

control data for new records on the list sampling frame. This information is utilized to define the size of operation, define sample populations, and establish eligibility for the Census of Agriculture. New names and addresses of potential farms are obtained on a regular basis from growers association, other government agencies and various outside sources. The goal is to produce for each State a relatively complete, current, and unduplicated list of names for statistical sampling for agricultural operation surveys and the Census of Agriculture. This information is used to develop efficient sample designs, which allows NASS the ability to draw reduced sample sizes from the originally large universe populations.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit; Farms.

Number of Respondents: 255,000.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.

Total Burden Hours: 55,797.

National Agricultural Statistics Service

Title: Custom Work Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0535–0266.

Summary of Collection: The primary objective of the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) is to collect, prepare, and issue state and national estimates of crop and livestock production, prices, and disposition; as well as economic statistics, environmental statistics related to agriculture; and also, to conduct the Census of Agriculture.

The Custom Works program will survey farmers who potentially paid for custom services during a specified reference period to collect information on how much they paid for those services. These services include land tillage, application of fertilizers and chemicals, planting, harvesting, hauling, various livestock tasks, and many more tasks. The program will provide farm operators with estimates of the average prices paid for different custom services in their state and/or local area.

Need and Use of the Information:

Data collected under this docket are for cooperative agreements between the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) and numerous cooperators including, but not limited to: Alabama Department of Agriculture, Georgia Department of Agriculture, Kansas Department of Agriculture, Mississippi Delta Research and Extension Center, Nebraska Department of Agriculture, North Dakota State University, Oklahoma State University, Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, South Carolina Department of Agriculture, and Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade, and

Consumer Protection. The purpose of the survey is to collect custom rates from agricultural workers.

Description of Respondents: Business or other for-profit; Farms.

Number of Respondents: 41,500.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.

Total Burden Hours: 15,027.

National Agricultural Statistics Service

Title: Cooperator Funded Chemical Use Surveys.

OMB Control Number: 0535–NEW.

Summary of Collection: The chemical use data collection activities in this clearance request would be conducted through cooperative agreements with State Departments of Agriculture, land-grant universities, or other organizations with which NASS has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). Previously, these collections were included in the Agricultural Resource Management and Chemical Use Surveys Information Collection Request (OMB Control Number 0535–0218). These cooperator funded chemical use surveys are being separated out to allow flexibility for survey changes and possible new surveys without affecting the surveys funded through USDA's Congressional appropriation. The surveys in the Information Collection Request allow flexibility for the cooperators to best address current trends in the farming industry within States.

Need and Use of the Information: The Field Crop Production Practice and Chemical Use Surveys in this request will be conducted to meet research and publication goals for Extension and State Departments of Agriculture described in question one.

The summarized and published information will be analyzed by the sponsoring cooperators and stakeholders in agriculture. Results will be used to study

—production agriculture as well as
—various programs and policies to determine their impact on agricultural producers and consumers.

Description of Respondents: Businesses or other for-profits and Farms.

Number of Respondents: 24,585.

Frequency of Responses: Reporting: Annually.

Total Burden Hours: 11,882.

Levi Harrell,

Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2022–07781 Filed 4–11–22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Food Safety and Inspection Service

[Docket No. FSIS–2021–0030]

National Advisory Committee on Meat and Poultry Inspection; Committee and Charter Reestablish

AGENCY: Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of the Intent to Reestablish of the U.S. Department of Agriculture National Advisory Committee on Meat and Poultry Inspection and its Charter.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) intends to reestablish the National Advisory Committee on Meat and Poultry Inspection (NACMPI) and its charter. The purpose of the Committee is to provide advice to the Secretary of Agriculture concerning State and Federal programs with respect to meat and poultry inspection, food safety, and other matters that fall within the scope of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (FMIA) and the Poultry Products Inspection Act (PPIA).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Valeria Green, Designated Federal Officer, Director, Resource and Administrative Management Staff, Office of Policy and Program Development, Food Safety and Inspection Service, by telephone at (301)504–0846. Email: valeria.green@usda.gov, regarding specific questions about the Committee. General information about the Committee can also be found at: <https://www.fsis.usda.gov/nacmpi>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) (5 U.S.C. app.), notice is hereby given that the Secretary of Agriculture intends to reestablish the charter and the NACMPI for two years. The Committee provides advice and recommendations to the Secretary on meat and poultry inspection programs, pursuant to sections 7(c), 24, 301(a)(3), and 301(c) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. 607(c), 624, 645, 661(a)(3), and 661(c), and to sections 5(a)(3), 5(c), 8(b), and 11(e) of the Poultry Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. 454(a)(3), 454(c), 457(b), and 460(e).

