

comment—including your PII—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your PII from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: The mission of the USGS is to serve the Nation by providing reliable scientific information to describe and understand the Earth; minimize loss of life and property from natural disasters (e.g., 42 U.S.C. 5121; 5132 Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Section 202(a)); manage water, biological, energy, and mineral resources (e.g., 42 U.S.C. 300(f); 42 U.S.C. 2021(b); 42 U.S.C. 4321); and enhance and protect our quality of life (e.g., 42 U.S.C. 7701; USGS, SM 120.1.2). Regarding hazard events, the USGS provides information needed by its customers before, during, and after hazard events to minimize the loss of life and property. Hazards include, but are not limited to, earthquakes (42 U.S.C. 7701), volcanoes (43 U.S.C. 31k), landslides (43 U.S.C. 49 3102; Pub. L. 116–323; H.R. 8810), geomagnetic (solar) storms, floods, drought, coastal erosion, tsunamis, wildland fire, wildlife disease, and other biological and chemical threats (USGS, SM 120.1.3.A).

Part of the USGS's function is to communicate with emergency managers, public safety officials, and others during hazard events and to conduct post-crisis analysis (USGS, SM 120.1.3.A.6–7). With this in mind, the USGS proposes to conduct a number of data collection efforts within the topic areas of hazards preparedness, response, and recovery studies, and community resilience and sustainability. These efforts include studies of specific disaster events (e.g., wildfire, hurricane, earthquake, volcano, landslide, tsunami, geomagnetic (i.e., space weather), and flood); assessments of the effectiveness of USGS science to meet the needs of emergency managers, public safety officials, and others; and evaluations of the usability and utility of USGS natural hazard-related guidance or other products.

These data collection efforts may be either qualitative or quantitative in nature or may consist of mixed methods. Additionally, data may be collected via a variety of means, including but not limited to electronic or social media, direct or indirect observation (i.e., in person video and audio collections), interviews, questionnaires, and focus groups. The USGS will limit its inquiries to data collections that solicit strictly voluntary opinions or responses. The data collected will be used to decrease negative impacts of hazard events on

society, improve the flow of actionable information to emergency managers and public safety officers, and, in turn, increase community resilience within the United States. Steps will be taken to protect confidentiality of respondents in each activity covered by this request.

The USGS will utilize this information collection to conduct research in support of topic areas of natural hazard-related disaster studies and community resilience. This type of research is directly related to a range of hazards that are unpredictable in their number and scale during a given year. Additionally, some hazard events may require multiple studies resulting in multiple collections. Therefore, in light of the uncertainties regarding the frequency and extent of severe hazard events, the USGS is requesting the ICR annual response allotment be set at 4,500 responses and the ICR annual hours allotment at 2,000 hours.

The USGS will collect this information by electronic means, when possible, as well as by mail, fax, telephone, technical discussions, and in-person interviews. The USGS may also utilize observational techniques to collect this information.

Title of Collection: Generic Clearance for Hazard Event-Related Data Collection.

OMB Control Number: 1028–NEW.

Form Number: None.

Type of Review: New.

Respondents/Affected Public:

Individuals or households; emergency managers; first responders; weather forecasters; members of the media; water, power, transportation, and communications infrastructure operators; businesses or other for-profit organizations; not-for-profit institutions; State, local or Tribal government; Federal government; standards-making bodies; universities.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents: 2,500.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 4,500 (2,500 15-minute surveys with the original respondent pool of 2,500; 1,500 15-minute follow-up surveys with the original respondent pool of 2,500; 500 2-hour follow-up interviews with the original respondent pool of 2,500).

Estimated Completion Time per Response: Varied, dependent upon the data collection method used. The possible response time to complete a questionnaire may be 15 minutes or 2 hours to participate in an interview.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 2,000 Hours.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Frequency of Collection: The vast majority will be one-time data

collection. It is possible that follow-up data collection (pre-/post-conditions) could occur if data are collected from respondents who are impacted by more than one hazard-related incident or a prolonged incident, but we expect this to be very rare.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, nor is a person required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the PRA of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

James D. Applegate,

Acting Associate Director for Natural Hazards.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0040362; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: Gunn Memorial Library and Museum, Washington, CT

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Gunn Memorial Library and Museum intends to repatriate certain cultural items that meet the definition of objects of cultural patrimony and that have a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice may occur on or after July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Send additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to Corinne Tabolt, Collections Manager, Gunn Memorial Library and Museum, 5 Wykeham Road, Washington, CT 06793, email ctabolt@gunnlibrary.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Gunn Memorial Library and Museum and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The

National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of four cultural items have been requested for repatriation. The four objects of cultural patrimony are baskets, fire sticks, and a comb. Items are from the Northwestern coast/Washington region which were collected then given to Senator Orville H. Platt and his wife over the course of twenty years while he was a member of the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs from 1879–1905. Platt's wife, Jeannie, then donated the items to the Museum in 1908, as the first curator. The items were then given on permanent loan to the Institute of American Indian Studies in 1981. The Museum records indicate no known hazardous substances.

Determinations

The Gunn Memorial Library and Museum has determined that:

- The four objects of cultural patrimony described in this notice have ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Native American group, including any constituent sub-group (such as a band, clan, lineage, ceremonial society, or other subdivision), according to the Native American traditional knowledge of an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- There is a connection between the cultural items described in this notice and the Snoqualmie Indian Tribe.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after July 17, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Gunn Memorial Library and Museum must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Gunn Memorial Library and Museum is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in

this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: June 6, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0040399; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Duke University, Durham, NC

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), Duke University has completed an inventory of human remains and has determined that there is no lineal descendant and no Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

DATES: Upon request, repatriation of the human remains in this notice may occur on or after July 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains in this notice to Dr. Steven Churchill, Department of Evolutionary Anthropology, Box 90383, Duke University, Durham, NC 27708, email churchy@duke.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of Duke University, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing one individual have been identified. No associated funerary objects are present. During inventory and curation work with human skeletal material used in anatomical teaching, members of the faculty of Duke University's Department of Evolutionary Anthropology became aware of a skull, potentially representing a Native American, stored in a cabinet in the laboratory of one of

our faculty. Investigation revealed that the skull has been in the department since at least 1973, and that the details of its acquisition fall beyond the institutional memory of our most senior faculty. No other information about provenience or provenance is available. Features of the face and cranial vault, as well as the surface characteristics of the bone, strongly suggest that the individual represents a prehistoric Native American. No known hazardous substances have been applied to the bone.

Consultation

Invitations to consult were sent to the Catawba Indian Nation; Cherokee Nation; Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Monacan Indian Nation; Nansemond Indian Nation; The Muscogee (Creek) Nation; and the Tuscarora Nation. The Catawba Indian Nation; Cherokee Nation; Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; Monacan Indian Nation, and The Muscogee (Creek) Nation responded to the invitation to consult; with the exception of the Monacan Indian Nation (who deferred to the other Tribes), all of these Tribes participated in the consultation.

Cultural Affiliation

The following types of information about the cultural affiliation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice are available: anthropological. The information, including the results of consultation, identified:

1. No earlier group connected to the human remains.
2. No Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization connected to the human remains.
3. No relationship of shared group identity between the earlier group and the Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization that can be reasonably traced through time.

Determinations

Duke University has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- No known lineal descendant who can trace ancestry to the human remains in this notice has been identified.
- No Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation to the human remains in this notice has been clearly or reasonably identified.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative