

OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

1,000.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 50.

Number: 2

Title: BIFAD Event Registration Form.
 OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

1,000.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 80.

Number: 3

Title: BIFAD Post-Event Feedback
 Survey.

OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

500.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 40 hours.

Number: 4

Title: BIFAD New Member
 Orientation Survey.

OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

14.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 2.1.

Number: 5

Title: BIFAD Speaker Information
 Form.

OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

30.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 4.5.

Number: 6

Title: BIFAD Product Feedback Form.
 OMB Number: Not yet known.
 Expiration Date: Not yet known.
 Type of Request: New collection.
 Form Number: Not yet known.
 Affected Public: Individuals.
 Estimated Number of Respondents:

500.

Estimated Total Annual Burden
 Hours: 25.

IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of USAID, including whether the information collected has practical utility; (2) the accuracy of USAID's estimate of the burden (including both hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection. The comments will also become a matter of public record.

Michael V. Michener,

*Deputy Assistant to the Administrator,
 Bureau for Resilience and Food Security, U.S.
 Agency for International Development.*

[FR Doc. 2022–11392 Filed 5–26–22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

[Docket No. APHIS–2022–0027]

Antimicrobial Resistance and One Health; Virtual Public Meeting

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health
 Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Agriculture will be holding a public meeting to share what the Department has learned in furthering scientific knowledge on antimicrobial resistance (AMR) in the last decade with a look to the future. The meeting will be open to the public via Zoom and teleconference. A preregistered public comment session will be held during the meeting. Written comments, specifically highlighting what has been learned and challenges for furthering science on AMR across the One Health interfaces of food safety, animal and human health, and the environment are welcome.

DATES: The virtual public meeting will be held via Zoom and teleconference, on August 30, 2022, from 10:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time. The public may submit written comments until September 13, 2022.

ADDRESSES: This will be a virtual meeting. For more information about registration, providing comments, and accessibility for the meeting, see the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Chelsey Shivley, Veterinary Medical Officer, Antimicrobial Resistance Coordinator, VS, APHIS, Strategy & Policy, 2150 Centre Avenue Bldg. B, Fort Collins, CO 80526; (970) 593–8132; email: usdaamrpublicmeeting@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR) Action Plan¹ was developed after a 2012 workshop. The Action Plan informed USDA's commitments in the first National Action Plan for Combating Antibiotic Resistant Bacteria.² Over the last decade, the USDA has learned more about AMR and discovered challenges for furthering antimicrobial stewardship and agricultural science on AMR across the One Health interfaces of food safety, animal and human health, and the environment.

The USDA will be holding a public meeting to share with the public what has been learned and the challenges for furthering antimicrobial stewardship and agricultural science on AMR across the One Health interfaces of food safety, animal and human health, and the environment, including crops and wildlife. The Department is interested in feedback from the public as to what has been learned in the past decade and future planned activities in AMR and One Health. The meeting will be open to the public via Zoom and teleconference. A preregistered public comment session will also be held during the meeting.

Registration: This meeting is open to the public via Zoom and by telephone. For Zoom and teleconference details, you must register at https://www.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN_LFLkbcWuTdqGT0wxBZyuOQ. Registration by August 23, 2022, is required for members of the public who wish to speak during the public comment period. We will ask that comments be limited to 5 minutes. Members of the public will be heard in the order in which they pre-registered.

Public comment: Written comments by attendees or other interested stakeholders will be welcomed for the

¹ <https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/usda-antimicrobial-resistance-action-plan.pdf>.

² https://www.cdc.gov/drugresistance/pdf/national_action_plan_for_combating_antibiotic-resistant_bacteria.pdf.

public record before and up to 2 weeks following the virtual meeting or by close of business Tuesday, September 13, 2022. All written comments must be sent to usdaamrpublicmeeting@usda.gov. Please refer to Docket No. APHIS-2022-0027 when submitting your comments.

Accessibility: If you require special accommodations, such as a sign language interpreter, please contact usdaamrpublicmeeting@usda.gov.

Done in Washington, DC, this 24th day of May 2022.

Anthony Shea,

Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 2022-11462 Filed 5-26-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-34-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Farm Service Agency

[Docket ID FSA-2022-0006]

Notice of Funds Availability (NOFA) for the Commodity Container Assistance Program

AGENCY: Farm Service Agency, Department of Agriculture (USDA).

ACTION: Notification of funds availability.