The following sections of the NACMPI charter have been updated: Objectives and Scope of Activities; Estimated Annual Operating Costs and Staff Years; Membership and Designation; and Subcommittees. A

copy of the charter and other information about the committee can be found at <http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/portal/fsis/topics/regulations/advisory-committees/nacmpi>.

Additional Public Notification

Public awareness of all segments of rulemaking and policy development is important. Consequently, FSIS will announce this **Federal Register** publication online through the FSIS web page located at: <https://www.fsis.usda.gov/federal-register>.

FSIS also will announce and provide a link to it through the FSIS *Constituent Update*, which is used to provide information regarding FSIS policies, procedures, regulations, **Federal Register** notices, FSIS public meetings, and other types of information that could affect or would be of interest to our constituents and stakeholders. The *Constituent Update* is available on the FSIS web page. Through the web page, FSIS is able to provide information to a much broader, more diverse audience. In addition, FSIS offers an email subscription service which provides automatic and customized access to selected food safety news and information. This service is available at <https://www.fsis.usda.gov/subscribe>.

Options range from recalls to export information, regulations, directives, and notices. Customers can add or delete subscriptions themselves and have the option to password protect their accounts.

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Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

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USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

Cikena Reid,

Committee Management Officer, USDA.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-84-2021]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 80—San Antonio, Texas, Authorization of Production Activity; CGT U.S., Ltd. (Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated Upholstery Fabric Cover Stock), New Braunfels, Texas

On December 8, 2021, CGT U.S., Ltd. (CGT) submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within Subzone 80E, in New Braunfels, Texas.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (86 FR 73730, December 28, 2021). On April 7, 2022, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the proposed activity is warranted at this time. The FTZ Board authorized the production activity described in the notification, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.14. The foreign-status material (100% polyester woven weft pile fabric—dyed) may only be admitted in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41).

Dated: April 7, 2022.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

PJSC Aeroflot, 1 Arbat St., 119019, Moscow, Russia; Order Temporarily Denying Export Privileges

Pursuant to Section 766.24 of the Export Administration Regulations, 15 CFR parts 730-774 (2021) ("EAR" or "the Regulations"),¹ the Bureau of Industry and Security ("BIS"), U.S. Department of Commerce, through its Office of Export Enforcement ("OEE"), has requested the issuance of an Order temporarily denying, for a period of 180 days, the export privileges under the Regulations of PJSC Aeroflot ("Aeroflot"). OEE's request and related information indicates that the Russian Federal Government is the majority owner of Aeroflot, through its Federal Agency for State Property Management, and it is headquartered in Moscow, Russia, with numerous international offices facilitating Aeroflot's international flight and business activities.

I. Legal Standard

Pursuant to Section 766.24, BIS may issue an order temporarily denying a respondent's export privileges upon a showing that the order is necessary in the public interest to prevent an "imminent violation" of the Regulations, or any order, license or authorization issued thereunder. 15 CFR 766.24(b)(1) and 766.24(d). "A violation may be 'imminent' either in time or degree of likelihood." 15 CFR 766.24(b)(3). BIS may show "either that a violation is about to occur, or that the

¹ On August 13, 2018, the President signed into law the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, which includes the Export Control Reform Act of 2018, 50 U.S.C. 4801-4852 ("ECRA"). While Section 1766 of ECRA repeals the provisions of the Export Administration Act, 50 U.S.C. app. 2401 *et seq.* ("EAA"), (except for three sections which are inapplicable here), Section 1768 of ECRA provides, in pertinent part, that all orders, rules, regulations, and other forms of administrative action that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.* ("IEEPA"), and were in effect as of ECRA's date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA. Moreover, Section 1761(a)(5) of ECRA authorizes the issuance of temporary denial orders. 50 U.S.C. 4820(a)(5).