Inc. seeks relief from having to provide an external compressed air and waterline as required by 30 CFR 57.11052(d).
- (c) In support of the Petition, South32 Hermosa Inc. ensures that the proposed alternative is as safe as 30 CFR 57.11052(d) by the following means:
- (1) The reliability of the refuge is enhanced by making it self-contained as the source of water and air would not be dependent on the installation of external airlines or waterlines that would be susceptible to rock fall, fire, or mechanical damage in an emergency.

(2) Waterlines in the mine would not be potable and therefore not drinkable. Supplying onboard water ensures refuge occupants do not succumb to dehydration.

(3) The compressor feeding the compressed air lines shall be located on the surface, which is more than 2,500 vertical feet to the refuge. Over this distance there is substantial pressure loss making it difficult to provide 12.5 cubic feet per minute (cfm) of breathable air for each person as required by 30 CFR 7.506(c). Supplying onboard breathable air for a minimum of 72 hours guarantees oxygen and carbon dioxide levels remain within requisite limits respectively.

(4) The portable refuge chambers are designed to be moved regularly to be as close as possible to the miners' work locations. This ensures that miners have quicker access to a refuge chamber in the event of an emergency.

(5) Internal/external gas monitoring ensures occupants can maintain breathable air inside of the refuge and monitor the conditions outside in case of a need to exit the refuge.

(6) A split-system air conditioning system ensures that the internal apparent temperature remains below 95 °F regardless of the mine temperature.

(7) An airlock significantly reduces the risk of carbon monoxide entering the refuge and ensures mine rescue crews do not need to barricade into a potentially unknown atmosphere.

(8) A carbon monoxide scrubbing system removes any carbon monoxide brought inside during the entry process from the occupants.

(9) Permitting the use of compressed oxygen and carbon dioxide scrubbing