SUMMARY: The Farm Service Agency (FSA) is announcing the availability of funding for the Commodity Container Assistance Program (CCAP) in response to temporary market disruptions that have created logistical challenges associated with all aspects of the availability and flow of containers to transport agricultural commodities and products made from those commodities (collectively referred to as “agricultural commodities”), and are preventing or delaying American-grown agricultural commodities from reaching their markets. CCAP will be focused on increasing intermodal container capacity through partnerships with the Port of Oakland, in Oakland, California, and the Northwest Seaport Alliance (NWSA), a marine cargo operating partnership between the Port of Seattle and the Port of Tacoma in Washington State. Both the Port of Oakland and the ports managed by NWSA have been identified as key gateways for American-grown agricultural commodities, and each have also experienced significant challenges with the flow of containerized agricultural commodities. To assist owners of American-grown agricultural commodities in shipping their commodities from U.S. ports to global markets, CCAP will support improved

use of empty shipping containers, along with the prepositioning and temporary storage of filled shipping containers near export terminals. USDA may pursue additional temporary partnerships with other ports or intermodal facilities as supply chain conditions warrant, if funding is available. In this document, FSA is providing the eligibility requirements, application process, and payment calculations for CCAP.

DATES:

Funding availability: Implementation will begin May 27, 2022.

Applications Due Date: We will accept applications for funding through January 31, 2023.

Comment Due Date: We will consider comments on the information collection request discussed in the Paperwork Reduction Act section that we receive by: July 26, 2022.

ADDRESSES: *Comments:* We invite you to submit comments on the information collection request. You may submit comments using any of the following methods, although FSA prefers that you submit comments electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** Go to <http://www.regulations.gov> and search for Docket ID FSA-2021-0012. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

- **Mail, Hand-Delivery, or Courier:** Director, Price Support Division, FSA, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Stop 0510, Washington, DC 20250-0522. In your comment, specify the docket ID FSA-2022-0006.

All comments received, including those received by mail, will be posted without change and will be publicly available on <http://www.regulations.gov>.

Applications: To apply, send a complete form FSA-862, Commodity Container Assistance Program (CCAP) Application, to the FSA National Office by email to: SM.FPAC.FSA.CCAP@usda.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Danielle L. Cooke; telephone: (202) 720-1919; or by email: danielle.cooke@usda.gov. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication should contact the USDA Target Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice) or (844) 433-2774 (toll-free nationwide).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

As agricultural producers and companies deal with the continued impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, ocean carriers' poor service and refusal to serve customers, including refusing to

provide and ship containers, have exacerbated existing challenges. Specifically, ocean carriers have made fewer shipping containers available for U.S. agricultural commodities, repeatedly changed return dates, and charged unjust fees. These same ocean carriers have short-circuited the pathways typically used to make shipping containers available to be filled with agricultural and other goods, and they have subsequently rushed these containers back to foreign ports empty. These trends have and continue to be seen at several U.S. ports, including but not limited to the Port of Oakland, the Port of Seattle, and the Port of Tacoma, where many ocean carriers have partially or completely suspended their services. Historically, approximately 60 percent of the products marketed through the Port of Oakland were agricultural commodities. Now, because of ocean carriers' disruptive behavior, some American-grown agricultural commodities have faced severe challenges in reaching their markets. Containerized exports of agricultural goods fell by 17 percent from California ports, costing California agriculture an estimated \$2.1 billion May to September 2021,¹ with a more severe decline of 34 percent for the Port of Oakland. Similar challenges exist at the ports managed by the NWSA in Washington, where congestion-induced impacts to vessel schedules have made it difficult for agricultural goods to be loaded on ships at the export terminals. Containerized exports of agricultural commodities from Seattle are down 30 percent during the last 6 months of 2021 while empty shipping containers leaving the Port of Seattle have increased by a similar percentage.

In accordance with 15 U.S.C. 714c, the Secretary is using CCC funds to assist owners of agricultural commodities in shipping domestic agricultural commodities out of the Port of Oakland and NWSA. Funds available to CCC will be used as authorized by section 5(b) of the CCC Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714c(b)). This authority will be used to assist in making available materials and facilities in connection with the marketing of agricultural commodities. It will assist owners of U.S. agricultural commodities with ongoing market disruptions and facilitate the recovery of shipping and other logistical services required to bring domestically produced agricultural commodities to markets.

¹ See <https://giannini.ucop.edu/publications/are-update/issues/2021/25/2/containergeddon-and-california-agriculture/>.